

## SENATE BILL No. 106

DIGEST OF SB 106 (Updated January 15, 2004 11:48 am - DI 106)

Citations Affected: Numerous provisions throughout the Indiana code.

**Synopsis:** Technical corrections. Corrects a number of technical problems in the Indiana Code and in noncode provisions.

Effective: July 1, 2003 (retroactive); upon passage; July 1, 2004.

## Kenley

January 6, 2004, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. January 15, 2004, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.

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## Second Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2004)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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## SENATE BILL No. 106

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning technical corrections.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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- SECTION 1. IC 3-6-4.1-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. The commission, by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the commission, may adopt emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 IC 4-22-2.1 to implement a court order requiring the commission, the election division, or an election board or official to administer an election in a manner not authorized by this title.
- SECTION 2. IC 3-7-26-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003, SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The election division shall develop and maintain a statewide voter registration file.
- (b) Subject to section 20 of this chapter, Not later than January 1, 2004, the election division shall maintain the statewide voter registration file so that the file is accessible by the election division and county voter registration offices through a secure connection over the Internet.
- (c) The statewide voter registration file must comply with the

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- SECTION 3. IC 3-7-26-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003, SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) Until a county has the capability to transmit the information over the Internet as required under subsection (b), the information required by section 7 of this chapter shall be provided on magnetic media or other machine readable form to the election division.
- (b) Subject to section 20 of this chapter, Not later than January 1, 2004, a county voter registration office shall transmit the information required by section 7 of this chapter to the election division over the Internet, in a manner and using a method prescribed by the election division, through a secure connection to the statewide voter registration file.
- (c) The commission shall prescribe a format to ensure the standardization and readability of the data provided under subsection (a) or (b).
- SECTION 4. IC 3-8-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.66-2003, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The commission, a county election board, or a town election board shall act if a candidate (or a person acting on behalf of a candidate in accordance with state law) has filed any of the following:
  - (1) A declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-5.
  - (2) A request for ballot placement in a presidential primary under IC 3-8-3.
  - (3) A petition of nomination or candidate's consent to nomination under IC 3-8-6.
  - (4) A certificate of nomination under IC 3-8-5, IC 3-8-7, IC 3-10-2-15, or IC 3-10-6-12.
  - (5) A certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2.
  - (6) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under IC 3-8-2-2.5.
  - (7) A contest to the denial of certification under IC 3-8-6-12.
- (b) The commission has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing described in subsection (a) that was made with the election division. Except for a filing under the jurisdiction of a town election board, a county election board has jurisdiction to act under this section with regard to any filing described in subsection (a) that was made with the county election board, county voter registration office, or the circuit court clerk. A town election board has jurisdiction to act

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1	under this section with regard to any filing that was made with the
2	county election board, the county voter registration office, or the circuit
3	court clerk for nomination or election to a town office.
4	(c) Except as provided in subsection (e), before the commission or
5	election board acts under this section, a registered voter of the election
6	district that a candidate seeks to represent must file a sworn statement
7	with the election division or election board:
8	(1) questioning the eligibility of a candidate to seek the office; and
9	(2) setting forth the facts known to the voter concerning this
10	question.
11	(d) The eligibility of a write-in candidate or a candidate nominated
12	by a convention, petition, or primary may not be challenged under this
13	section if the commission or board determines that all of the following
14	occurred:
15	(1) The eligibility of the candidate was challenged under this
16	section before the candidate was nominated.
17	(2) The commission or board conducted a hearing on the affidavit
18	before the nomination.
19	(3) This challenge would be based on substantially the same
20	grounds as the previous challenge to the candidate.
21	(e) Before the commission or election board can consider a contest
22	to the denial of a certification under IC 3-8-6-12, a candidate (or a
23	person acting on behalf of a candidate in accordance with state law)
24	must file a sworn statement with the election division or election board:
25	(1) stating specifically the basis for the contest; and
26	(2) setting forth the facts known to the candidate supporting the
27	basis for the contest.
28	(f) Upon the filing of a sworn statement under subsection (c) or (e),
29	the commission or election board shall determine the validity of the
30	questioned:
31	(1) declaration of candidacy;
32	(2) declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate;
33	(3) request for ballot placement under IC 3-8-3;
34	(4) petition of nomination;
35	(5) certificate of nomination;
36	(6) certificate of candidate selection issued under IC 3-13-1-15 or
37	IC 3-13-2-8; or
38	(7) denial of a certification under $\frac{1C}{36-8-6-12}$ . IC 3-8-6-12.
39	(g) The commission or election board shall deny a filing if the
40	commission or election board determines that the candidate has not
41	complied with the applicable requirements for the candidate set forth
42	in the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of



1	Indiana, or this title.
2	SECTION 5. IC 3-10-1-31, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003,
3	SECTION 101, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 31. (a) The inspector of each
5	precinct shall deliver the bags required by section 30(a) and 30(c) of
6	this chapter in good condition, together with poll lists, tally sheets, and
7	other forms, to the circuit court clerk when making returns.
8	(b) Except for unused ballots disposed of under IC 3-11-3-31, the
9	circuit court clerk shall carefully preserve the ballots and other material
10	and keep all seals intact for twenty-two (22) months, as required by 42
11	U.S.C. 1974, after which they may be destroyed unless:
12	(1) an order issued under IC 3-12-6-19 or IC 3-12-11-16; or
13	(2) 42 U.S.C. 1973;
14	requires the continued preservation of the ballots or other material.
15	(c) This subsection applies before January 1, 2006. Upon delivery of
16	the poll lists, the the county voter registration office may unseal the
17	envelopes containing the poll lists. For the purposes of:
18	(1) a cancellation of registration conducted under IC 3-7-43
19	through IC 3-7-46;
20	(2) a transfer of registration conducted under IC 3-7-39, IC 3-7-40,
21	or IC 3-7-42;
22	(3) adding the registration of a voter under IC 3-7-48-8; or
23	(4) recording that a voter subject to IC 3-7-33-4.5 submitted the
24	documentation required under 42 U.S.C. 15843 and IC 3-11-8 or
25	IC 3-11-10;
26	the county voter registration office may inspect the poll lists and update
27	the registration record of the county. The county voter registration
28	office shall use the poll lists to update the registration record to include
29	the voter's voter identification number if the voter's voter identification
30	number is not already included in the registration record. Upon
31	completion of the inspection, the poll list shall be resealed and
32	preserved with the ballots and other materials for the time period
33	prescribed by subsection (b).
34	(d) This subsection applies after December 31, 2005. Upon delivery
35	of the poll lists, the county voter registration office may unseal the
36	envelopes containing the poll lists. For purposes of:
37	(1) a cancellation of registration conducted under IC 3-7-43
38	through IC 3-7-46; or
39	(2) a transfer of registration conducted under IC 3-7-39, IC 3-7-40,
40	or IC 3-7-42;
41	the county voter registration office may inspect the poll lists and update

the registration record of the county. The county voter registration



office shall use the poll lists to update the registration record to include the voter's current voter identification number if the voter's voter identification number is not included in the registration record. Upon completion of the inspection, the poll list shall be resealed and preserved with the ballots and other materials for the time period prescribed by subsection (b).

(e) After the expiration of the period described in subsection (b), the ballots may be destroyed in the manner provided by IC 3-11-3-31 or transferred to a state educational institution as provided by IC 3-12-2-12.

SECTION 6. IC 3-11-6.5-3.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.209-2003, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.1. (a) This section applies to money received under Title II, Subtitle D, Part I of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15401 through 15408) and deposited in the account established under section 2 of this chapter for those funds.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), money deposited in the account must be used to comply with the requirements of Title III of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15481 through 15502).
- (c) As authorized under 42 U.S.C. 15401(b), money deposited in the account may be used for other purposes authorized under Section 101 of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15301) if the secretary of state, with the approval of the co-directors of the election division, files the certification required by Section 251(b)(2)(B) of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15401(b)(2)(A)). 15401(b)(2)(B)).
- (d) If the secretary of state makes the certification described in subsection (c), the secretary of state, with the approval of the co-directors of the election division, may transfer amounts that do not in total exceed the amount described in Section 251(b)(2)(B) from the Title II account of the fund to the Section 101 account of the fund.
- (e) In conformity with Section 254(a)(7) of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15404), the state shall maintain expenditures by the state for activities funded by the payment of funds described by this section at a level that is not less than the level of those expenditures maintained by the state for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000.

SECTION 7. IC 3-11-6.5-7.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.209-2003, SECTION 126, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7.1. (a) This section applies to money received under Section 102 of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15302) and deposited in the account established under section 2 of this chapter for those funds.

(b) Money deposited in the account must be used for the purposes set









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- (c) As permitted under 42 U.S.C. 15302, a county may apply to receive reimbursement from the fund.
- (d) To receive reimbursement or voting systems under this section, a county must file an application with the election division in the form required by the election division. The secretary of state, with the consent of the co-directors of the election division, shall review the application and make a recommendation to the budget committee regarding the application. If a county filed an application under section 3 of this chapter (repealed) not later than January 31, 2003, the application may be amended to comply with this chapter or the county may file a new application under this subsection.
- (e) The budget agency, after review by the budget committee, shall approve a county's application for reimbursement if the budget agency determines that the county has purchased a voting system to comply with Section 102 of HAVA and is eligible for reimbursement under this section.
- (f) The budget agency, after review by the budget committee, shall approve a county's application for disbursement of voting systems to the county if the budget agency determines that the county is entitled to receive voting systems under this section to comply with Section 102 of HAVA.
- (g) If a county's application for reimbursement is approved under this section, the secretary of state shall, subject to subsection (j), (h), reimburse the county from the fund in an amount not more than the amount determined by STEP TWO of the following formula:
  - STEP ONE: Determine the number of precincts in the county that used a voting machine voting system or a punch card voting system at the November 7, 2000, general election.
  - STEP TWO: Multiply the number determined in STEP ONE by four thousand dollars (\$4,000).
- (h) Payment of money from the fund under this section is subject to the availability of money in the fund and the requirements of this chapter and HAVA.
- SECTION 8. IC 3-11-6.5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003, SECTION 127, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies to money received under Section 101 of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15301) and deposited in the account established under section 2 of this chapter for those funds.
- (b) Money deposited in the account must be used in accordance with the requirements applicable under Section 101 of HAVA (42 U.S.C.





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2	(c) The money may be used with the approval of the co-directors of
3	the election division for the following purposes:
4	(1) By the secretary of state for any purpose authorized by this title
5	and permitted under 42 U.S.C. 15301.
6	(2) To reimburse counties for the purchase of new voting systems
7	eligible for reimbursement under section 7.1 of this chapter, to the
8	extent that money received and deposited under section 7.1 of this
9	chapter is insufficient to replace all voting machine systems and
10	punch card voting systems in Indiana.
11	(3) To reimburse counties for the upgrade or expansion of existing
12	voting systems to comply with HAVA.
13	(d) As permitted under 42 U.S.C. 15301, a county may apply to
14	receive reimbursement under subsection (c).
15	(e) To receive reimbursement under this section, a county must make
16	an application to the election division in the form required by the
17	election division. If the county filed an application under section 3 of
18	this chapter (repealed) not later than January 31, 2003:
19	(1) the application may be amended to comply with this chapter;
20	or
21	(2) the county may file a new application under this section.
22	The secretary of state with the consent of the co-directors of the
23	election division shall review the application and make a
24	recommendation to the budget committee regarding the application.
25	(f) The budget agency, after review by the budget committee, shall
26	approve a county's application for reimbursement under this section if
27	the budget agency determines that the application complies with the
28	requirements for reimbursement under subsection $(c)(2)$ or $(c)(3)$ .
29	(g) If a county's application is approved under subsection (c)(2), the
30	secretary of state with the consent of the co-directors of the election
31	division shall, subject to subsection (i), pay the county from the fund
32	an amount not more than the amount determined by STEP TWO of the
33	following formula:
34	STEP ONE: Determine the number of precincts in the county that
35	used a voting machine voting system or a punch card voting system
36	at the November 7, 2000, general election that cannot be replaced
37	with funds available under section 7.1 of this chapter.
38	STEP TWO: Multiply the number determined in STEP ONE by
39	four thousand dollars (\$4,000).
40	(h) If a county's application is approved under subsection (c)(3), the
41	secretary of state with the consent of the co-directors of the election

division shall, subject to subsection (i), pay the county from the fund



1	in an amount to be determined by the secretary of state with the consent
2	of the co-directors of the election division.
3	(i) Payment of money from the fund under this section is subject to
4	the availability of money in the fund and the requirements of this
5	chapter and HAVA.
6	SECTION 9. IC 3-11-8-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003,
7	SECTION 130, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) Persons other than:
9	(1) members of a precinct election board;
10	(2) poll clerks and assistant poll clerks;
11	(3) election sheriffs;
12	(4) deputy election commissioners;
13	(5) pollbook holders;
14	(6) watchers; and
15	(7) minor children accompanying voters as provided under
16	IC 3-11-11-8 and IC 3-11-12-29; and
17	(8) an assistant to a precinct election officer appointed under
18	IC 3-6-6-39;
19	are not permitted in the polls during an election except for the purpose
20	of voting.
21	(b) This subsection applies to a simulated election for minors
22	conducted with the authorization of the county election board. An
23	individual participating in the simulated election may be in the polls for
24	the purpose of voting. A person supervising the simulated election may
25	be in the polls to perform the supervision.
26	(c) The inspector of a precinct has authority over all simulated
27	election activities conducted under subsection (b) and shall ensure that
28	the simulated election activities do not interfere with the election
29	conducted in that polling place.
30	SECTION 10. IC 3-11-15-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003,
31	SECTION 163, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
32	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) To be approved by the
33	commission for use in Indiana, a voting system shall meet the following
34	standards:
35	(1) After December 31, 2005, the voting method used in each
36	polling place must include a voting system that is accessible for
37	individuals with disabilities, including nonvisual accessibility for
38	the blind and visually impaired in a manner that provides the same
39	opportunity for access and participation (including privacy and
40	independence) as for other voters. A county complies with the

standards described in this subdivision if each polling place in the

county has at least one (1) voting system equipped for individuals



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1	with disabilities that complies with the standards described in this
2	subdivision.
3	(2) A voting system must meet the Voting System Standards
4	approved by the Federal Election Commission on April 30, 2002.
5	(b) The commission may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to require a
6	voting system to meet standards more recent than standards described
7	in subsection (a)(2). If the commission adopts rules under this
8	subsection, a voting system must meet the standards described in the
9	rules instead of the standards described in subsection (a)(2).
10	(c) This section expires January 1, 2006.
11	SECTION 11. IC 3-11-15-13.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
12	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13.4. (a) This section does not
14	apply to the purchase, lease, or lease-purchase of additional or
15	replacement components of a voting system in use in a county
16	before January 1, 2005.
17	(b) The commission shall determine whether a voting system
18	provides a practical and effective means for voters with disabilities
19	to cast ballots in private.
20	(c) If the commission determines that any voting system meets

the criteria described in subsection (b).

SECTION 12. IC 3-11-15-13.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13.6. (a) This section applies only to a voting system purchased with funds made available under Title II of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15321 through 15472) after December 31, 2006.

the criteria described in subsection (b), a county may not purchase,

lease, or lease-purchase any other voting system that does not meet

(b) As required by 42 U.S.C. 15481, the voting system must comply with the Voting System Standards for disability access referred to in section 13.3 of this chapter and 42 U.S.C. 15481(a)(3) to be used in an election.

SECTION 13. IC 3-12-3-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.263-2003, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) If a ballot card is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating machines, then a remake team composed of one (1) person from each of the major political parties of the county shall have the card prepared for processing so as to record accurately the intention of the voter insofar as it can be ascertained.

(b) If the ballot card voting system is designed to allow the counting



1	and tabulation of votes by the precinct election board, the members of
2	the remake team must be members of the precinct election board in
3	which the ballot was cast.
4	(c) If necessary, a true, duplicate copy shall be made of the damaged
5	ballot card in the presence of witnesses and substituted for the damaged
6	card. Similarly, a duplicate ballot card shall be made of a defective
7	card, not including the uncounted votes.
8	(d) This subsection applies to an absent uniformed services voter

- (d) This subsection applies to an absent uniformed services voter permitted to transmit an absentee ballot by fax under IC 3-11-4-6. To facilitate the transmittal and return of the voter's absentee ballot by fax, the county election board may provide the voter with a paper ballot rather than a ballot card. The paper ballot must conform with the requirements for paper ballots set forth in IC 3-10 and IC 3-11. After the voter returns the ballot by fax, a remake team appointed under this section shall prepare a ballot card for processing that accurately records the intention of the voter as indicated on the paper ballot. The ballot card created under this subsection must be marked and counted as a duplicate ballot under sections 6 through 7 of this chapter.
- (e) If an automatic tabulating machine fails during the counting and tabulation of votes following the close of the polls, the county election board shall immediately arrange for the repair and proper functioning of the system. The county election board may, by unanimous vote of its entire membership, authorize the counting and tabulation of votes for this election on an automatic tabulating machine approved for use in Indiana by the commission:
  - (1) until the repair and retesting of the malfunctioning machine; and
  - (2) whether or not the machine was tested under  $\frac{1C}{3-11-13-26}$ . IC 3-11-13-22.

SECTION 14. IC 4-3-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.195-1999, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The surviving spouse of each individual who:

- (1) serves as governor; and who
- (2) is entitled to a retirement benefit under section 1.1 of this chapter;
- is entitled to an annual pension.
- **(b)** The pension **to which a governor's surviving spouse is entitled under this section** shall be paid in equal monthly installments by the treasurer of state on warrant of the auditor of state after a claim has been made for the pension to the auditor by:
  - (1) the surviving spouse; or









1	(2) a person acting on his behalf of the surviving spouse.
2	(c) The annual pension to which a governor's surviving spouse is
3	entitled under this section is equal to the following:
4	(1) For the surviving spouse of a governor who died before July 1,
5	1998, the greater of:
6	(A) the annual retirement benefit received by the surviving
7	spouse during the year beginning July 1, 1998; or
8	(B) ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
9	(2) For the surviving spouse of a governor who dies after June 30,
10	1998, the greater of:
11	(A) fifty percent (50%) of the annual retirement benefit that the
12	governor to whom the surviving spouse was married was
13	receiving or was entitled to receive on the date of the governor's
14	death; or
15	(B) ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
16	(d) The surviving spouse of each individual who serves as a governor
17	must elect to receive either (1) or (2) above and make the election
18	required under subsection $(c)(1)$ or $(c)(2)$ . Once a surviving spouse
19	has received any pension payment has been received under this
20	section, the election is irrevocable.
21	(e) The A governor's surviving spouse is entitled to receive the
22	pension provided under this section for the remainder of his life
23	unless he the surviving spouse remarries.
24	(f) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the pension
25	provided under this section is in addition to any other retirement
26	benefits a <b>governor's</b> surviving spouse is entitled to receive.
27	SECTION 15. IC 4-22-2-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. Any
29	rulemaking action that this chapter allows or requires an agency to
30	perform, other than final adoption of a rule under section 29 or 37.1 of
31	this chapter or IC 4-22-2.1, may be performed by the individual or
32	group of individuals with the statutory authority to adopt rules for the
33	agency, a member of the agency's staff, or another agent of the agency.
34	Final adoption of a rule under section 29 or 37.1 of this chapter or
35	IC 4-22-2.1, including readoption of a rule that is subject to sections
36	24 through 36 or to section 37.1 of this chapter or to IC 4-22-2.1 and
37	recalled for further consideration under section 40 of this chapter, may
38	be performed only by the individual or group of individuals with the
39	statutory authority to adopt rules for the agency.
40	SECTION 16. IC 4-22-2-38 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 38. (a) This section

applies to a rulemaking action resulting in any of the following rules:



1	(1) A rule that brings another rule into conformity with section 20
2	of this chapter.
3	(2) A rule that amends another rule to replace an inaccurate
4	reference to a statute, rule, regulation, other text, governmental
5	entity, or location with an accurate reference, when the inaccuracy
6	is the result of the rearrangement of a federal or state statute, rule,
7	or regulation under a different citation number, a federal or state
8	transfer of functions from one (1) governmental entity to another,
9	a change in the name of a federal or state governmental entity, or
0	a change in the address of an entity.
1	(3) A rule correcting any other typographical, clerical, or spelling
2	error in another rule.
3	(b) Sections 24 through 37.1 36 of this chapter and IC 4-22-2.1 do
4	not apply to rules described in subsection (a).
.5	(c) Notwithstanding any other statute, an agency may adopt a rule
6	described by subsection (a) without complying with any statutory
7	notice, hearing, adoption, or approval requirement. In addition, the
.8	governor may adopt a rule described in subsection (a) for an agency
9	without the agency's consent or action.
20	(d) A rule described in subsection (a) shall be submitted to the
21	publisher for the assignment of a document control number. The
22	agency (or the governor, for the agency) shall submit the rule in the
23	form required by section 20 of this chapter and with the documents
24	required by section 21 of this chapter. The publisher shall determine
25	the number of copies of the rule and other documents to be submitted
26	under this subsection.
27	(e) After a document control number is assigned, the agency (or the
28	governor, for the agency) shall submit the rule to the secretary of state
29	for filing. The agency (or the governor, for the agency) shall submit the
0	rule in the form required by section 20 of this chapter and with the
1	documents required by section 21 of this chapter. The secretary of state
32	shall determine the number of copies of the rule and other documents
33	to be submitted under this subsection.
34	(f) Subject to section 39 of this chapter, the secretary of state shall:
35	(1) accept the rule for filing; and
66	(2) file stamp and indicate the date and time that it is accepted on
37	every duplicate original copy that is submitted.
8	(g) Subject to subsection (h), a rule described in subsection (a) takes
9	effect on the latest of the following dates:
10	(1) The date that the rule being corrected by a rule adopted under
1	this section becomes effective.

(2) The date that is forty-five (45) days from the date and time that



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1	the rule adopted under this section is accepted for filing under
2	subsection (f).
3	(h) The governor or the attorney general may file an objection to a
4	rule that is adopted under this section before the date that is forty-five
5	(45) days from the date and time that the rule is accepted for filing
6	under subsection (f). When filed with the secretary of state, the
7	objection has the effect of invalidating the rule.
8	SECTION 17. IC 4-22-2-39 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 39. (a) When an
10	agency submits a rule for filing under section 35 37.1, or 38 of this
11	chapter or IC 4-22-2.1, the secretary of state may accept the rule for
12	filing only if the following conditions are met:
13	(1) A sufficient number of duplicate original copies of the rule are
14	submitted to allow the secretary of state to comply with
15	IC 4-22-7-5.
16	(2) Each submitted copy includes a reference to the document
17	control number assigned to the rule by the publisher.
18	(3) Each submitted copy indicates that the agency has conducted
19	its rulemaking action in conformity with all procedures required by
20	law. However, if section 31 of this chapter applies to the rule, the
21	secretary of state shall rely on the approval of the attorney general
22	as the basis for determining that the agency has complied with all
23	procedures required before the date of the approval.
24	(b) If a rule includes a statement that the rule is not effective until:
25	(1) an agency has complied with requirements established by the
26	federal or state government;
27	(2) a specific period of time has elapsed; or
28	(3) a date has occurred;
29	the agency has complied with subsection (a)(3) even if the described
30	event or time has not occurred before the secretary of state reviews the
31	rule under this section.
32	(c) The secretary of state shall take no more than three (3) business
33	days to complete the review of a rule under this section.
34	SECTION 18. IC 4-22-2-40 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 40. (a) At any time
36	before a rule is accepted for filing by the secretary of state under
37	section 35 37.1, or 38 of this chapter or IC 4-22-2.1, the agency that
38	adopted the rule may recall it. A rule may be recalled regardless of

(b) Sections 24 through 38 of this chapter do not apply to a recall

whether it has been disapproved by the attorney general under section 32 of this chapter or disapproved by the governor under section 34 of



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this chapter.

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1	action under this section. However, the agency shall distribute a notice
2	of its recall action to the publisher for publication in the Indiana
3	Register. Sections 24 and 26 of this chapter do not apply to a
4	readoption action under subsection (c).
5	(c) After an agency recalls a rule, the agency may reconsider its
6	adoption action and adopt an identical rule or a revised rule. However,
7	if sections 24 through 36 of this chapter apply to the recalled rule, the
8	readopted rule must comply with the requirements under section 29 of
9	this chapter.
10	(d) The recall of a rule under this section voids any approval given

- (d) The recall of a rule under this section voids any approval given after the rule was adopted and before the rule was recalled.
  - (e) If a rule is:

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- (1) subject to sections 31 and 33 of this chapter;
- (2) recalled under subsection (a); and
- (3) readopted under subsection (c);
- the agency shall resubmit the readopted version of the recalled rule to the attorney general and the governor for approval. The attorney general and the governor have the full statutory period to approve or disapprove the readopted rule. The agency also shall comply with any other applicable approval requirement provided by statute.
- (f) The readopted version of a recalled rule is effective only after the agency has complied with section 35 37.1, or 38 of this chapter or IC 4-22-2.1.
- SECTION 19. IC 4-22-2-41 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 41. (a) At any time before a rule is accepted by the secretary of state for filing under section 35 37.1, or 38 of this chapter or IC 4-22-2.1, the agency that adopted the rule may withdraw it.
- (b) Sections 24 through 40 of this chapter do not apply to a withdrawal action. However, the withdrawing agency shall distribute a notice of the withdrawal to the publisher for publication in the Indiana Register.
- (c) The withdrawal of a rule under this section terminates the rulemaking action, and the withdrawn rule may become effective only through another rulemaking action initiated under this chapter.
- SECTION 20. IC 4-22-2-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 23. (a) This section does not apply to rules adopted under IC 4-22-2-37.1. IC 4-22-2.1.
- (b) Before or after an agency notifies the public of its intention to adopt a rule under section 24 of this chapter, the agency shall notify the public of its intention to adopt a rule by publishing a notice of intent to adopt a rule in the Indiana Register at least thirty (30) days before the









1	preliminary adoption of the rule. The publication notice must include
2	an overview of the intent and scope of the proposed rule and the
3	statutory authority for the rule. The requirement to publish a notice of
4	intent to adopt a rule does not apply to rulemaking under IC 13-14-9.
5	The agency shall solicit comments from the public on the need for a
6	rule, the drafting of a rule, or any other subject related to a rulemaking
7	action. The procedures that the agency may use include the holding of
8	conferences and the inviting of written suggestions, facts, arguments,
9	or views. The agency shall prepare a written response that contains a
10	summary of the comments received during any part of the rulemaking
11	process. The written response is a public document. The agency shall
12	make the written response available to interested parties upon request.
13	SECTION 21. IC 4-22-2-23.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 23.1. (a) This
15	section and section 19(b) of this chapter apply to rules adopted under
16	<del>IC</del> <del>4-22-2-37.1.</del> IC <b>4-22-2.1.</b>
17	(b) Before or after an agency notifies the public of its intention to
18	adopt a rule under section 24 of this chapter, the agency may solicit
19	comments from all or any segment of the public on the need for a rule,
20	the drafting of a rule, or any other subject related to a rulemaking
21	action. The procedures that the agency may use include the holding of
22	conferences and the inviting of written suggestions, facts, arguments,
23	or views. An agency's failure to consider comments received under this
24	section does not invalidate a rule subsequently adopted.
25	SECTION 22. IC 4-22-2.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
26	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	UPON PASSAGE]:
28	Chapter 2.1. Rapid Adoption of Certain Rules
29	Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:
30	(1) "Agency" has the meaning set forth in IC 4-22-2-3.
31	(2) "Rule" has the meaning set forth in IC 4-22-2-3.
32	(3) "Rulemaking action" has the meaning set forth in
33	IC 4-22-2-3.
34	(4) "Publisher" has the meaning set forth in IC 4-22-2-3.
35	Sec. 2. An agency may not adopt a rule under this chapter unless:

rule under this chapter; or 38 (2) the agency is specifically authorized by law to adopt the 39 rule using the procedure set forth in this chapter.

Sec. 3. The following do not apply to the adoption of rules under this chapter:

(1) this chapter specifically authorizes the agency to adopt the

(1) IC 4-22-2-24 through IC 4-22-2-36.

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1	(2) IC 13-14-9.
2	Sec. 4. (a) An agency adopting a rule under this chapter shall
3	submit the rule to the publisher for the assignment of a document
4	control number. The agency shall submit the rule:
5	(1) in the form required by IC 4-22-2-20; and
6	(2) with the documents required by IC 4-22-2-21.
7	(b) The publisher shall determine the number of copies of the
8	rule and other documents that the agency must submit under this
9	section.
10	Sec. 5. (a) After a document control number has been assigned to
11	a rule under section 4 of this chapter, the agency adopting the rule
12	shall submit the rule to the secretary of state for filing. The agency
13	shall submit the rule:
14	(1) in the form required by IC 4-22-2-20; and
15	(2) with the documents required by IC 4-22-2-21.
16	(b) The secretary of state shall determine the number of copies
17	of the rule and other documents that the agency must submit under
18	this section.
19	(c) Subject to IC 4-22-2-39, the secretary of state shall:
20	(1) accept the rule for filing; and
21	(2) file stamp and indicate the date and time that the rule is
22	accepted for filing on every duplicate original copy submitted.
23	Sec. 6. A rule adopted under this chapter takes effect on the latest
24	of the following:
25	(1) The effective date of the statute authorizing the agency to
26	adopt the rule.
27	(2) The date and time when the secretary of state accepts the
28	rule for filing under section 5 of this chapter.
29	(3) The effective date set forth in the rule by the adopting
30	agency.
31	(4) The date of compliance with every requirement established
32	by law as a prerequisite to the adoption or effectiveness of the
33	rule.
34	Sec. 7. (a) Subject to:
35	(1) section 9 of this chapter;
36	(2) IC 14-10-2-5;
37	(3) IC 14-22-2-6;
38	(4) IC 22-8-1.1-16.1; and
39	(5) IC 22-13-2-8(c);
40	a rule adopted under this chapter expires not later than ninety (90)
41	days after the secretary of state accepts the rule for filing under
42	section 5 of this chapter.



1	Sec. 8. (a) Except for an emergency rule adopted by the air
2	pollution control board, the solid waste management board, or the
3	water pollution control board under section 23 of this chapter, a
4	rule adopted under this chapter may be extended by adopting
5	another rule under this chapter, but only for one (1) extension
6	period. An emergency rule adopted by the air pollution control
7	board, the solid waste management board, or the water pollution
8	control board under section 23 of this chapter may be extended for
9	two (2) extension periods.
10	(b) This subsection does not apply to an emergency rule adopted
11	by the air pollution control board, the solid waste management
12	board, or the water pollution control board under section 23 of this
13	chapter. For a rule adopted under this chapter to be effective after
14	one (1) extension period, the rule must be adopted under:
15	(1) IC 4-22-2-24 through IC 4-22-2-36; or
16	(2) IC 13-14-9;
17	as applicable.
18	Sec. 9. (a) A rule described in section 15(b) of this chapter,
19	section 18 of this chapter, or section 22 of this chapter expires on
20	the earlier of the following:
21	(1) The expiration date set forth in the rule by the adopting
22	agency.
23	(2) The date that the rule is amended or repealed by a later
24	rule adopted under IC 4-22-2-24 through IC 4-22-2-36 or this
25	chapter.
26	Sec. 10. This chapter may not be used to readopt a rule under
27	IC 4-22-2.5.
28	Sec. 11. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
29	an order that is adopted by the commissioner of the Indiana
30	department of transportation under IC 9-20-1-3(d) or
31	IC 9-21-4-7(a) and designated by the commissioner as an
32	emergency rule.
33	Sec. 12. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
34	an action taken by the director of the department of natural
35	resources under IC 14-22-2-6(d) or IC 14-22-6-13.
36	Sec. 13. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
37	an emergency temporary standard adopted by the occupational
38	safety standards commission under IC 22-8-1.1-16.1.
39	Sec. 14. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
40	an emergency rule adopted by the solid waste management board
41	under IC 13-22-2-3 and classifying a waste as hazardous.

Sec. 15. (a) This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting



1	in a rule, other than a rule described in subsection (b), that is:
2	(1) adopted by the department of financial institutions under
3	IC 24-4.5-6-107; and
4	(2) declared necessary to meet an emergency.
5	(b) This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in a rule
6	that is:
7	(1) required under IC 24-4.5-1-106;
8	(2) adopted by the department of financial institutions; and
9	(3) declared necessary to meet an emergency under
10	IC 24-4.5-6-107.
11	Sec. 16. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
12	a rule adopted by the Indiana utility regulatory commission to
13	address an emergency under IC 8-1-2-113.
14	Sec. 17. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
15	an emergency rule jointly adopted by the water pollution control
16	board and the budget agency under IC 13-18-13-18.
17	Sec. 18. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
18	an emergency rule adopted by the state lottery commission under
19	IC 4-30-3-9.
20	Sec. 19. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
21	a rule adopted under IC 16-19-3-5 that the executive board of the
22	state department of health declares is necessary to meet an
23	emergency.
24	Sec. 20. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
25	an emergency rule adopted by the Indiana transportation finance
26	authority under IC 8-21-12.
27	Sec. 21. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
28	an emergency rule adopted by the insurance commissioner under
29	IC 27-1-23-7.
30	Sec. 22. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
31	an emergency rule adopted by the Indiana horse racing
32	commission under IC 4-31-3-9.
33	Sec. 23. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
34	an emergency rule adopted by the air pollution control board, the
35	solid waste management board, or the water pollution control
36	board under IC 13-15-4-10(4) or to comply with a deadline
37	required by federal law, provided:
38	(1) the variance procedures are included in the rules; and
39	(2) permits or licenses granted during the period the
40	emergency rule is in effect are reviewed after the emergency
41	rule expires.
42	Sec. 24. This chanter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in



an emergency rule adopted by the Indiana election commission

2	under IC 3-6-4.1-14.
3	Sec. 25. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
4	an emergency rule adopted by the department of natural resources
5	under IC 14-10-2-5.
6	Sec. 26. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
7	an emergency rule adopted by the Indiana gaming commission
8	under IC 4-33-4-2, IC 4-33-4-3, or IC 4-33-4-14.
9	Sec. 27. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
10	an emergency rule adopted by the alcohol and tobacco commission
11	under IC 7.1-3-17.5, IC 7.1-3-17.7, or IC 7.1-3-20-24.4.
12	Sec. 28. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
13	an emergency rule adopted by the department of financial
14	institutions under IC 28-15-11.
15	Sec. 29. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
16	an emergency rule adopted by the office of the secretary of family
17	and social services under IC 12-8-1-12.
18	Sec. 30. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
19	an emergency rule adopted by the office of the children's health
20	insurance program under IC 12-17.6-2-11.
21	Sec. 31. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
22	an emergency rule adopted by the office of Medicaid policy and
23	planning under IC 12-15-41-15.
24	Sec. 32. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
25	an emergency rule adopted by the Indiana state board of animal
26	health under IC 15-2.1-18-21.
27	Sec. 33. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
28	an emergency rule adopted by the board of directors of the Indiana
29	education savings authority under IC 21-9-4-7.
30	Sec. 34. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
31	an emergency rule adopted by the Indiana board of tax review
32	under IC 6-1.1-4-34.
33	Sec. 35. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
34	an emergency rule adopted by the department of local government
35	finance under IC 6-1.1-4-33.
36	Sec. 36. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
37	an emergency rule adopted by the boiler and pressure vessel rules
38	board under IC 22-13-2-8(c).
39	Sec. 37. This chapter applies to a rulemaking action resulting in
40	an emergency rule adopted by the Indiana board of tax review
41	under IC 6-1.5-6-2.
12	SECTION 23. IC 4-22-2.5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) An agency	
2	that wishes to readopt a rule that is subject to expiration under this	
3	chapter must follow the procedure for adoption of administrative rules	
4	under IC 4-22-2.	
5	(b) An agency may adopt a rule under IC 4-22-2 in anticipation of a	
6	rule's expiration under this chapter.	
7	(c) An agency may not use <del>IC 4-22-2-37.1</del> <b>IC 4-22-2.1</b> to readopt a	
8	rule that is subject to expiration under this chapter.	
9	SECTION 24. IC 4-30-3-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
10	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. The commission may adopt	
11	emergency rules under <del>IC</del> <del>4-22-2-37.1.</del> <b>IC 4-22-2.1.</b>	
12	SECTION 25. IC 4-31-3-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
13	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. The commission may:	
14	(1) adopt rules under IC 4-22-2, including emergency rules under	
15	IC 4-22-2-37.1, IC 4-22-2.1, to implement this article, including	
16	rules that prescribe:	
17	(A) the forms of wagering that are permitted;	
18	(B) the number of races;	
19	(C) the procedures for wagering;	
20	(D) the wagering information to be provided to the public;	
21	(E) fees for the issuance and renewal of:	
22	(i) permits under IC 4-31-5;	
23	(ii) satellite facility licenses under IC 4-31-5.5; and	
24	(iii) licenses for racetrack personnel and racing participants	_
25	under IC 4-31-6;	
26	(F) investigative fees;	_
27	(G) fines and penalties; and	
28	(H) any other regulation that the commission determines is in the	Y
29	public interest in the conduct of recognized meetings and	
30	wagering on horse racing in Indiana;	
31	(2) appoint employees in the manner provided by IC 4-15-2 and fix	
32	their compensation, subject to the approval of the budget agency	
33	under IC 4-12-1-13;	
34	(3) enter into contracts necessary to implement this article; and	
35	(4) receive and consider recommendations from an advisory	
36	development committee established under IC 4-31-11.	
37	SECTION 26. IC 4-33-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.143-2003,	
38	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
39	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The commission shall do the following:	
40	(1) Adopt rules that the commission determines necessary to	
41	protect or enhance the following:	
42	(A) The credibility and integrity of gambling operations	



1	authorized by this article.	
2	(B) The regulatory process provided in this article.	
3	(2) Conduct all hearings concerning civil violations of this article.	
4	(3) Provide for the establishment and collection of license fees and	
5	taxes imposed under this article.	
6	(4) Deposit the license fees and taxes in the state gaming fund	
7	established by IC 4-33-13.	
8	(5) Levy and collect penalties for noncriminal violations of this	
9	article.	
10	(6) Deposit the penalties in the state gaming fund established by	4
11	IC 4-33-13.	
12	(7) Be present through the commission's inspectors and agents	
13	during the time gambling operations are conducted on a riverboat	
14	to do the following:	
15	(A) Certify the revenue received by a riverboat.	
16	(B) Receive complaints from the public.	4
17	(C) Conduct other investigations into the conduct of the	
18	gambling games and the maintenance of the equipment that the	
19	commission considers necessary and proper.	
20	(8) Adopt emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 IC 4-22-2.1 if the	
21	commission determines that:	
22	(A) the need for a rule is so immediate and substantial that	
23	rulemaking procedures under IC 4-22-2-13 through IC 4-22-2-36	
24	are inadequate to address the need; and	
25	(B) an emergency rule is likely to address the need.	
26	(9) Adopt rules to establish and implement a voluntary exclusion	
27	program that meets the requirements of subsection (c).	
28	(b) The commission shall begin rulemaking procedures under	
29	IC 4-22-2-13 through IC 4-22-2-36 to adopt an emergency rule adopted	
30	under subsection (a)(8) not later than thirty (30) days after the adoption	
31	of the emergency rule under subsection (a)(8).	
32	(c) Rules adopted under subsection (a)(9) must provide the	
33	following:	
34	(1) Except as provided by rule of the commission, a person who	
35	participates in the voluntary exclusion program agrees to refrain	
36	from entering a riverboat or other facility under the jurisdiction of	
37	the commission.	
38	(2) That the name of a person participating in the program will be	
39	included on a list of persons excluded from all facilities under the	
40	jurisdiction of the commission.	
41	(3) Except as provided by rule of the commission, a person who	
42	participates in the voluntary exclusion program may not petition	



2	of the commission.
3	(4) That the list of patrons entering the voluntary exclusion
4	program is confidential and may only be disseminated by the
5	commission to the owner of a facility under the jurisdiction of the
6	commission for purposes of enforcement.
7	(5) That the personal information of a person who participates in
8	the voluntary exclusion program is confidential.
9	(6) That an owner of a facility under the jurisdiction of the
10	commission shall make all reasonable attempts as determined by
11	the commission to cease all direct marketing efforts to a person
12	participating in the program.
13	(7) That an owner of a facility under the jurisdiction of the
14	commission may not cash the check of a person participating in the
15	program or extend credit to the person in any manner. However,
16	the voluntary exclusion program does not preclude an owner from
17	seeking the payment of a debt accrued by a person before entering
18	the program.
19	SECTION 27. IC 4-33-4-22, AS ADDED BY P.L.224-2003,
20	SECTION 43, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 22. (a) The commission may not adopt a rule
22	or resolution limiting the ordinary business hours in which a licensed
23	owner that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21
24	may conduct gambling operations.
25	(b) This section may not be construed to limit the commission's
26	power to: enforce this article:
27	(1) <b>enforce this article</b> under IC 4-33-4-1(a)(6), IC 4-33-4-1(a)(7),
28	or IC 4-33-4-8; or
29	(2) respond to an emergency, as determined by the commission.
30	SECTION 28. IC 4-33-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.92-2003,
31	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. An applicant for a license or an operator
33	operating agent contract under this article must provide the following
34	information to the commission:
35	(1) The name, business address, and business telephone number of
36	the applicant.
37	(2) An identification of the applicant.
38	(3) The following information for an applicant that is not an
39	individual:
40	(A) The state of incorporation or registration.
41	(B) The names of all corporate officers.
42	(C) The identity of the following:



1	(i) Any person in which the applicant has an equity interest of	
2	at least one percent (1%) of all shares. The identification must	
3	include the state of incorporation or registration if applicable.	
4	However, an applicant that has a pending registration	
5	statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission	
6	is not required to provide information under this item.	
7	(ii) The shareholders or participants of the applicant. An	
8	applicant that has a pending registration statement filed with	
9	the Securities and Exchange Commission is required to	
10	provide only the names of persons holding an interest of more	
11	than one percent (1%) of all shares.	
12	(4) An identification of any business, including the state of	
13	incorporation or registration if applicable, in which an applicant or	
14	the spouse or children of an applicant has an equity interest of	
15	more than one percent (1%) of all shares.	
16	(5) If the applicant has been indicted, been convicted, pleaded	
17	guilty or nolo contendere, or forfeited bail concerning a criminal	
18	offense other than a traffic violation under the laws of any	
19	jurisdiction. The applicant must include the following information	
20	under this subdivision:	
21	(A) The name and location of the following:	
22	(i) The court.	
23	(ii) The arresting agency.	
24	(iii) The prosecuting agency.	_
25	(B) The case number.	
26	(C) The date and type of offense.	_
27	(D) The disposition of the case.	
28	(E) The location and length of incarceration.	<b>Y</b>
29	(6) If the applicant has had a license or certificate issued by a	
30	licensing authority in Indiana or any other jurisdiction denied,	
31	restricted, suspended, revoked, or not renewed. An applicant must	
32	provide the following information under this subdivision:	
33	(A) A statement describing the facts and circumstances	
34	concerning the denial, restriction, suspension, revocation, or	
35	nonrenewal.	
36	(B) The date each action described in clause (A) was taken.	
37	(C) The reason each action described in clause (A) was taken.	
38	(7) If the applicant has:	
39	(A) filed or had filed against the applicant a proceeding in	
40	bankruptcy; or	
41	(B) been involved in a formal process to adjust, defer, suspend,	
42	or work out the payment of a debt;	



1	including the date of filing, the name and location of the court, and
2	the case and number of the disposition.
3	(8) If the applicant has filed or been served with a complaint or
4	notice filed with a public body concerning:
5	(A) a delinquency in the payment of; or
6	(B) a dispute over a filing concerning the payment of;
7	a tax required under federal, state, or local law, including the
8	amount, type of tax, the taxing agency, and times involved.
9	(9) A statement listing the names and titles of public officials or
10	officers of units of government and relatives of the public officials
11	or officers who directly or indirectly:
12	(A) have a financial interest in;
13	(B) have a beneficial interest in;
14	(C) are the creditors of;
15	(D) hold a debt instrument issued by; or
16	(E) have an interest in a contractual or service relationship with;
17	an applicant.
18	(10) If an applicant for an operating agent contract or an owner's
19	or a supplier's license has directly or indirectly made a political
20	contribution, loan, donation, or other payment to a candidate or an
21	office holder in Indiana not more than five (5) years before the date
22	the applicant filed the application. An applicant must provide
23	information concerning the amount and method of a payment
24	described in this subdivision.
25	(11) The name and business telephone number of the attorney who
26	will represent the applicant in matters before the commission.
27	(12) A description of a proposed or an approved riverboat gaming
28	operation, including the following information:
29	(A) The type of boat.
30	(B) The home dock location.
31	(C) The expected economic benefit to local communities.
32	(D) The anticipated or actual number of employees.
33	(E) Any statements from the applicant concerning compliance
34	with federal and state affirmative action guidelines.
35	(F) Anticipated or actual admissions.
36	(G) Anticipated or actual adjusted gross gaming receipts.
37	(13) A description of the product or service to be supplied by the
38	applicant if the applicant has applied for a supplier's license.
39	(14) The following information from each licensee or operator
40	operating agent involved in the ownership or management of
41	gambling operations:
42	(A) An annual balance sheet.



1	(B) An annual income statement.	
2	(C) A list of the stockholders or other persons having at least a	
3	one percent (1%) beneficial interest in the gambling activities of	
4	the person who has been issued the owner's license or <del>operator</del>	
5	operating agent contract.	
6	(D) Any other information the commission considers necessary	
7	for the effective administration of this article.	
8	SECTION 29. IC 4-33-13-1.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2003,	
9	SECTION 46, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.92-2003, SECTION 54,	
10	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	- 1
11	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.5. (a) This section applies	
12	only to a riverboat that has implemented flexible scheduling under	
13	IC 4-33-6-21 or IC 4-33-6.5.	
14	(b) A graduated tax is imposed on the adjusted gross receipts	
15	received from gambling games authorized under this article as follows:	
16	(1) Fifteen percent (15%) of the first twenty-five million dollars	(
17	(\$25,000,000) of adjusted gross receipts received during the period	•
18	beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following	
19	year.	
20	(2) Twenty percent (20%) of the adjusted gross receipts in excess	
21	of twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000) but not exceeding fifty	
22	million dollars (\$50,000,000) received during the period beginning	
23	July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year.	
24	(3) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the adjusted gross receipts in	
25	excess of fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) but not exceeding	
26	seventy-five million dollars (\$75,000,000) received during the	_
27	period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the	1
28	following year.	
29	(4) Thirty percent (30%) of the adjusted gross receipts in excess of	
30	seventy-five million dollars (\$75,000,000) but not exceeding one	
31	hundred fifty million dollars (\$150,000,000) received during the	
32	period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the	
33	following year.	
34	(5) Thirty-five percent (35%) of all adjusted gross receipts in	
35	excess of one hundred fifty million dollars (\$150,000,000).	
36	The tax rates imposed under this section apply to adjusted gross	
37	receipts received beginning the date flexible scheduling is implemented	
38	<del>under IC 4-33-6-21.</del>	
39	(c) The licensed owner or operating agent shall remit the tax	
40	imposed by this chapter to the department before the close of the	
41	business day following the day the wagers are made.	

(d) The department may require payment under this section to be



1	made by electronic funds transfer (as defined in IC 4-8.1-2-7(f)).
2	(e) If the department requires taxes to be remitted under this chapter
3	through electronic funds transfer, the department may allow the
4	licensed owner or operating agent to file a monthly report to reconcile
5	the amounts remitted to the department.
6	(f) The department may allow taxes remitted under this section to be
7	reported on the same form used for taxes paid under IC 4-33-12.
8	(g) If a riverboat implements flexible scheduling during any part of
9	a period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the
10	following year, the tax rate imposed on the adjusted gross receipts
11	received while the riverboat implements flexible scheduling shall be
12	computed as if the riverboat had engaged in flexible scheduling during
13	the entire period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of
14	the following year.
15	(h) If a riverboat:
16	(1) implements flexible scheduling during any part of a period
17	beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following
18	year; and
19	(2) before the end of that period ceases to operate the riverboat
20	with flexible scheduling;
21	the riverboat shall continue to pay a wagering tax at the tax rates
22	imposed under subsection (b) until the end of that period as if the
23	riverboat had not ceased to conduct flexible scheduling.
24	SECTION 30. IC 4-33-13-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2003,
25	SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection does not apply to tax
27	revenue remitted by an operating agent operating a riverboat in a
28	historic hotel district. After funds are appropriated under section 4 of
29	this chapter, each month the treasurer of state shall distribute the tax
30	revenue deposited in the state gaming fund under this chapter to the
31	following:
32	(1) The first thirty-three million dollars (\$33,000,000) of tax
33	revenues collected under this chapter shall be set aside for revenue
34	sharing under subsection (e).
35	(2) Subject to subsection (c), twenty-five percent (25%) of the
36	remaining tax revenue remitted by each licensed owner shall be
37	paid:
38	(A) to the city that is designated as the home dock of the
39	riverboat from which the tax revenue was collected, in the case
40	of:
41	(i) a city described in IC 4-33-12-6(b)(1)(A); or
42	(ii) a city located in a county having a population of more than



1	four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred	
2	thousand (700,000); or	
3	(B) to the county that is designated as the home dock of the	
4	riverboat from which the tax revenue was collected, in the case	
5	of a riverboat whose home dock is not in a city described in	
6	clause (A).	
7	(3) Subject to subsection (d), the remainder of the tax revenue	
8	remitted by each licensed owner shall be paid to the property tax	
9	replacement fund. In each state fiscal year beginning after June 30,	4
10	2003, the treasurer of state shall make the transfer required by this	
11	subdivision not later than the last business day of the month in	
12	which the tax revenue is remitted to the state for deposit in the	
13	state gaming fund. However, if tax revenue is received by the state	
14	on the last business day in a month, the treasurer of state may	
15	transfer the tax revenue to the property tax replacement fund in the	
16	immediately following month.	4
17	(b) This subsection applies only to tax revenue remitted by an	
18	operating agent operating a riverboat in a historic hotel district. After	
19	funds are appropriated under section 4 of this chapter, each month the	
20	treasurer of state shall distribute the tax revenue deposited in the state	
21	gaming fund under this chapter as follows:	
22	(1) Thirty-seven and one half percent (37.5%) shall be paid to the	
23	property tax replacement fund established under IC 6-1.1-21.	
24	(2) Thirty-seven and one-half percent (37.5%) shall be paid to the	
25	West Baden Springs historic hotel preservation and maintenance	
26	fund established by IC 36-7-11.5-11(b). However, at any time the	
27	balance in that fund exceeds twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000),	<b>\</b>
28	the amount described in this subdivision shall be paid to the	\
29	property tax replacement fund established under IC 6-1.1-21.	
30	(3) Five percent (5%) shall be paid to the historic hotel	
31	preservation commission established under IC 36-7-11.5.	
32	(4) Ten percent (10%) shall be paid in equal amounts to each town	
33	that:	
34	(A) is located in the county in which the riverboat docks; and	
35	(B) contains a historic hotel.	
36	The town council shall appropriate a part of the money received by	
37	the town under this subdivision to the budget of the town's tourism	
38	commission.	
39	(5) Ten percent (10%) shall be paid to the county treasurer of the	
40	county in which the riverboat is docked. The county treasurer shall	
41	distribute the money received under this subdivision as follows:	

(A) Twenty percent (20%) shall be quarterly distributed to the



1	county treasurer of a county having a population of more than
2	thirty-nine thousand six hundred (39,600) but less than forty
3	thousand (40,000) for appropriation by the county fiscal body
4	after receiving a recommendation from the county executive
5	The county fiscal body for the receiving county shall provide for
6	the distribution of the money received under this clause to one
7	(1) or more taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the
8	county under a formula established by the county fiscal body
9	after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.
10	(B) Twenty percent (20%) shall be quarterly distributed to the
11	county treasurer of a county having a population of more than
12	ten thousand seven hundred (10,700) but less than twelve
13	thousand (12,000) for appropriation by the county fiscal body
14	after receiving a recommendation from the county executive
15	The county fiscal body for the receiving county shall provide for
16	the distribution of the money received under this clause to one
17	(1) or more taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the
18	county under a formula established by the county fiscal body
19	after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.
20	(C) Sixty percent (60%) shall be retained by the county where
21	the riverboat is docked for appropriation by the county fisca
22	body after receiving a recommendation from the county
23	executive. The county fiscal body shall provide for the
24	distribution of part or all of the money received under this clause
25	to the following under a formula established by the county fisca
26	body:
27	(i) A town having a population of more than two thousand two
28	hundred (2,200) but less than three thousand five hundred
29	(3,500) located in a county having a population of more than
30	nineteen thousand three hundred (19,300) but less than twenty
31	thousand (20,000).
32	(ii) A town having a population of more than three thousand
33	five hundred (3,500) located in a county having a population
34	of more than nineteen thousand three hundred (19,300) bu
35	less than twenty thousand (20,000).
36	(c) For each city and county receiving money under subsection
37	(a)(2)(A) or (a)(2)(C), the treasurer of state shall determine the tota
38	amount of money paid by the treasurer of state to the city or county

during the state fiscal year 2002. The amount determined is the base year revenue for the city or county. The treasurer of state shall certify the base year revenue determined under this subsection to the city or county. The total amount of money distributed to a city or county under



1	this section during a state fiscal year may not exceed the entity's base
2	year revenue. For each state fiscal year beginning after June 30, 2002,
3	the treasurer of state shall pay that part of the riverboat wagering taxes
4	that:
5	(1) exceeds a particular city or county's base year revenue; and
6	(2) would otherwise be due to the city or county under this section;
7	to the property tax replacement fund instead of to the city or county.
8	(d) Each state fiscal year the treasurer of state shall transfer from the
9	tax revenue remitted to the property tax replacement fund under
10	subsection (a)(3) to the build Indiana fund an amount that when added
11	to the following may not exceed two hundred fifty million dollars
12	(\$250,000,000):
13	(1) Surplus lottery revenues under IC 4-30-17-3.
14	(2) Surplus revenue from the charity gaming enforcement fund
15	under IC 4-32-10-6.
16	(3) Tax revenue from pari-mutuel wagering under IC 4-31-9-3.
17	The treasurer of state shall make transfers on a monthly basis as needed
18	to meet the obligations of the build Indiana fund. If in any state fiscal
19	year insufficient money is transferred to the property tax replacement
20	fund under subsection (a)(3) to comply with this subsection, the
21	treasurer of state shall reduce the amount transferred to the build
22	Indiana fund to the amount available in the property tax replacement
23	fund from the transfers under subsection (a)(3) for the state fiscal year.
24	(e) Before August 15 of 2003 and each year thereafter, the treasurer
25	of state shall distribute the wagering taxes set aside for revenue sharing
26	under subsection (a)(1) to the county treasurer of each county that does
27	not have a riverboat according to the ratio that the county's population
28	bears to the total population of the counties that do not have a
29	riverboat. Except as provided in subsection (h), the county auditor shall
30	distribute the money received by the county under this subsection as
31	follows:
32	(1) To each city located in the county according to the ratio the
33	city's population bears to the total population of the county.
34	(2) To each town located in the county according to the ratio the
35	town's population bears to the total population of the county.
36	(3) After the distributions required in subdivisions (1) and (2) are
37	made, the remainder shall be retained by the county.
38	(f) Money received by a city, town, or county under subsection (e) or
39	(h) may be used for any of the following purposes:
40	(1) To reduce the property tax levy of the city, town, or county for
41	a particular year (a property tax reduction under this subdivision

does not reduce the maximum levy of the city, town, or county



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1	under IC 6-1.1-18.5);
2	(2) For deposit in a special fund or allocation fund created under
3	IC 8-22-3.5, IC 36-7-14, IC 36-7-14.5, IC 36-7-15.1, and
4	IC 36-7-30 to provide funding for additional credits for property
5	tax replacement in property tax increment allocation areas or debt
6	repayment.
7	(3) To fund sewer and water projects, including storm water
8	management projects.
9	(4) For police and fire pensions.
10	(5) To carry out any governmental purpose for which the money is
11	appropriated by the fiscal body of the city, town, or county. Money
12	used under this subdivision does not reduce the property tax levy
13	of the city, town, or county for a particular year or reduce the
14	maximum levy of the city, town, or county under IC 6-1.1-18.5.
15	(g) This subsection does not apply to an entity receiving money under
16	IC 4-33-12-6(c). Before September 15 of 2003 and each year thereafter,
17	the treasurer of state shall determine the total amount of money
18	distributed to an entity under IC 4-33-12-6 during the preceding state
19	fiscal year. If the treasurer of state determines that the total amount of
20	money distributed to an entity under IC 4-33-12-6 during the preceding
21	state fiscal year was less than the entity's base year revenue (as
22	determined under IC 4-33-12-6), the treasurer of state shall make a
23	supplemental distribution to the entity from taxes collected under this
24	chapter and deposited into the property tax replacement fund. The
25	amount of the supplemental distribution is equal to the difference
26	between the entity's base year revenue (as determined under
27	IC 4-33-12-6) and the total amount of money distributed to the entity
28	during the preceding state fiscal year under IC 4-33-12-6.
29	(h) This section subsection applies only to a county containing a
30	consolidated city. The county auditor shall distribute the money
31	received by the county under subsection (d) as follows:
32	(1) To each city, other than a consolidated city, located in the
33	county according to the ratio that the city's population bears to the
34	total population of the county.
35	(2) To each town located in the county according to the ratio that
36	the town's population bears to the total population of the county.
37	(3) After the distributions required in subdivisions (1) and (2) are
38	made, the remainder shall be paid in equal amounts to the
39	consolidated city and the county.
40	SECTION 31. IC 5-2-9-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2002,
41	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. A law enforcement agency that receives a



1	copy of a protective order, no contact order, or workplace violence
2	restraining order shall enter the information received into the Indiana
3	data and communication system (IDACS) computer under IC 5-2-5-12
4	IC 10-13-3-35 upon receiving a copy of the order.
5	SECTION 32. IC 5-10.3-5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.72-2003,
6	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The custodians must be banks or trust
8	companies that are domiciled in the United States and approved by the
9	Indiana department of financial institutions under IC 28-1-2-39 to:
10	(1) act in a fiduciary capacity; and
11	(2) manage custodial accounts;
12	in Indiana.
13	(b) The board is authorized to accept safekeeping receipts for
14	securities held by the custodians. Each custodian must have a
15	combined capital and surplus of at least ten million dollars
16	(\$10,000,000) according to the last published report of condition for
17	the bank or trust company and have physical custody of such securities.
18	The state board of accounts is authorized to rely on safekeeping
19	receipts from the custodian. The custodian may be authorized by the
20	agreement to:
21	(1) hold securities and other investments in the name of the fund,
22	in the name of a nominee of the custodian, or in bearer form;
23	(2) collect and receive income, interest, proceeds of sale,
24	maturities, redemptions, and all other receipts from the securities
25	and other investments;
26	(3) deposit all these the receipts collected and received under
27	subdivision (2) in a custodian account or checking account as
28	instructed by the board; and
29	(4) reinvest these the receipts collected and received under
30	subdivision (2) as directed by the board;
31	(3) (5) maintain accounting records and prepare reports which are
32	required by the board and the state board of accounts; and
33	(4) (6) perform other services for the board as are customary and
34	appropriate for custodians.
35	(c) The custodian is responsible for all securities held in the name of
36	its nominee for the fund.
37	SECTION 33. IC 6-1.1-4-34, AS ADDED BY P.L.235-2003,
38	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 34. (a) As used in this section, "special
40	master" refers to a person designated by the Indiana board under

(b) The notice of reassessment under section 32(f) of this chapter is



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subsection (e).

1	subject to appeal by the taxpayer to the Indiana board. The procedures
2	and time limitations that apply to an appeal to the Indiana board of a
3	determination of the department of local government finance do not
4	apply to an appeal under this subsection. The Indiana board may
5	establish applicable procedures and time limitations under subsection
6	(1).
7	(c) In order to appeal under subsection (b), the taxpayer must:
8	(1) request and participate as required in the informal hearing
9	process under section 33 of this chapter not later than forty-five
10	(45) days after the date of the notice of reassessment under section
11	32(f) of this chapter;
12	(2) except as provided in section 33(i) of this chapter, receive a
13	notice of changed reassessment under section 33(g) of this chapter;
14	and
15	(3) file a petition for review with the appropriate county assessor
16	not later than thirty (30) days after the notice of the department of
17	local government finance is given to the taxpayer under section
18	32(f) of this chapter.
19	(d) The Indiana board may develop a form for petitions under
20	subsection (c) that:
21	(1) outlines:
22	(A) the appeal process;
23	(B) the burden of proof; and
24	(C) evidence necessary to warrant a change to a reassessment;
25	and
26	(2) describes:
27	(A) the increase in the property tax replacement credit; and
28	(B) other changes to the property tax system;
29	under P.L.192-2002(ss) that reduced the effect of general
30	reassessment on property tax liability.
31	(e) The Indiana board may contract with, appoint, or otherwise
32	designate the following to serve as special masters to conduct
33	evidentiary hearings and prepare reports required under subsection (g):
34	(1) Independent, licensed appraisers.
35	(2) Attorneys.
36	(3) Certified level two Indiana assessor-appraisers (including
37	administrative law judges employed by the Indiana board).
38	(4) Other qualified individuals.
39	(f) Each contract entered into under subsection (e) must specify the
40	appointee's compensation and entitlement to reimbursement for
41	expenses. The compensation and reimbursement for expenses are paid

from the county property reassessment fund. Payments under this



1	subsection from the county property reassessment fund may not exceed	
2	five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).	
3	(g) With respect to each petition for review filed under subsection	
4	(c), the special masters shall:	
5	(1) set a hearing date;	
6	(2) give notice of the hearing at least thirty (30) days before the	
7	hearing date, by mail, to:	
8	(A) the taxpayer;	
9	(B) the department of local government finance;	
10	(C) the township assessor; and	
11	(D) the country assessor;	
12	(3) conduct a hearing and hear all evidence submitted under this	
13	section; and	
14	(4) make evidentiary findings and file a report with the Indiana board.	
15		
16 17	<ul><li>(h) At the hearing under subsection (g):</li><li>(1) the taxpayer shall present:</li></ul>	
18	(A) its the taxpayer's evidence that the reassessment is	
19	incorrect;	
20	(B) the method by which the taxpayer contends the reassessment	
21	is correctly determined; and	
22	(C) comparable sales, appraisals, or other pertinent information	
23	concerning valuation as required by the Indiana board; and	
24	(2) the department of local government finance shall present its	
25	evidence that the reassessment is correct.	
26	(i) The Indiana board may dismiss a petition for review filed under	
27	subsection (c) if the evidence and other information required under	
28	subsection $(b)$ is not provided at the hearing under subsection $(g)$ .	V
29	(j) The township assessor and the county assessor may attend and	
30	participate in the hearing under subsection (g).	
31	(k) The Indiana board may:	
32	(1) consider the report of the special masters under subsection	
33	(g)(4);	
34	(2) make a final determination based on the findings of the special	
35	masters without:	
36	(A) conducting a hearing; or	
37	(B) any further proceedings; and	
38	(3) incorporate the findings of the special masters into the board's	
39	findings in resolution of the appeal.	
40	(l) The Indiana board may adopt emergency rules under	
41	<del>IC</del> <del>4-22-2-37.1</del> <b>IC 4-22-2.1</b> to:	
42	(1) establish procedures to expedite:	



1	(A) the conduct of hearings under subsection (g); and
2	(B) the issuance of determinations of appeals under subsection
3	(b); and
4	(2) establish deadlines:
5	(A) for conducting hearings under subsection (g); and
6	(B) for issuing determinations of appeals under subsection (b).
7	(m) A determination by the Indiana board of an appeal under
8	subsection (b) is subject to appeal to the tax court under IC 6-1.1-15.
9	(n) This section expires December 31, 2005.
10	SECTION 34. IC 6-1.1-12.1-4.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003,
11	SECTION 22, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.245-2003, SECTION 8,
12	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4.5. (a) For purposes of this
14	section, "personal property" means personal property other than
15	inventory (as defined in IC 6-1.1-3-11(a)).
16	(b) An applicant must provide a statement of benefits to the
17	designating body. The applicant must provide the completed statement
18	of benefits form to the designating body before the hearing specified in
19	section 2.5(c) of this chapter or before the installation of the new
20	manufacturing equipment or new research and development
21	equipment, or both, for which the person desires to claim a deduction
22	under this chapter. The department of local government finance shall
23	prescribe a form for the statement of benefits. The statement of benefits
24	must include the following information:
25	(1) A description of the new manufacturing equipment or new
26	research and development equipment, or both, that the person
27	proposes to acquire.
28	(2) With respect to:
29	(A) new manufacturing equipment not used to dispose of solid
30	waste or hazardous waste by converting the solid waste or
31	hazardous waste into energy or other useful products; and
32	(B) new research and development equipment;
33	an estimate of the number of individuals who will be employed or
34	whose employment will be retained by the person as a result of the
35	installation of the new manufacturing equipment or new research
36	and development equipment, or both, and an estimate of the annual
37	salaries of these individuals.
38	(3) An estimate of the cost of the new manufacturing equipment or
39	new research and development equipment, or both.
40	(4) With respect to new manufacturing equipment used to dispose
41	of solid waste or hazardous waste by converting the solid waste or

hazardous waste into energy or other useful products, an estimate

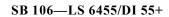


1	of the amount of solid waste of hazardous waste that will be
2	converted into energy or other useful products by the new
3	manufacturing equipment.
4	The statement of benefits may be incorporated in a designation
5	application. Notwithstanding any other law, a statement of benefits is
6	a public record that may be inspected and copied under IC 5-14-3-3.
7	(c) The designating body must review the statement of benefits
8	required under subsection (b). The designating body shall determine
9	whether an area should be designated an economic revitalization area
10	or whether the deduction shall be allowed, based on (and after it has
11	made) the following findings:
12	(1) Whether the estimate of the cost of the new manufacturing
13	equipment or new research and development equipment, or both,
14	is reasonable for equipment of that type.
15	(2) With respect to:
16	(A) new manufacturing equipment not used to dispose of solid
17	waste or hazardous waste by converting the solid waste or
18	hazardous waste into energy or other useful products; and
19	(B) new research and development equipment;
20	whether the estimate of the number of individuals who will be
21	employed or whose employment will be retained can be reasonably
22	expected to result from the installation of the new manufacturing
23	equipment or new research and development equipment, or both.
24	(3) Whether the estimate of the annual salaries of those individuals
25	who will be employed or whose employment will be retained can
26	be reasonably expected to result from the proposed installation of
27	new manufacturing equipment or new research and development
28	equipment, or both.
29	(4) With respect to new manufacturing equipment used to dispose
30	of solid waste or hazardous waste by converting the solid waste or
31	hazardous waste into energy or other useful products, whether the
32	estimate of the amount of solid waste or hazardous waste that will
33	be converted into energy or other useful products can be
34	reasonably expected to result from the installation of the new
35	manufacturing equipment.
36	(5) Whether any other benefits about which information was
37	requested are benefits that can be reasonably expected to result
38	from the proposed installation of new manufacturing equipment or
39	new research and development equipment, or both.
40	(6) Whether the totality of benefits is sufficient to justify the
41	deduction.

The designating body may not designate an area an economic

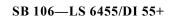


1	revitalization area or approve the dec	duction unless it makes the	
2	findings required by this subsection in t	he affirmative.	
3	(d) Except as provided in subsect	tion (h), an owner of new	
4	manufacturing equipment or new	research and development	
5	equipment, or both, whose statement of b	penefits is approved after June	
6	30, 2000, is entitled to a deduction fro	m the assessed value of that	
7	equipment for the number of years deterr	nined by the designating body	
8	under subsection (g). Except as provi-	ded in subsection (f) and in	
9	section 2(i)(3) of this chapter, the amo	ount of the deduction that an	
0	owner is entitled to for a particular year	equals the product of:	4
1	(1) the assessed value of the new man	nufacturing equipment or new	
2	research and development equipm	ent, or both, in the year of	•
3	deduction under the appropriate tab	ole set forth in subsection (e);	
4	multiplied by		
.5	(2) the percentage prescribed in the	appropriate table set forth in	
6	subsection (e).		
7	(e) The percentage to be used in cal	culating the deduction under	7
8	subsection (d) is as follows:		
9	(1) For deductions allowed over a	one (1) year period:	
20	YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE	
21	1st	100%	
22	2nd and thereafter	0%	
23	(2) For deductions allowed over a	two (2) year period:	
4	YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE	
25	1st	100%	
6	2nd	50%	
27	3rd and thereafter	0%	4
8	(3) For deductions allowed over a	three (3) year period:	J
.9	YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE	
0	1st	100%	
1	2nd	66%	
32	3rd	33%	
3	4th and thereafter	0%	
4	(4) For deductions allowed over a		
5	YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE	
6	1st	100%	
7	2nd	75%	
8	3rd	50%	
9	4th	25%	
0	5th and thereafter	0%	
1	(5) For deductions allowed over a		
12	YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE	





1	1st	100%	
2	2nd	80%	
3	3rd	60%	
4	4th	40%	
5	5th	20%	
6	6th and thereafter	0%	
7	(6) For deductions allowed over a	six (6) year period:	
8	YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE	
9	1st	100%	
10	2nd	85%	
11	3rd	66%	
12	4th	50%	
13	5th	34%	
14	6th	25%	
15	7th and thereafter	0%	
16	(7) For deductions allowed over a	seven (7) year period:	
17	YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE	
18	1st	100%	
19	2nd	85%	
20	3rd	71%	
21	4th	57%	
22	5th	43%	
23	6th	29%	
24	7th	14%	
25	8th and thereafter	0%	
26	(8) For deductions allowed over a		
27	YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE	
28	1st	100%	V
29	2nd	88%	
30	3rd	75%	
31	4th	63%	
32	5th	50%	
33	6th	38%	
34	7th	25%	
35	8th	13%	
36	9th and thereafter	0%	
37	(9) For deductions allowed over a		
38	YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE	
39	1st	100%	
40	2nd	88%	
41	3rd	77%	
42	4th	66%	
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1	5th	55%
2	6th	44%
3	7th	33%
4	8th	22%
5	9th	11%
6	10th and thereafter	0%
7	(10) For deductions allowed over	a ten (10) year period:
8	YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE
9	1 st	100%
10	2nd	90%
11	3rd	80%
12	4th	70%
13	5th	60%
14	6th	50%
15	7th	40%
16	8th	30%
17	9th	20%
18	10th	10%
19	11th and thereafter	0%
20	(f) With respect to new manufacturin	g equipment and new research
21	and development equipment installed	d before March 2, 2001, the
22	deduction under this section is the amor	unt that causes the net assessed
23	value of the property after the applicat	ion of the deduction under this
24	section to equal the net assessed value	ie after the application of the
25	deduction under this section that result	s from computing:
26	(1) the deduction under this section	as in effect on March 1, 2001;
27	and	
28	(2) the assessed value of the property	ty under 50 IAC 4.2, as in effect
29	on March 1, 2001, or, in the case of	property subject to IC 6-1.1-8,
30	50 IAC 5.1, as in effect on March	1, 2001.
31	(g) For an economic revitalization a	area designated before July 1,
32	2000, the designating body shall deterr	nine whether a property owner
33	whose statement of benefits is approved	after April 30, 1991, is entitled
34	to a deduction for five (5) or ten	
35	revitalization area designated after June	30, 2000, the designating body
36	shall determine the number of years the	deduction is allowed. However,
37	the deduction may not be allowed for	more than ten (10) years. This
38	determination shall be made:	· / -
39	(1) as part of the resolution adop	oted under section 2.5 of this
40	chapter; or	
41	(2) by resolution adopted within si	xty (60) days after receiving a
40	C	

copy of a property owner's certified deduction application from the



1	county auditor. A certified copy of the resolution shall be sent to
2	the county auditor.
3	A determination about the number of years the deduction is allowed
4	that is made under subdivision (1) is final and may not be changed by
5	following the procedure under subdivision (2).
6	(h) The owner of new manufacturing equipment that is directly used
7	to dispose of hazardous waste is not entitled to the deduction provided
8	by this section for a particular assessment year if during that
9	assessment year the owner:
10	(1) is convicted of a violation under IC 13-7-13-3 (repealed),
11	IC 13-7-13-4 (repealed), or IC 13-30-6; or
12	(2) is subject to an order or a consent decree with respect to
13	property located in Indiana based on a violation of a federal or state
14	rule, regulation, or statute governing the treatment, storage, or
15	disposal of hazardous wastes that had a major or moderate
16	potential for harm.
17	SECTION 35. IC 6-1.1-18.5-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.245-2003,
18	SECTION 16, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2003, SECTION
19	246, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. With respect to an appeal
21	filed under section 12 of this chapter, the local government tax control
22	board may recommend that a civil taxing unit receive any one (1) or
23	more of the following types of relief:
24	(1) Permission to the civil taxing unit to reallocate the amount set
25	aside as a property tax replacement credit as required by
26	IC 6-3.5-1.1 for a purpose other than property tax relief. However,
27	whenever this occurs, the local government tax control board shall
28	also state the amount to be reallocated.
29	(2) Permission to the civil taxing unit to increase its levy in excess
30	of the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter, if in
31	the judgment of the local government tax control board the
32	increase is reasonably necessary due to increased costs of the civil
33	taxing unit resulting from annexation, consolidation, or other
34	extensions of governmental services by the civil taxing unit to
35	additional geographic areas or persons.
36	(3) Permission to the civil taxing unit to increase its levy in excess
37	of the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter, if the
38	local government tax control board finds that the civil taxing unit

needs the increase to meet the civil taxing unit's share of the costs

of operating a court established by statute enacted after December

31, 1973. Before recommending such an increase, the local

government tax control board shall consider all other revenues



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1	available to the civil taxing unit that could be applied for that
2	purpose. The maximum aggregate levy increases that the local
3	government tax control board may recommend for a particular
4	court equals the civil taxing unit's share of the costs of operating a
5	court for the first full calendar year in which it is in existence.
6	(4) Permission to the civil taxing unit to increase its levy in excess
7	of the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter, if the
8	local government tax control board finds that the quotient
9	determined under STEP SIX of the following formula is equal to
10	or greater than one and three-hundredths (1.03):
11	STEP ONE: Determine the three (3) calendar years that most
12	immediately precede the ensuing calendar year and in which a
13	statewide general reassessment of real property does not first
14	become effective.
15	STEP TWO: Compute separately, for each of the calendar years
16	determined in STEP ONE, the quotient (rounded to the nearest
17	ten-thousandth (0.0001)) of the sum of the civil taxing unit's total
18	assessed value of all taxable property and the total assessed
19	value of property tax deductions in the unit under
20	IC 6-1.1-12-41 or IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the particular calendar year,
21	divided by the sum of the civil taxing unit's total assessed value
22	of all taxable property and the total assessed value of property
23	tax deductions in the unit under IC 6-1.1-12-41 or
24	IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the calendar year immediately preceding the
25	particular calendar year.
26	STEP THREE: Divide the sum of the three (3) quotients
27	computed in STEP TWO by three (3).
28	STEP FOUR: Compute separately, for each of the calendar years
29	determined in STEP ONE, the quotient (rounded to the nearest
30	ten-thousandth (0.0001)) of the sum of the total assessed value
31	of all taxable property in the state all counties and the total
32	assessed value of property tax deductions in all counties under
33	IC 6-1.1-12-41 or IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the particular calendar year,
34	divided by the sum of the total assessed value of all taxable
35	property in the state all counties and the total assessed value of
36	property tax deductions in all counties under IC 6-1.1-12-41 or
37	IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the calendar year immediately preceding the
38	particular calendar year.
39	STEP FIVE: Divide the sum of the three (3) quotients computed
40	in STEP FOUR by three (3).
41	STEP SIX: Divide the STEP THREE amount by the STEP FIVE
42	amount.



1	In addition, before the local government tax control board may
2	recommend the relief allowed under this subdivision, the civil
3	taxing unit must show a need for the increased levy because of
4	special circumstances, and the local government tax control board
5	must consider other sources of revenue and other means of relief.
6	The civil taxing unit may increase its levy by a percentage not
7	greater than the percentage by which the STEP THREE amount
8	exceeds the percentage by which the civil taxing unit may increase
9	its levy under section 3 of this chapter based on the assessed value
10	growth quotient determined under section 2 of this chapter.
11	(5) Permission to the civil taxing unit to increase its levy in excess
12	of the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter, if the
13	local government tax control board finds that the civil taxing unit
14	needs the increase to pay the costs of furnishing fire protection for
15	the civil taxing unit through a volunteer fire department. For
16	purposes of determining a township's need for an increased levy,
17	the local government tax control board shall not consider the
18	amount of money borrowed under IC 36-6-6-14 during the
19	immediately preceding calendar year. However, any increase in the
20	amount of the civil taxing unit's levy recommended by the local
21	government tax control board under this subdivision for the
22	ensuing calendar year may not exceed the lesser of:
23	(A) ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); or
24	(B) twenty percent (20%) of:
25	(i) the amount authorized for operating expenses of a volunteer
26	fire department in the budget of the civil taxing unit for the
27	immediately preceding calendar year; plus
28	(ii) the amount of any additional appropriations authorized
29	during that calendar year for the civil taxing unit's use in
30	paying operating expenses of a volunteer fire department
31	under this chapter; minus
32	(iii) the amount of money borrowed under IC 36-6-6-14 during
33	that calendar year for the civil taxing unit's use in paying
34	operating expenses of a volunteer fire department.
35	(6) Permission to a civil taxing unit to increase its levy in excess of
36	the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter in order
37	to raise revenues for pension payments and contributions the civil
38	taxing unit is required to make under IC 36-8. The maximum
39	increase in a civil taxing unit's levy that may be recommended
40	under this subdivision for an ensuing calendar year equals the
41	amount, if any, by which the pension payments and contributions

the civil taxing unit is required to make under IC 36-8 during the



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1	ensuing calendar year exceeds the product of one and one-tenth
2	(1.1) multiplied by the pension payments and contributions made
3	by the civil taxing unit under IC 36-8 during the calendar year that
4	immediately precedes the ensuing calendar year. For purposes of
5	this subdivision, "pension payments and contributions made by a
6	civil taxing unit" does not include that part of the payments or
7	contributions that are funded by distributions made to a civil taxing
8	unit by the state.
9	(7) Permission to increase its levy in excess of the limitations
10	established under section 3 of this chapter if the local government
11	tax control board finds that:
12	(A) the township's poor relief township assistance ad valorem
13	property tax rate is less than one and sixty-seven hundredths
14	cents (\$0.0167) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed
15	valuation; and
16	(B) the township needs the increase to meet the costs of

IC 12-30-4. The maximum increase that the board may recommend for a township is the levy that would result from an increase in the township's poor relief township assistance ad valorem property tax rate of one and sixty-seven hundredths cents (\$0.0167) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation minus the township's ad valorem property tax rate per one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation before the increase.

providing poor relief township assistance under IC 12-20 and

- (8) Permission to a civil taxing unit to increase its levy in excess of the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter if:
  - (A) the increase has been approved by the legislative body of the municipality with the largest population where the civil taxing unit provides public transportation services; and
  - (B) the local government tax control board finds that the civil taxing unit needs the increase to provide adequate public transportation services.

The local government tax control board shall consider tax rates and levies in civil taxing units of comparable population, and the effect (if any) of a loss of federal or other funds to the civil taxing unit that might have been used for public transportation purposes. However, the increase that the board may recommend under this subdivision for a civil taxing unit may not exceed the revenue that would be raised by the civil taxing unit based on a property tax rate of one cent (\$0.01) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation.













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1	(9) Permission to a civil taxing unit to increase the unit's levy in
2	excess of the limitations established under section 3 of this chapter
3	if the local government tax control board finds that:
4	(A) the civil taxing unit is:
5	(i) a county having a population of more than one hundred
6	forty-eight thousand (148,000) but less than one hundred
7	seventy thousand (170,000);
8	(ii) a city having a population of more than fifty-five thousand
9	(55,000) but less than fifty-nine thousand (59,000);
10	(iii) a city having a population of more than twenty-eight
11	thousand seven hundred (28,700) but less than twenty-nine
12	thousand (29,000);
13	(iv) a city having a population of more than fifteen thousand
14	four hundred (15,400) but less than sixteen thousand six
15	hundred (16,600); or
16	(v) a city having a population of more than seven thousand
17	(7,000) but less than seven thousand three hundred (7,300);
18	and
19	(B) the increase is necessary to provide funding to undertake
20	removal (as defined in IC 13-11-2-187) and remedial action (as
21	defined in IC 13-11-2-185) relating to hazardous substances (as
22	defined in IC 13-11-2-98) in solid waste disposal facilities or
23	industrial sites in the civil taxing unit that have become a
24	menace to the public health and welfare.
25	The maximum increase that the local government tax control board
26	may recommend for such a civil taxing unit is the levy that would
27	result from a property tax rate of six and sixty-seven hundredths
28	cents (\$0.0667) for each one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed
29	valuation. For purposes of computing the ad valorem property tax
30	levy limit imposed on a civil taxing unit under section 3 of this
31	chapter, the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for a
32	particular year does not include that part of the levy imposed under
33	this subdivision. In addition, a property tax increase permitted
34	under this subdivision may be imposed for only two (2) calendar
35	years.
36	(10) Permission for a county:
37	(A) having a population of more than eighty thousand (80,000)
38	but less than ninety thousand (90,000) to increase the county's
39	levy in excess of the limitations established under section 3 of
40	this chapter, if the local government tax control board finds that
41	the county needs the increase to meet the county's share of the

costs of operating a jail or juvenile detention center, including

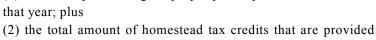


1	expansion of the facility, if the jail or juvenile detention center
2	is opened after December 31, 1991;
3	(B) that operates a county jail or juvenile detention center that
4	is subject to an order that:
5	(i) was issued by a federal district court; and
6	(ii) has not been terminated;
7	(C) that operates a county jail that fails to meet:
8	(i) American Correctional Association Jail Construction
9	Standards; and
10	(ii) Indiana jail operation standards adopted by the
11	department of correction; or
12	(D) that operates a juvenile detention center that fails to meet
13	standards equivalent to the standards described in clause (C) for
14	the operation of juvenile detention centers.
15	Before recommending an increase, the local government tax
16	control board shall consider all other revenues available to the
17	county that could be applied for that purpose. An appeal for
18	operating funds for a jail or a juvenile detention center shall be
19	considered individually, if a jail and juvenile detention center are
20	both opened in one (1) county. The maximum aggregate levy
21	increases that the local government tax control board may
22	recommend for a county equals the county's share of the costs of
23	operating the jail or a juvenile detention center for the first full
24	calendar year in which the jail or juvenile detention center is in
25	operation.
26	(11) Permission for a township to increase its levy in excess of the
27	limitations established under section 3 of this chapter, if the local
28	government tax control board finds that the township needs the
29	increase so that the property tax rate to pay the costs of furnishing
30	fire protection for a township, or a portion of a township, enables
31	the township to pay a fair and reasonable amount under a contract
32	with the municipality that is furnishing the fire protection.
33	However, for the first time an appeal is granted the resulting rate
34	increase may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the difference
35	between the rate imposed for fire protection within the
36	municipality that is providing the fire protection to the township
37	and the township's rate. A township is required to appeal a second
38	time for an increase under this subdivision if the township wants
39	to further increase its rate. However, a township's rate may be
40	increased to equal but may not exceed the rate that is used by the
41	municipality. More than one (1) township served by the same



municipality may use this appeal.

1	(12) Permission for a township to increase its levy in excess of the
2	limitations established under section 3 of this chapter, if the local
3	government tax control board finds that the township has been
4	required, for the three (3) consecutive years preceding the year for
5	which the appeal under this subdivision is to become effective, to
6	borrow funds under IC 36-6-6-14 to furnish fire protection for the
7	township or a part of the township. However, the maximum
8	increase in a township's levy that may be allowed under this
9	subdivision is the least of the amounts borrowed under
10	IC 36-6-6-14 during the preceding three (3) calendar years. A
11	township may elect to phase in an approved increase in its levy
12	under this subdivision over a period not to exceed three (3) years.
13	A particular township may appeal to increase its levy under this
14	section not more frequently than every fourth calendar year.
15	(13) Permission to a city having a population of more than
16	twenty-nine thousand (29,000) but less than thirty-one thousand
17	(31,000) to increase its levy in excess of the limitations established
18	under section 3 of this chapter if:
19	(A) an appeal was granted to the city under subdivision (1) in
20	1998, 1999, and 2000; and
21	(B) the increase has been approved by the legislative body of the
22	city, and the legislative body of the city has by resolution
23	determined that the increase is necessary to pay normal operating
24	expenses.
25	The maximum amount of the increase is equal to the amount of
26	property tax replacement credits under IC 6-3.5-1.1 that the city
27	petitioned to have reallocated in 2001 under subdivision (1) for a
28	purpose other than property tax relief.
29	SECTION 36. IC 6-1.1-21-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.245-2003,
30	SECTION 19, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.264-2003, SECTION 12,
31	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
32	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) Each year the department
33	shall allocate from the property tax replacement fund an amount equal
34	to the sum of:
35	(1) each county's total eligible property tax replacement amount for
36	that year; plus



(2) the total amount of homestead tax credits that are provided under IC 6-1.1-20.9 and allowed by each county for that year; plus (3) an amount for each county that has one (1) or more taxing districts that contain all or part of an economic development district that meets the requirements of section 5.5 of this chapter. This amount is the sum of the amounts determined under the



1	following STEPS for all taxing districts in the county that contain	
2	all or part of an economic development district:	
3	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts under	
4	section $2(g)(1)(A)$ and $2(g)(2)$ of this chapter that is attributable	
5	to the taxing district.	
6	STEP TWO: Divide:	
7	(A) that part of the subdivision (1) amount that is attributable	
8	to the taxing district; by	
9	(B) the STEP ONE sum.	
10	STEP THREE: Multiply:	
11	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; times	
12	(B) the taxes levied in the taxing district that are allocated to	
13	a special fund under IC 6-1.1-39-5.	
14	(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), between March 1 and	
15	August 31 of each year, the department shall distribute to each county	
16	treasurer from the property tax replacement fund one-half $(1/2)$ of the	
17	estimated distribution for that year for the county. Between September	
18	1 and December 15 of that year, the department shall distribute to each	
19	county treasurer from the property tax replacement fund the remaining	
20	one-half $(1/2)$ of each estimated distribution for that year. The amount	
21	of the distribution for each of these periods shall be according to a	
22	schedule determined by the property tax replacement fund board under	
23	section 10 of this chapter. The estimated distribution for each county	
24	may be adjusted from time to time by the department to reflect any	
25	changes in the total county tax levy upon which the estimated	
26	distribution is based.	
27	(c) On or before December 31 of each year or as soon thereafter as	
28	possible, the department shall make a final determination of the amount	
29	which should be distributed from the property tax replacement fund to	
30	each county for that calendar year. This determination shall be known	
31	as the final determination of distribution. The department shall	
32	distribute to the county treasurer or receive back from the county	
33	treasurer any deficit or excess, as the case may be, between the sum of	
34	the distributions made for that calendar year based on the estimated	
35	distribution and the final determination of distribution. The final	
36	determination of distribution shall be based on the auditor's abstract	
37	filed with the auditor of state, adjusted for postabstract adjustments	
38	included in the December settlement sheet for the year and such	



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additional information as the department may require.

(d) All distributions provided for in this section shall be made on

warrants issued by the auditor of state drawn on the treasurer of state. If the amounts allocated by the department from the property tax

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1	replacement fund exceed in the aggregate the balance of money in the
2	fund, then the amount of the deficiency shall be transferred from the
3	state general fund to the property tax replacement fund, and the auditor
4	of state shall issue a warrant to the treasurer of state ordering the
5	payment of that amount. However, any amount transferred under this
6	section from the general fund to the property tax replacement fund
7	shall, as soon as funds are available in the property tax replacement
8	fund, be retransferred from the property tax replacement fund to the
9	state general fund, and the auditor of state shall issue a warrant to the
10	treasurer of state ordering the replacement of that amount.
11	(e) Except as provided in subsection (i), the department shall not
12	distribute under subsection (b) and section 10 of this chapter the money
13	attributable to the county's property reassessment fund if:
14	(1) by the date the distribution is scheduled to be made, (1) the
15	county auditor has not sent a certified statement required to be sent
16	by that date under IC 6-1.1-17-1 to the department of local
17	government finance; or
18	(2) by the deadline under IC 36-2-9-20, the county auditor has not

- (2) by the deadline under IC 36-2-9-20, the county auditor has not transmitted data as required under that section; or
- (2) (3) the county assessor has not forwarded to the department of local government finance the duplicate copies of all approved exemption applications required to be forwarded by that date under IC 6-1.1-11-8(a).
- (f) Except as provided in subsection (i), if the elected township assessors in the county, the elected township assessors and the county assessor, or the county assessor has not transmitted to the department of local government finance by October 1 of the year in which the distribution is scheduled to be made the data for all townships in the county required to be transmitted under IC 6-1.1-4-25(b), the state board or the department shall not distribute under subsection (b) and section 10 of this chapter a part of the money attributable to the county's property reassessment fund. The portion not distributed is the amount that bears the same proportion to the total potential distribution as the number of townships in the county for which data was not transmitted by August 4 October 1 as described in this section bears to the total number of townships in the county.
- (g) Money not distributed under subsection (e) for the reasons stated in subsection (e)(1) and (e)(2) shall be distributed to the county when:
  - (1) the county auditor sends to the department of local government finance the certified statement required to be sent under IC 6-1.1-17-1; and
  - (2) the county assessor forwards to the department of local



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1	government finance the approved exemption applications required
2	to be forwarded under IC 6-1.1-11-8(a);
3	with respect to which the failure to send or forward resulted in the
4	withholding of the distribution under subsection (e).
5	(h) Money not distributed under subsection (f) shall be distributed to
6	the county when the elected township assessors in the county, the
7	elected township assessors and the county assessor, or the county
8	assessor transmits to the department of local government finance the
9	data required to be transmitted under IC 6-1.1-4-25(b) with respect to
10	which the failure to transmit resulted in the withholding of the
11	distribution under subsection (f).
12	(i) The restrictions on distributions under subsections (e) and (f) do
13	not apply if the department of local government finance determines
14	that:
15	(1) the failure of:
16	(A) a county auditor to send a certified statement; or
17	(B) a county assessor to forward copies of all approved
18	exemption applications;
19	as described in subsection (e); or
20	(2) the failure of an official to transmit data as described in
21	subsection (f);
22	is justified by unusual circumstances.
23	SECTION 37. IC 6-1.1-24-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003,
24	SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) When real property is sold under this
26	chapter, the purchaser at the sale shall immediately pay the amount of
27	the bid to the county treasurer. The county treasurer shall apply the
28	payment in the following manner:
29	(1) first, to the taxes, special assessments, penalties, and costs
30	described in section 5(e) of this chapter;
31	(2) second, to other delinquent property taxes in the manner
32	provided in IC 6-1.1-23-5(b); and
33	(3) third, to a separate "tax sale surplus fund".
34	(b) The:
35	(1) owner of record of the real property at the time the tax deed is
36	issued who is divested of ownership by the issuance of a tax deed;
37	or
38	(2) tax sale purchaser or purchaser's assignee, upon redemption of
39	the tract or item of real property;
40	may file a verified claim for money which is deposited in the tax sale
41	surplus fund. If the claim is approved by the county auditor and the

county treasurer, the county auditor shall issue a warrant to the



c	laimant	for	the	amount	due
С	iaimani	IOI	ıne	amount	aue.

- (c) If the person described in subsection (b)(1) acquired the property from a delinquent taxpayer after the property was sold at a tax sale under this chapter, the county auditor may not issue a warrant to the person unless the person is named on a tax sale surplus fund disclosure form filed with the county auditor under IC 32-2-8 (repealed). IC 32-21-8.
- (d) An amount deposited in the tax sale surplus fund shall be transferred by the county auditor to the county general fund and may not be disbursed under subsection (b) if it is not claimed within the three (3) year period after the date of its receipt.
- (e) If an amount applied to taxes under this section is later paid out of the county general fund to the purchaser or the purchaser's successor due to the invalidity of the sale, all the taxes shall be reinstated and recharged to the tax duplicate and collected in the same manner as if the property had not been offered for sale.
- (f) When a refund is made to any purchaser or purchaser's successor by reason of the invalidity of a sale, the county auditor shall, at the December settlement immediately following the refund, deduct the amount of the refund from the gross collections in the taxing district in which the land lies and shall pay that amount into the county general fund.

SECTION 38. IC 6-1.1-25-4.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.170-2003, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4.6. (a) After the expiration of the redemption period specified in section 4 of this chapter but not later than six (6) months after the expiration of the period of redemption:

- (1) the purchaser, the purchaser's assignee, the county, or the purchaser of the certificate of sale under IC 6-1.1-24 may; or
- (2) in a county where the county auditor and county treasurer have an agreement under section 4.7 of this chapter, the county auditor shall, upon the request of the purchaser or the purchaser's assignee; file a verified petition in the same court and under the same cause number in which the judgment of sale was entered asking the court to direct the county auditor to issue a tax deed if the real property is not redeemed from the sale. Notice of the filing of this petition shall be given to the same parties and in the same manner as provided in section 4.5 of this chapter, except that, if notice is given by publication, only one (1) publication is required. The notice required by this section is considered sufficient if the notice is sent to the address required by section 4.5(d) 4.5(e) of this chapter. Any person owning or having an

interest in the tract or real property may file a written objection to the

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petition with th	he court not later tha	in thirty (30)	days after	the date the
petition was fil	led. If a written obje	ction is time	ly filed, the	court shall
conduct a hear	ring on the objection	١.		

- (b) Not later than sixty-one (61) days after the petition is filed under subsection (a), the court shall enter an order directing the county auditor (on the production of the certificate of sale and a copy of the order) to issue to the petitioner a tax deed if the court finds that the following conditions exist:
  - (1) The time of redemption has expired.
  - (2) The tract or real property has not been redeemed from the sale before the expiration of the period of redemption specified in section 4 of this chapter.
  - (3) Except with respect to a petition for the issuance of a tax deed under a sale of the certificate of sale on the property under IC 6-1.1-24-6.1, all taxes and special assessments, penalties, and costs have been paid.
  - (4) The notices required by this section and section 4.5 of this chapter have been given.
  - (5) The petitioner has complied with all the provisions of law entitling the petitioner to a deed.

The county auditor shall execute deeds issued under this subsection in the name of the state under the county auditor's name. If a certificate of sale is lost before the execution of a deed, the county auditor shall issue a replacement certificate if the county auditor is satisfied that the original certificate existed.

- (c) Upon application by the grantee of a valid tax deed in the same court and under the same cause number in which the judgment of sale was entered, the court shall enter an order to place the grantee of a valid tax deed in possession of the real estate. The court may enter any orders and grant any relief that is necessary or desirable to place or maintain the grantee of a valid tax deed in possession of the real estate.
- (d) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), if the court refuses to enter an order directing the county auditor to execute and deliver the tax deed because of the failure of the petitioner under subsection (a) to fulfill the requirements of this section, the court shall order the return of the purchase price minus a penalty of twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of the purchase price. Penalties paid under this subsection shall be deposited in the county general fund.
  - (e) Notwithstanding subsection (d), in all cases in which:
    - (1) the petitioner under subsection (a) has made a bona fide attempt to comply with the statutory requirements under subsection
    - (b) for the issuance of the tax deed but has failed to comply with







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1	these requirements; and
2	(2) the court refuses to enter an order directing the county auditor
3	to execute and deliver the tax deed because of the failure to comply
4	with these requirements;
5	the county auditor shall not execute the deed but shall refund the
6	purchase money plus six percent (6%) interest per annum from the
7	county treasury to the purchaser, the purchaser's successors or
8	assignees, or the purchaser of the certificate of sale under IC 6-1.1-24.
9	The tract or item of real property, if it is then eligible for sale under
10	IC 6-1.1-24, shall be placed on the delinquent list as an initial offering
11	under IC 6-1.1-24-6.
12	(f) Notwithstanding subsections (d) and (e), the court shall not order
13	the return of the purchase price if:
14	(1) the purchaser or the purchaser of the certificate of sale under
15	IC 6-1.1-24 has failed to provide notice or has provided
16	insufficient notice as required by section 4.5 of this chapter; and
17	(2) the sale is otherwise valid.
18	(g) A tax deed executed under this section vests in the grantee an
19	estate in fee simple absolute, free and clear of all liens and
20	encumbrances created or suffered before or after the tax sale except
21	those liens granted priority under federal law, and the lien of the state
22	or a political subdivision for taxes and special assessments that accrue
23	subsequent to the sale. However, the estate is subject to all easements,
24	covenants, declarations, and other deed restrictions and laws governing
25	land use, including all zoning restrictions and liens and encumbrances
26	created or suffered by the purchaser at the tax sale. The deed is prima
27	facie evidence of:
28	(1) the regularity of the sale of the real property described in the
29	deed;
30	(2) the regularity of all proper proceedings; and
31	(3) valid title in fee simple in the grantee of the deed.
32	(h) A tax deed issued under this section is incontestable except by
33	appeal from the order of the court directing the county auditor to issue
34	the tax deed filed not later than sixty (60) days after the date of the
35	court's order.
36	SECTION 39. IC 6-1.5-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003,
37	SECTION 31, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.245-2003, SECTION 22,
38	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
39	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) The Indiana board shall
40	conduct impartial review of all appeals of final determinations of the

department of local government finance made under the following:



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(1) IC 6-1.1-8.

1	(2) IC 6-1.1-14-11.
2	(3) IC 6-1.1-16.
3	(4) IC 6-1.1-26-2.
4	(b) Each notice of final determination issued by the department of
5	local government finance under a statute listed in subsection (a) must
6	give the taxpayer notice of:
7	(1) the opportunity for review under this section; and
8	(2) the procedures the taxpayer must follow in order to obtain
9	review under this section.
10	(c) Except as provided in subsection (e), in order to obtain a review
11	by the Indiana board under this section, the taxpayer must file a petition
12	for review with the appropriate county assessor within not later than
13	forty-five (45) days after the notice of the department of local
14	government finance's action is given to the taxpayer.
15	(d) The county assessor shall transmit a petition for review under
16	subsection (c) to the Indiana board within not later than ten (10) days
17	after it the petition is filed.
18	(e) In order to obtain a review by the Indiana board of an appeal of
19	a final determination of the department of local government finance
20	under IC 6-1.1-8-30, the public utility company must follow the
21	procedures in IC 6-1.1-8-30.
22	(f) In order to obtain a review by the Indiana board of an appeal of
23	a final determination of the department of local government finance
24	under IC 6-1.1-12.1-5.7(h) (repealed) IC 6-1.1-12.1-5.4(h), the person
25	must follow the procedures in IC 6-1.1-12.1-5.7(h) (repealed).
26	<del>IC 6-1.1-12.1-5.4(h).</del>
27	SECTION 40. IC 6-1.5-6-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.245-2003,
28	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The Indiana board may adopt rules
30	under IC 4-22-2, including emergency rules under <del>IC 4-22-2-37.1,</del>
31	IC 4-22-2.1, to establish procedures for the conduct of proceedings
32	before the Indiana board under this article, including procedures for:
33	(1) prehearing conferences;
34	(2) hearings;
35	(3) allowing the Indiana board, upon agreement of all parties to the
36	proceeding, to determine that a petition does not require a hearing
37	because it presents substantially the same issue that was decided
38	in a prior Indiana board determination;
39	(4) voluntary arbitration;
40	(5) voluntary mediation;
41	(6) submission of an agreed record;
42	(7) upon agreement of all parties to the proceedings, joinder of



1	petitions concerning the same or similar issues; and
2	(8) small claims.
3	(b) Rules under subsection (a)(8):
4	(1) may include rules that:
5	(A) prohibit discovery;
6	(B) restrict the length of a hearing; and
7	(C) establish when a hearing is not required; and
8	(2) must include rules that:
9	(A) permit a party to a proceeding subject to the Indiana board's
10	procedures for small claims to elect that those procedures do not
11	apply to the proceeding; and
12	(B) permit an agreement among all parties to a proceeding not
13	subject to the Indiana board's procedures for small claims that
14	those procedures apply to the proceeding.
15	SECTION 41. IC 6-2.5-1-21, AS ADDED BY P.L.257-2003,
16	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 21. (a) "Lease" or "rental" means any transfer
18	of possession or control of tangible personal property for a fixed or
19	indeterminate term for consideration and may include future options to
20	purchase or extend. "Lease" or "rental" does not include:
21	(1) a transfer of possession or control of property under a security
22	agreement or deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of
23	title upon completion of the required payments;
24	(2) a transfer or of possession or control of property under an
25	agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of
26	required payments and payment of an option price that does not
27	exceed the greater of one hundred dollars (\$100) or one percent
28	(1%) of the total required payments; or
29	(3) providing tangible personal property along with an operator for
30	a fixed or indeterminate period, if:
31	(A) the operator is necessary for the equipment to perform as
32	designed; and
33	(B) the operator does more than maintain, inspect, or set up the
34	tangible personal property.
35	(b) "Lease" or "rental" includes agreements covering motor vehicles
36	and trailers in which the amount of consideration may be increased or
37	decreased by reference to the amount realized upon sale or disposition
38	of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C. 7701(h)(1).
39	(c) The definition of "lease" or "rental" set forth in this section
40	applies throughout this article, regardless of whether a transaction is
41	characterized as a lease or rental under generally accepted accounting
12	principles, the Internal Revenue Code, the uniform commercial code



1	(IC 26-1), or other provisions of federal, state, or local law.
2	(d) This section applies only to leases or rentals entered into after
3	June 30, 2003, and has no retroactive effect on leases or rentals entered
4	into before July 1, 2003.
5	SECTION 42. IC 6-2.5-6-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003,
6	SECTION 32, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.269-2003, SECTION 3,
7	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. A person is entitled to a
9	refund from the department if:
10	(1) a retail merchant erroneously or illegally collects state gross
11	retail or use taxes under this article from the person;
12	(2) the retail merchant remits the taxes to the department;
13	(3) the retail merchant does not refund the taxes to the person; and
14	(4) the person properly applies for the refund under the refund
15	provisions of the gross income tax law contained in IC 6-2.1
16	<del>(repealed)</del> IC 6-8.1-9.
17	SECTION 43. IC 6-2.5-6-14.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
18	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
19	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14.1. Notwithstanding the
20	refund provisions of this article as incorporated from the gross
21	income tax law (IC 6-2.1, repealed), a retail merchant is not
22	entitled to a refund of state gross retail or use taxes unless the
23	retail merchant refunds those taxes to the person from whom they
24	were collected.
25	SECTION 44. IC 6-2.5-6-14.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
26	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
27	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14.2. (a) The department shall
28	annually compile a list of retail merchants that sell tobacco
29	products. The list must include the following information:
30	(1) On a county by county basis:
31	(A) the name of each retail merchant that sells tobacco
32	products in the county; and
33	(B) the business address of each location in the county at
34	which a retail merchant sells tobacco products.
35	(2) The name and business address of each retail merchant that
36	has begun to sell tobacco products since the previous report
37	was compiled.
38	(3) The name and business address of each retail merchant that
39	has ceased to sell tobacco products since the previous report
40	was compiled.
41	(b) The department shall deliver each list prepared under this



section to:

1	(1) the division of mental health and addiction; and
2	(2) the alcohol and tobacco commission.
3	(c) A retail merchant that sells tobacco products shall provide the
4	department with the information required for the preparation of
5	the list under this section.
6	(d) The department shall prescribe a form to be used in collecting
7	information under this section from retail merchants that sell
8	tobacco products. A form prescribed under this subsection may be
9	a modified version of an existing form.
10	SECTION 45. IC 6-3.5-1.1-3.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003,
11	SECTION 40, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.6. (a) This section applies only to a county
13	having a population of more than six thousand (6,000) but less than
14	eight thousand (8,000).
15	(b) The county council may, by ordinance, determine that additional
16	county adjusted gross income tax revenue is needed in the county to:
17	(1) finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate, or equip the
18	county courthouse; and
19	(2) repay bonds issued, or leases entered into, for constructing,
20	acquiring, improving, renovating, and equipping the county
21	courthouse.
22	(c) In addition to the rates permitted under section 2 of this chapter,
23	the county council may impose the county adjusted gross income tax
24	at a rate of twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%) on the adjusted
25	gross income of county taxpayers if the county council makes the
26	finding and determination set forth in subsection (b). The tax imposed
27	under this section may be imposed only until the later of the date on
28	which the financing on, acquisition, improvement, renovation, and
29	equipping described in subsection (b) is completed or the date on
30	which the last of any bonds issued or leases entered into to finance the
31	construction, acquisition, improvement, renovation, and equipping
32	described in subsection (b) are fully paid. The term of the bonds issued
33	(including any refunding bonds) or a lease entered into under
34	subsection (b)(2) may not exceed twenty-two (22) years.
35	(d) If the county council makes a determination under subsection (b),
36	the county council may adopt a tax rate under subsection (c). The tax
37	rate may not be imposed for a time greater than is necessary to pay the
38	costs of financing, constructing, acquiring, renovating, and equipping

(e) The county treasurer shall establish a county jail courthouse

revenue fund to be used only for purposes described in this section.

County adjusted gross income tax revenues derived from the tax rate



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the county courthouse.

1	imposed under this section shall be deposited in the county jail
2	courthouse revenue fund before a certified distribution is made under
3	section 11 of this chapter.
4	(f) County adjusted gross income tax revenues derived from the tax
5	rate imposed under this section:
6	(1) may only be used for the purposes described in this section;
7	(2) may not be considered by the department of local government
8	finance in determining the county's maximum permissible property
9	tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5; and
10	(3) may be pledged to the repayment of bonds issued or leases
11	entered into for purposes described in subsection (b).
12	(g) A county described in subsection (a) possesses unique economic
13	development challenges due to:
14	(1) the county's heavy agricultural base;
15	(2) the presence of a large amount of state owned property in the
16	county that is exempt from property taxation; and
17	(3) recent obligations of the school corporation in the county that
18	have already increased property taxes in the county and imposed
19	additional property tax burdens on the county's agricultural base.
20	Maintaining low property tax rates is essential to economic
21	development. The use of county adjusted gross income tax revenues as
22	provided in this chapter to pay any bonds issued or leases entered into
23	to finance the construction, acquisition, improvement, renovation, and
24	equipping described in subsection (b), rather than the use of property
25	taxes, promotes that purpose.
26	(h) Notwithstanding any other law, funds accumulated from the
27	county adjusted gross income tax imposed under this section after:
28	(1) the redemption of the bonds issued; or
29	(2) the final payment of lease rentals due under a lease entered into
30	under this section;
31	shall be transferred to the county highway fund to be used for
32	construction, resurfacing, restoration, and rehabilitation of county
33	highways, roads, and bridges.
34	SECTION 46. IC 6-3.5-6-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2003,
35	SECTION 247, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) A county income tax
37	council of a county in which the county option income tax is in effect
38	may adopt an ordinance to increase the percentage credit allowed for
39	homesteads in its county under IC 6-1.1-20.9-2.
40	(b) A county income tax council may not increase the percentage

credit allowed for homesteads by an amount that exceeds the amount

determined in the last STEP of the following formula:

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1	STEP ONE: Determine the amount of the sum of all property tax
2	levies for all taxing units in a county which are to be paid in the
3	county in 2003 as reflected by the auditor's abstract for the 2002
4	assessment year, adjusted, however, for any postabstract
5	adjustments which change the amount of the levies.
6	STEP TWO: Determine the amount of the county's estimated
7	property tax replacement under IC 6-1.1-21-3(a) for property taxes
8	first due and payable in 2003.
9	STEP THREE: Subtract the STEP TWO amount from the STEP
10	ONE amount.
11	STEP FOUR: Determine the amount of the county's total county
12	levy (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)) for property taxes first due
13	and payable in 2003.
14	STEP FIVE: Subtract the STEP FOUR amount from the STEP
15	ONE amount.
16	STEP SIX: Subtract the STEP FIVE result from the STEP THREE
17	result.
18	STEP SEVEN: Divide the STEP THREE result by the STEP SIX
19	result.
20	STEP EIGHT: Multiply the STEP SEVEN result by
21	eight-hundredths (0.08).
22	STEP NINE: Round the STEP EIGHT product to the nearest
23	one-thousandth (0.001) and express the result as a percentage.
24	(c) The increase of the homestead credit percentage must be uniform
25	for all homesteads in a county.
26	(d) In the ordinance that increases the homestead credit percentage,
27	a county income tax council may provide for a series of increases or
28	decreases to take place for each of a group of succeeding calendar
29	years.
30	(e) An ordinance may be adopted under this section after January 1
31	but before June 1 of a calendar year.
32	(f) An ordinance adopted under this section takes effect on January
33	1 of the next succeeding calendar year.
34	(g) Any ordinance adopted under this section for a county is repealed
35	for a year if on January 1 of that year the county option income tax is
36	not in effect.
37	SECTION 47. IC 6-3.5-7-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2003,
38	SECTION 254, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.42-2003, SECTION 5,
39	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
40	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in
41	subsection (c), the county economic development income tax may be
42	imposed on the adjusted gross income of county taxpayers. The entity



1	that may impose the tax is:
2	(1) the county income tax council (as defined in IC 6-3.5-6-1) if
3	the county option income tax is in effect on January 1 of the year
4	the county economic development income tax is imposed;
5	(2) the county council if the county adjusted gross income tax is in
6	effect on January 1 of the year the county economic development
7	tax is imposed; or
8	(3) the county income tax council or the county council, whichever
9	acts first, for a county not covered by subdivision (1) or (2).
10	To impose the county economic development income tax, a county
11	income tax council shall use the procedures set forth in IC 6-3.5-6
12	concerning the imposition of the county option income tax.
13	(b) Except as provided in subsections (c), (g), (k), and (p), and (r) the
14	county economic development income tax may be imposed at a rate of:
15	(1) one-tenth percent (0.1%);
16	(2) two-tenths percent (0.2%);
17	(3) twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%);
18	(4) three-tenths percent (0.3%);
19	(5) thirty-five hundredths percent (0.35%);
20	(6) four-tenths percent (0.4%);
21	(7) forty-five hundredths percent (0.45%); or
22	(8) five-tenths percent (0.5%);
23	on the adjusted gross income of county taxpayers.
24	(c) Except as provided in subsection (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), (m), (n), (o),
25	or (p), the county economic development income tax rate plus the
26	county adjusted gross income tax rate, if any, that are in effect on
27	January 1 of a year may not exceed one and twenty-five hundredths
28	percent (1.25%). Except as provided in subsection (g) or (p), the county
29	economic development tax rate plus the county option income tax rate,
30	if any, that are in effect on January 1 of a year may not exceed one
31	percent (1%).
32	(d) To impose, increase, decrease, or rescind the county economic
33	development income tax, the appropriate body must, after January 1 but
34	before April 1 of a year, adopt an ordinance. The ordinance to impose
35	the tax must substantially state the following:
36	"The County imposes the county economic
37	development income tax on the county taxpayers of
38	County. The county economic development income tax is imposed at
39	a rate of percent (%) on the county taxpayers of the
40	county. This tax takes effect July 1 of this year.".
41	(e) Any ordinance adopted under this chapter takes effect July 1 of
42	the year the ordinance is adopted.



1	(f) The auditor of a county shall record all votes taken on ordinances
2	presented for a vote under the authority of this chapter and shall, not
3	more than ten (10) days after the vote, send a certified copy of the
4	results to the commissioner of the department by certified mail.
5	(g) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more
6	than one hundred forty-eight thousand (148,000) but less than one
7	hundred seventy thousand (170,000). Except as provided in subsection
8	(p), in addition to the rates permitted by subsection (b), the:
9	(1) county economic development income tax may be imposed at
10	a rate of:
11	(A) fifteen-hundredths percent (0.15%);
12	(B) two-tenths percent (0.2%); or
13	(C) twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%); and
14	(2) county economic development income tax rate plus the county
15	option income tax rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year may
16	equal up to one and twenty-five hundredths percent (1.25%);
17	if the county income tax council makes a determination to impose rates
18	under this subsection and section 22 of this chapter.
19	(h) For a county having a population of more than forty-one thousand
20	(41,000) but less than forty-three thousand (43,000), except as
21	provided in subsection (p), the county economic development income
22	tax rate plus the county adjusted gross income tax rate that are in effect
23	on January 1 of a year may not exceed one and thirty-five hundredths
24	percent (1.35%) if the county has imposed the county adjusted gross
25	income tax at a rate of one and one-tenth percent (1.1%) under
26	IC 6-3.5-1.1-2.5.
27	(i) For a county having a population of more than thirteen thousand
28	five hundred (13,500) but less than fourteen thousand (14,000), except
29	as provided in subsection (p), the county economic development
30	income tax rate plus the county adjusted gross income tax rate that are
31	in effect on January 1 of a year may not exceed one and fifty-five
32	hundredths percent (1.55%).
33	(j) For a county having a population of more than seventy-one
34	thousand (71,000) but less than seventy-one thousand four hundred
35	(71,400), except as provided in subsection (p), the county economic
36	development income tax rate plus the county adjusted gross income tax
37	rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year may not exceed one and
38	five-tenths percent (1.5%).
39	(k) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more
40	than twenty-seven thousand four hundred (27,400) but less than
41	twenty-seven thousand five hundred (27,500). Except as provided in

subsection (p), in addition to the rates permitted under subsection (b):



1	(1) the county economic development income tax may be imposed
2	at a rate of twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%); and
3	(2) the sum of the county economic development income tax rate
4	and the county adjusted gross income tax rate that are in effect on
5	January 1 of a year may not exceed one and five-tenths percent
6	(1.5%);
7	if the county council makes a determination to impose rates under this
8	subsection and section 22.5 of this chapter.
9	(1) For a county having a population of more than twenty-nine
10	thousand (29,000) but less than thirty thousand (30,000), except as
11	provided in subsection (p), the county economic development income
12	tax rate plus the county adjusted gross income tax rate that are in effect
13	on January 1 of a year may not exceed one and five-tenths percent
14	(1.5%).
15	(m) For:
16	(1) a county having a population of more than one hundred
17	eighty-two thousand seven hundred ninety (182,790) but less than
18	two hundred thousand (200,000); or
19	(2) a county having a population of more than forty-five thousand
20	(45,000) but less than forty-five thousand nine hundred (45,900);
21	except as provided in subsection (p), the county economic development
22	income tax rate plus the county adjusted gross income tax rate that are
23	in effect on January 1 of a year may not exceed one and five-tenths
24	percent (1.5%).
25	(n) For a county having a population of more than six thousand
26	(6,000) but less than eight thousand (8,000), except as provided in
27	subsection (p), the county economic development income tax rate plus
28	the county adjusted gross income tax rate that are in effect on January
29	1 of a year may not exceed one and five-tenths percent (1.5%).
30	(o) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more
31	than thirty-nine thousand (39,000) but less than thirty-nine thousand
32	six hundred (39,600). Except as provided in subsection (p), in addition
33	to the rates permitted under subsection (b):
34	(1) the county economic development income tax may be imposed
35	at a rate of twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%); and
36	(2) the sum of the county economic development income tax rate
37	and:
38	(A) the county adjusted gross income tax rate that are in effect
39	on January 1 of a year may not exceed one and five-tenths
40	percent (1.5%); or
41	(B) the county option income tax rate that are in effect on
12	January 1 of a year may not exceed one and twenty-five



1	hundredths percent (1.25%);	
2	if the county council makes a determination to impose rates under this	
3	subsection and section 24 of this chapter.	
4	(p) In addition:	
5	(1) the county economic development income tax may be imposed	
6	at a rate that exceeds by not more than twenty-five hundredths	
7	percent (0.25%) the maximum rate that would otherwise apply	
8	under this section; and	
9	(2) the:	
10	(A) county economic development income tax; and	
11	(B) county option income tax or county adjusted gross income	
12	tax;	
13	may be imposed at combined rates that exceed by not more than	
14	twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%) the maximum combined	
15	rates that would otherwise apply under this section.	
16	However, the additional rate imposed under this subsection may not	
17	exceed the amount necessary to mitigate the increased ad valorem	
18	property taxes on homesteads (as defined in IC 6-1.1-20.9-1) resulting	
19	from the deduction of the assessed value of inventory in the county	
20	under IC 6-1.1-12-41 or IC 6-1.1-12-42.	
21	(q) If the county economic development income tax is imposed as	
22	authorized under subsection (p) at a rate that exceeds the maximum	
23	rate that would otherwise apply under this section, the certified	
24	distribution must be used for the purpose provided in section 25(e) or	
25	26 of this chapter to the extent that the certified distribution results	
26	from the difference between:	
27	(1) the actual county economic development tax rate; and	
28	(2) the maximum rate that would otherwise apply under this	
29	section.	
30	(r) This subsection applies only to a county described in section 27	
31	of this chapter. Except as provided in subsection (p), in addition to the	
32	rates permitted by subsection (b), the:	
33	(1) county economic development income tax may be imposed at	
34	a rate of twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%); and	
35	(2) county economic development income tax rate plus the county	
36	option income tax rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year	
37	may equal up to one and twenty-five hundredths percent (1.25%);	
38	if the county council makes a determination to impose rates under this	
39	subsection and section 27 of this chapter.	
40	(r) (s) Except as provided in subsection (p), the county economic	
41	development income tax rate plus the county adjusted gross income tax	
42	rate that are in effect on January 1 of a year may not exceed one and	



1	five-tenths percent (1.5%) if the county has imposed the county
2	adjusted gross income tax under IC 6-3.5-1.1-3.3.
3	SECTION 48. IC 6-3.5-7-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2003,
4	SECTION 255, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.255-2003, SECTION 6,
5	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
6	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) Except as provided in
7	sections 23, 25, and 26, and 27 of this chapter, the county auditor shall
8	distribute in the manner specified in this section the certified
9	distribution to the county.
10	(b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (h) and sections 15 and
11	25 of this chapter, the amount of the certified distribution that the
12	county and each city or town in a county is entitled to receive during
13	May and November of each year equals the product of the following:
14	(1) The amount of the certified distribution for that month;
15	multiplied by
16	(2) A fraction. The numerator of the fraction equals the sum of the
17	following:
18	(A) Total property taxes that are first due and payable to the
19	county, city, or town during the calendar year in which the
20	month falls; plus
21	(B) For a county, an amount equal to
22	(i) the property taxes imposed by the county in 1999 for the
23	county's welfare fund and welfare administration fund. plus
24	(ii) after December 31, 2004, the greater of zero (0) or the
25	difference between the county hospital care for the indigent
26	property tax levy imposed by the county in 2004, adjusted
27	each year after 2004 by the statewide average assessed value
28	growth quotient described in IC 12-16-14-3, minus the current
29	uninsured parents program property tax levy imposed by the
30	<del>county.</del>
31	The denominator of the fraction equals the sum of the total
32	property taxes that are first due and payable to the county and all
33	cities and towns of the county during the calendar year in which
34	the month falls, plus an amount equal to the property taxes
35	imposed by the county in 1999 for the county's welfare fund and
36	welfare administration fund. and after December 31, 2004, the
37	greater of zero (0) or the difference between the county hospital

care for the indigent property tax levy imposed by the county in 2004, adjusted each year after 2004 by the statewide average  $assessed\ value\ growth\ quotient\ described\ in\ IC\ 12-16-14-3, minus$ the current uninsured parents program property tax levy imposed by the county.



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1	(c) This subsection applies to a county council or county income tax
2	council that imposes a tax under this chapter after June 1, 1992. The
3	body imposing the tax may adopt an ordinance before July 1 of a year
4	to provide for the distribution of certified distributions under this
5	subsection instead of a distribution under subsection (b). The following
6	apply if an ordinance is adopted under this subsection:
7	(1) The ordinance is effective January 1 of the following year.
8	(2) Except as provided in sections 25 and 26 of this chapter, the
9	amount of the certified distribution that the county and each city
10	and town in the county is entitled to receive during May and
11	November of each year equals the product of:
12	(A) the amount of the certified distribution for the month;
13	multiplied by
14	(B) a fraction. For a city or town, the numerator of the fraction
15	equals the population of the city or the town. For a county, the
16	numerator of the fraction equals the population of the part of the
17	county that is not located in a city or town. The denominator of
18	the fraction equals the sum of the population of all cities and
19	towns located in the county and the population of the part of the
20	county that is not located in a city or town.
21	(3) The ordinance may be made irrevocable for the duration of
22	specified lease rental or debt service payments.
23	(d) The body imposing the tax may not adopt an ordinance under
24	subsection (c) if, before the adoption of the proposed ordinance, any of
25	the following have pledged the county economic development income
26	tax for any purpose permitted by IC 5-1-14 or any other statute:
27	(1) The county.
28	(2) A city or town in the county.
29	(3) A commission, a board, a department, or an authority that is
30	authorized by statute to pledge the county economic development

- authorized by statute to pledge the county economic development income tax.
- (e) The department of local government finance shall provide each county auditor with the fractional amount of the certified distribution that the county and each city or town in the county is entitled to receive under this section.
- (f) Money received by a county, city, or town under this section shall be deposited in the unit's economic development income tax fund.
- (g) Except as provided in subsection (b)(2)(B), in determining the fractional amount of the certified distribution the county and its cities and towns are entitled to receive under subsection (b) during a calendar year, the department of local government finance shall consider only property taxes imposed on tangible property subject to assessment in



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1	that county.
2	(h) In a county having a consolidated city, only the consolidated city
3	is entitled to the certified distribution, subject to the requirements of
4	sections 15, 25, and 26 of this chapter.
5	SECTION 49. IC 6-3.5-7-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003,
6	SECTION 46, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.272-2003, SECTION 6,
7	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26. (a) This section applies only
9	to homestead credits for property taxes first due and payable after
10	calendar year 2006.
11	(b) For purposes of this section, "adopting entity" means: the entity
12	that:
13	(1) the entity that adopts an ordinance under IC 6-1.1-12-41(f); or
14	(2) any other entity that may impose a county economic
15	development income tax under section 5 of this chapter.
16	(c) An adopting entity may adopt an ordinance to provide for the use
17	of the certified distribution described in section 16(c) of this chapter for
18	the purpose provided in subsection (e). An adopting entity that adopts
19	an ordinance under this subsection shall use the procedures set forth in
20	IC 6-3.5-6 concerning the adoption of an ordinance for the imposition
21	of the county option income tax. An ordinance must be adopted under
22	this subsection after January 1 but before April 1 of a calendar year.
23	The ordinance may provide for an additional rate under section 5(p) of
24	this chapter. An ordinance adopted under this subsection:
25	(1) first applies to the certified distribution described in section
26	16(c) of this chapter made in the later of the calendar year that
27	immediately succeeds the calendar year in which the ordinance is
28	adopted or calendar year 2007; and
29	(2) must specify that the certified distribution must be used <i>for the</i>
30	<del>purpose</del> to provide for:
31	(A) uniformly applied increased homestead credits as provided
32	in subsection (e). (f); or
33	(B) allocated increased homestead credits as provided in
34	subsection (h).
35	An ordinance adopted under this subsection may be combined with an
36	ordinance adopted under section 25 of this chapter.
37	(d) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (c), the percentage of
38	the certified distribution specified in the ordinance for use for the
39	purpose provided in subsection (e) shall be:
40	(1) retained by the county auditor under subsection (g); and
41	(2) used for the purpose provided in subsection (e) instead of the

purposes specified in the capital improvement plans adopted under



1	section 15 of this chapter.
2	(e) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (c), the adopting
3	entity shall use the certified distribution described in section 16(c) of
4	this chapter to increase the <i>percentage of the</i> homestead credit allowed
5	in the county under IC 6-1.1-20.9 for a year to offset the effect on
6	homesteads in the county resulting from the statewide deduction for
7	inventory under IC 6-1.1-12-42.
8	(f) If the imposing entity specifies the application of uniform
9	increased homestead credits under subsection $(c)(2)(A)$ , the county
10	auditor shall, for each calendar year in which an increased homestead
11	credit percentage is authorized under this section, determine:
12	(1) the amount of the certified distribution that is available to
13	provide an increased homestead credit percentage for the year;
14	(2) the amount of uniformly applied homestead credits for the year
15	in the county that equals the amount determined under subdivision
16	(1); and
17	(3) the increased percentage of homestead credit that equates to the
18	amount of homestead credits determined under subdivision (2).
19	(f) (g) The increased percentage of homestead credit determined by
20	the county auditor under subsection (e) (f) applies uniformly in the
21	county in the calendar year for which the increased percentage is
22	determined.
23	(h) If the imposing entity specifies the application of allocated
24	increased homestead credits under subsection $(c)(2)(B)$ , the county
25	auditor shall, for each calendar year in which an increased homestead
26	credit is authorized under this section, determine:
27	(1) the amount of the certified distribution that is available to
28	provide an increased homestead credit for the year; and
29	(2) an increased percentage of homestead credit for each taxing
30	district in the county that allocates to the taxing district an amount
31	of increased homestead credits that bears the same proportion to
32	the amount determined under subdivision (1) that the amount of
33	inventory assessed value deducted under IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the
34	taxing district for the immediately preceding year's assessment
35	date bears to the total inventory assessed value deducted under
36	IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the county for the immediately preceding year's
37	assessment date.
38	(g) (i) The county auditor shall retain from the payments of the
39	county's certified distribution an amount equal to the revenue lost, if
40	any, due to the increase of the homestead credit within the county. The

money shall be distributed to the civil taxing units and school



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corporations of the county:

1	(1) as if the money were from property tax collections; and
2	(2) in such a manner that no civil taxing unit or school corporation
3	will suffer a net revenue loss because of the allowance of an
4	increased homestead credit.
5	SECTION 50. IC 6-3.5-7-27, AS ADDED BY P.L.224-2003,
6	SECTION 257, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 27. (a) This section applies to
8	a county that:
9	(1) operates a courthouse that is subject to an order that:
10	(A) is issued by a federal district court;
11	(B) applies to an action commenced before January 1, 2003; and
12	(C) requires the county to comply with the American federal
13	Americans with Disabilities Act; and
14	(2) has insufficient revenues to finance the construction,
15	acquisition, improvement, renovation, equipping, and operation of
16	the courthouse facilities and related facilities.
17	(b) A county described in this section possesses unique fiscal
18	challenges in financing, renovating, equipping, and operating the
19	county courthouse facilities and related facilities because the county
20	consistently has one has one of the highest unemployment rates in
21	Indiana. Maintaining low property tax rates is essential to economic
22	development in the county. The use of economic development income
23	tax revenues under this section for the purposes described in subsection
24	(c) promotes that purpose.
25	(c) In addition to actions authorized by section 5 of this chapter, a
26	county council may, using the procedures set forth in this chapter,
27	adopt an ordinance to impose an additional county economic
28	development income tax on the adjusted gross income of county
29	taxpayers. The ordinance imposing the additional tax must include a
30	finding that revenues from additional tax are needed to pay the costs of:
31	(1) constructing, acquiring, improving, renovating, equipping, or
32	operating the county courthouse or related facilities;
33	(2) repaying any bonds issued, or leases entered into, for
34	constructing, acquiring, improving, renovating, equipping, or
35	operating the county courthouse or related facilities; and
36	(3) economic development projects described in the county's
37	capital improvement plan.
38	(d) The tax rate imposed under this section may not exceed
39	twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).
40	(e) If the county council adopts an ordinance to impose an additional
41	tax under this section, the county auditor shall immediately send a

certified copy of the ordinance to the department by certified mail. The



county treasurer shall establish a county facilities revenue fund to be used only for the purposes described in subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2). The amount of county economic development income tax revenues derived from the tax rate imposed under this section that are necessary to pay the costs described in subsection (c)(1) and (c)(2) shall be deposited into the county facilities revenue fund before a certified distribution is made under section 12 of this chapter. The remainder shall be deposited into the economic development income tax funds of the county's units.

- (f) County economic development income tax revenues derived from the tax rate imposed under this section may not be used for purposes other than those described in this section.
- (g) County economic development income tax revenues derived from the tax rate imposed under this section that are deposited into the county facilities revenue fund may not be considered by the department of local government finance in determining the county's ad valorem property tax levy for an ensuing calendar year under IC 6-1.1-18.5.
- (h) Notwithstanding section 5 of this chapter, and an ordinance may be adopted under this section at any time. If the ordinance is adopted before June 1 of a year, a tax rate imposed under this section takes effect July 1 of that year. If the ordinance is adopted after May 31 of a year, a tax rate imposed under this section takes effect on the January 1 immediately following adoption of the ordinance.
- (i) For a county adopting an ordinance before June 1 in a year, in determining the certified distribution under section 11 of this chapter for the calendar year beginning with the immediately following January 1 and each calendar year thereafter, the department shall take into account the certified ordinance mailed to the department under subsection (e). For a county adopting an ordinance after May 31, the department shall issue an initial or a revised certified distribution for the calendar year beginning with the immediately following January 1. Except for a county adopting an ordinance after May 31, a county's certified distribution shall be distributed on the dates specified under section 16 of this chapter. In the case of a county adopting an ordinance after May 31, the county, beginning with the calendar year beginning on the immediately following January 1, shall receive the entire certified distribution for the calendar year on November 1 of the year.
- (j) Notwithstanding any other law, funds accumulated from the county economic development income tax imposed under this section and deposited into the the county facilities revenue fund or any other revenues of the county may be deposited into a nonreverting fund of the county to be used for operating costs of the courthouse facilities,











juvenile detention facilities, or related facilities. Amounts in the county nonreverting fund may not be used by the department of local government finance to reduce the county's ad valorem property tax levy for an ensuing calendar year under IC 6-1.1-18.5.

SECTION 51. IC 7.1-3-17.5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. The commission may adopt emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 IC 4-22-2.1 concerning the following for an excursion and adjacent landsite permit:

- (1) Issuance.
- (2) Scope.

- (3) Permit fee.
- (4) Expiration.
- (5) Revocation and suspension.

SECTION 52. IC 8-1-2-113 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 113. (a) The commission may, when it considers necessary to prevent injury to the business or interests of the people or any public utility of this state in case of any emergency to be judged by the commission, temporarily alter, amend, or with the consent of the public utility concerned, suspend any existing rates, service, practices, schedules, and order relating to or affecting any public utility or part of any public utility in this state. The alterations, amendments, or suspensions of the rates, service, schedules, or practices made by the commission shall apply to one (1) or more of the public utilities in this state or to any portion thereof, as directed by the commission, and shall take effect at the time and remain in force for the length of time prescribed by the commission.

(b) The commission may adopt emergency rules under <del>IC 4-22-2-37.1</del> IC 4-22-2.1 to carry out this section.

SECTION 53. IC 8-6-15-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.87-2003, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. The department shall designate an abandoned or unused railroad grade crossing under IC 9-21-12-5: as abandoned or unused.

SECTION 54. IC 8-10-1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.271-2003, SECTION 12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2003, SECTION 212, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.165-2003, SECTION 1, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) A special and distinct revolving fund is hereby created, to be known as the Indiana port fund. Expenditures from said fund shall be made only for the *following*:

(1) Acquisition of the following: (1) land including lands under









- water and riparian rights, or options for the purchase of such land for a port *or project* site, and incidental expenses incurred in connection with such acquisition.
- (2) Studies in connection with the port *or* project.
- (3) Studies in connection with transportation by water, intermodal transportation, and other modes of transportation.
- (4) (5) Transfers to the fund established by IC 14-13-2-19 to carry out the purposes of IC 14-13-2.
- (5) (4) Administrative expenses of the commission.

The fund shall be held in the name of the Indiana port commission, shall be administered by the commission, and all expenditures therefrom shall be made by the commission, subject, however, to the approval by governor and the state budget committee of all expenditures of moneys advanced to said fund by the state of Indiana. Requests for such approval shall be made in such form as shall be prescribed by the budget committee, but expenditures for acquisition of land including lands under water and riparian rights, or options for the purchase of such land, shall be specifically requested and approved as to the land to be acquired and the amount to be expended. No transfers from said fund to any other fund of the state shall be made except pursuant to legislative action. All unexpended funds appropriated to the Indiana board of public harbors and terminals by Acts 1957, c.286, s.6, are hereby transferred to and made a part of the Indiana port fund created by this section, and shall be expended for the purpose and in the manner provided by this chapter, subject only to the restrictions contained in this chapter and no others. provided, However, that not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) shall be expended for any purpose other than the acquisition of land, including lands under water and riparian rights, or options for the purchase of such land for a port or project site, and incidental expenses incurred in connection with such acquisition.

(b) Upon the sale of *port* revenue bonds for any port *or* project, the funds expended from the Indiana port fund in connection with the development of such *port or* project and any obligation or expense incurred by the commission for surveys, preparation of plans and specifications, and other engineering or other services in connection with development of such *port or* project shall be reimbursed to the state general fund from the proceeds of such bonds.

SECTION 55. IC 8-21-12-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. The authority may do all acts necessary or reasonably incident to carrying out the purposes of this chapter, including the following:

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1	(1) To protect a district and all property owned or managed by the
2	authority and, to carry out this subdivision, to employ special
3	police or hire guards.
4	(2) To incur indebtedness in the name of the authority in
5	accordance with this chapter.
6	(3) To adopt administrative procedures, rules, and regulations,
7	including emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1. IC 4-22-2.1.
8	(4) To:
9	(A) acquire real, personal, or mixed property by deed, purchase,
10	lease, condemnation, or otherwise and dispose of it for use, in
11	connection with, or for administrative purposes of the airport;
12	(B) receive gifts, donations, bequests, and public trusts and to
13	agree to conditions and terms accompanying them and to bind
14	the authority to carry them out;
15	(C) receive and administer federal or state aid; and
16	(D) erect buildings or structures that may be needed to
17	administer and carry out this chapter.
18	(5) To determine matters of policy regarding internal organization
19	and operating procedures not specifically provided for otherwise.
20	(6) To adopt a schedule of reasonable charges and to collect them
21	from all users of facilities and services within the district.
22	(7) To purchase supplies, materials, equipment, and services to
23	carry out the duties and functions of the authority, in accordance
24	with procedures adopted by the authority.
25	(8) To employ personnel that are necessary to carry out the duties,
26	functions, and powers of the authority.
27	(9) To:
28	(A) acquire, establish, construct, improve, equip, maintain,
29	control, lease, and regulate airports, landing fields, and other air
30	navigation facilities;
31	(B) acquire by lease (with or without the option to purchase)
32	airports, landing fields, or navigation facilities, and any
33	structures, equipment, or related improvements; and
34	(C) erect, install, construct, and maintain at the airport or
35	airport's facilities for the servicing of aircraft and for the comfort
36	and accommodation of air travelers and the public.
37	The Indiana department of transportation must grant approval
38	before land may be purchased or leased for the establishment of an
39	airport or landing field and before an airport or landing field may
40	be established and shall establish the boundaries of a district or
41	districts from time to time.
42	(10) To fix and determine exclusively the uses to which the airport



lands may be put. All uses must be necessary or desirable to the
airport or the aviation industry and must be compatible with the
uses of the surrounding lands as far as practicable.

- (11) To employ or contract with an airport director, superintendents, managers, financial advisers, engineers, surveyors, bond counsel, disclosure counsel, and other attorneys, clerks, mechanics, laborers, and all employees the authority considers expedient, and to prescribe and assign the respective duties and authorities and to fix and regulate the compensation to be paid to the persons employed by the authority. Employees shall be selected irrespective of their political affiliations.
- (12) To make all rules and regulations, consistent with laws regarding air commerce, for the management and control of airports, landing fields, air navigation facilities, and other property within a district or otherwise under the authority's control.
- (13) To acquire by lease the use of an airport or landing field for aircraft pending the acquisition and improvement of an airport or landing field.
- (14) To manage and operate airports, landing fields, and other air navigation facilities acquired or maintained by the authority; to lease all or part of an airport, landing field, or any buildings or other structures, and to fix, charge, and collect rentals, tolls, fees, and charges to be paid for the use of the whole or a part of the airports, landing fields, or other air navigation facilities by aircraft landing there and for the maintenance or servicing of the aircraft; to construct public recreational facilities that will not interfere with air operational facilities; to fix, charge, and collect fees for public admissions and privileges; and to make contracts for the operation and management of the airports, landing fields, and other air navigation facilities; and to provide for the use, management, and operation of the air navigation facilities through lessees, its own employees, or otherwise. Contracts or leases for the maintenance, operation, or use of the airport or any part of it may be made for a term not exceeding forty (40) years, and may be extended for similar terms of years. If a person whose character, experience, and financial responsibility has been determined satisfactory by the authority, offers to erect a permanent structure that facilitates and is consistent with the operation, use, and purpose of the airport on land owned or otherwise controlled by the authority, a lease may be entered into for a period not to exceed ninety-nine (99) years. The authority may not grant an exclusive right for the use of a landing area under the authority's jurisdiction. However, this does

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not prevent the making of leases in accordance with other
provisions of this chapter. All contracts and leases are subject to
restrictions and conditions that the authority prescribes. The
authority may lease property and facilities for any commercial or
industrial use the authority considers necessary and proper,
including the use of providing airport motel facilities.
(15) To sell machinery, equipment, or material that is not required
for aviation purposes. The proceeds shall be deposited with the
authority or in accordance with an applicable trust agreement.
(16) To negotiate and execute contracts for sale or purchase, lease,
personal services, materials, supplies, equipment, or any other

the authority may determine.

(17) To vacate all or parts of roads, highways, streets, or alleys within a district.

transaction or business relative to an airport under the authority's

control and operation in accordance with the terms and conditions

- (18) To approve any state, county, city, or other highway, road, street, or other public way, railroad, power line, or other right-of-way to be laid out or opened across an airport or in such proximity as to affect the safe operation of the airport.
- (19) To construct drainage and sanitary sewers with connections and outlets as are necessary for the proper drainage and maintenance of an airport or landing field acquired or maintained under this chapter, including the necessary buildings and improvements and for the public use of them in the same manner that the authority may construct sewers and drains. However, with respect to the construction of drains and sanitary sewers beyond the boundaries of the airport or landing field, the authority may negotiate with the departments, bodies, and officers of a local entity to secure the proper orders and approvals; and to order a public utility or public service corporation or other person to remove or to install in underground conduits wires, cables, and power lines passing through or over the airport or landing field or along the borders or within a reasonable distance that may be determined to be necessary for the safety of operations, upon payment to the utility or other person of due compensation for the expense of the removal or reinstallation. The authority must consent before any franchise may be granted by state authorities or local entities for the construction of or maintenance of railway, telephone, telegraph, electric power, pipe, or conduit line upon, over, or through a district or within a reasonable distance of the district that is necessary for the safety of operation. The authority

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1	must also consent before overhead electric power lines carrying a	
2	voltage of more than four thousand four hundred (4,400) volts and	
3	having poles, standards, or supports over thirty (30) feet in height	
4	within one-half $(1/2)$ mile of a landing area acquired or maintained	
5	under this chapter may be installed.	
6	(20) To contract with any other state agency or instrumentality or	
7	any political subdivision for the rendition of services, the rental or	
8	use of equipment or facilities, or the joint purchase and use of	
9	equipment or facilities that are necessary for the operation,	4
10	maintenance, or construction of an airport operated under this	
11	chapter.	
12	(21) To provide air transportation in furtherance of the duties and	
13	responsibilities of the authority.	
14	(22) To promote or encourage aviation related trade or commerce	
15	at the airports that it operates.	
16	SECTION 56. IC 9-17-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.268-2003,	
17	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
18	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) If a vehicle for which a certificate of	
19	title has been issued is sold or if the ownership of the vehicle is	
20	otherwise transferred, the person who holds the certificate of title must	
21	do the following:	
22	(1) Endorse on the certificate of title an assignment of the	
23	certificate of title with warranty of title, in a form printed on the	
24	certificate of title, with a statement describing all liens or	
25	encumbrances on the vehicle.	
26	(2) Except as provided in subdivisions (3) and (4), deliver the	
27	certificate of title to the purchaser or transferee at the time of the	
28	sale or delivery to the purchaser or transferee of the vehicle, if the	
29	purchaser or transferee has made all agreed upon initial payments	1
30	for the vehicle, including delivery of a trade-in vehicle without	
31	hidden or undisclosed statutory liens.	
32	(3) In the case of a sale or transfer between vehicle dealers	
33	licensed by this state or another state, deliver the certificate of title	
34	within twenty-one (21) days after the date of the sale or transfer.	
35	(4) Deliver the certificate of title to the purchaser or transferee	
36	within twenty-one (21) days after the date of sale or transfer to the	
37	purchaser or transferee of the vehicle, if all of the following	
38	conditions exist:	
39	(A) The seller or transferor is a vehicle dealer licensed by the	
10	state under IC 0-23	

(B) The vehicle dealer is not able to deliver the certificate of title



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at the time of sale or transfer.

1	(C) The vehicle dealer reasonably believes that it will be able to
2	deliver the certificate of title, without a lien or an encumbrance
3	on the certificate of title, within the twenty-one (21) day period.
4	(D) The vehicle dealer provides the purchaser or transferee with
5	an affidavit under section 3.1 of this chapter.
6	(E) The purchaser or transferee has made all agreed upon initial
7	payments for the vehicle, including delivery of a trade-in vehicle
8	without hidden or undisclosed statutory liens.
9	(b) A licensed dealer may offer for sale a vehicle for which the dealer
10	does not possess a certificate of title, if the dealer can comply with
11	subsection (a)(3) or (a)(4) at the time of the sale.
12	(c) For purposes of this subsection "timely deliver", with respect to
13	a third party, means to deliver with a postmark dated or hand delivered
14	to the purchaser or transferee not more than ten (10) business days after
15	there is no obligation secured by the vehicle. A vehicle dealer who fails
16	to deliver a certificate of title within the time specified under this
17	section is subject to the following civil penalties:
18	(1) One hundred dollars (\$100) for the first violation.
19	(2) Two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for the second violation.
20	(3) Five hundred dollars (\$500) for all subsequent violations.
21	Payment shall be made to the bureau and deposited in the state general
22	fund. In addition, if a purchaser or transferee does not receive a valid
23	certificate of title within the time specified by this section, the
24	purchaser or transferee shall have the right to return the vehicle to the
25	vehicle dealer ten (10) days after giving the vehicle dealer written
26	notice demanding delivery of a valid certificate of title and the dealer's
27	failure to deliver a valid certificate of title within that ten (10) day
28	period. Upon return of the vehicle to the dealer in the same or similar
29	condition as delivered to the purchaser or transferee under this section,
30	the vehicle dealer shall pay to the purchaser or transferee the purchase
31	price plus sales taxes, finance expenses, insurance expenses, and any
32	other amount paid to the dealer by the purchaser.
33	(d) For purposes of this subsection, "timely deliver", with respect
34	to a third party, means to deliver to the purchaser or transferee
35	with a postmark dated or hand delivered not more than ten (10)
36	business days after there is no obligation secured by the vehicle. If
37	the dealer's inability to timely deliver a valid certificate of title results
38	from the acts or omissions of a third party who has failed to timely
39	deliver a valid certificate of title to the dealer, the dealer is entitled to
40	claim against the third party one hundred dollars (\$100). If:

(1) the dealer's inability to timely deliver a valid certificate of title

results from the acts or omissions of a third party who has failed to



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1	timely deliver the certificate of title in the third party's possession
2	to the dealer; and
3	(2) the failure continues for ten (10) business days after the dealer
4	gives the third party written notice of the failure;
5	the dealer is entitled to claim against the third party all damages
6	sustained by the dealer in rescinding the dealer's sale with the
7	purchaser or transferee, including the dealer's reasonable attorney's
8	fees.
9	(d) (e) If a vehicle for which a certificate of title has been issued by
10	another state is sold or delivered, the person selling or delivering the
11	vehicle must deliver to the purchaser or receiver of the vehicle a proper
12	certificate of title with an assignment of the certificate of title in a form
13	prescribed by the bureau.
14	(e) (f) The original certificate of title and all assignments and
15	subsequent reissues of the certificate of title shall be retained by the
16	bureau and appropriately classified and indexed in the most convenient
17	manner to trace title to the vehicle described in the certificate of title.
18	(f) (g) A dealer shall make payment to a third party to satisfy any
19	obligation secured by the vehicle within five (5) days after the date of
20	sale.
21	SECTION 57. IC 9-19-14.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2003,
22	SECTION 2, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.236-2003, SECTION 3, IS
23	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. A privately owned vehicle
25	belonging to a certified paramedic, certified emergency medical
26	technician-intermediate, certified emergency medical technician-basic
27	advanced, certified emergency medical technician, certified emergency
28	medical service driver, or certified emergency medical service first
29	responder while traveling in the line of duty in connection with
30	emergency medical services activities may display flashing or
31	revolving green lights, subject to the following restrictions and
32	conditions:
33	(1) The lights may not have a light source less than fifty (50)
34	candlepower.
35	(2) All lights shall be placed on the top of the vehicle.
36	(3) Not more than two (2) green lights may be displayed on a
37	vehicle and each light must be of the flashing or revolving type and
38	visible at three hundred sixty (360) degrees.
39	(4) The lights must consist of a lamp with a green lens and not of
40	an uncolored lens with a green bulb. However, the revolving lights

(5) The green lights may not be a part of the regular head lamps



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may contain multiple bulbs.

1	displayed on the vehicle.
2	(6) For a person to be authorized under this chapter to display a
3	flashing or revolving green light on the person's vehicle, the person
4	must first secure a written permit from the director of the state
5	emergency management agency to use the light. The permit must
6	be carried by the person when the light is displayed.
7	SECTION 58. IC 9-21-4-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. If the Indiana
9	department of transportation designates a rule under section 8 or 9 of
10	this chapter as an emergency rule, the department may adopt the rule
11	under <del>IC</del> 4-22-2-37.1. <b>IC</b> 4-22-2.1.
12	SECTION 59. IC 9-24-17-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. The state and
14	any health care provider (as defined by IC 34-18-2-15) IC 34-18-2-14)
15	are not liable for damages alleged to have occurred as a result of an
16	individual making an anatomical gift under this chapter.
17	SECTION 60. IC 10-11-2-29, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2003,
18	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 29. The superintendent may assign a special
20	police employee described in section 28(b) of this chapter to serve as
21	a gaming agent under an agreement with the Indiana gaming
22	commission under <del>IC</del> 4-33-4-3.6 <b>IC</b> 4-33-4-3.5.
23	SECTION 61. IC 10-13-2-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2003, SECTION
24	4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON
25	PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The division, under the supervision and
26	direction of the superintendent and in accordance with the rules
27	adopted under this chapter, shall do the following:
28	(1) Collect data necessary for the accomplishment of the purposes
29	of this chapter from all persons and agencies mentioned in section
30	6 of this chapter.
31	(2) Prepare and distribute to all the persons and agencies the forms
32	to be used in reporting data to the division. The forms also must
33	provide for items of information needed by federal bureaus,
34	agencies, or departments engaged in the development of national
35	criminal statistics.
36	(3) Prescribe the form and content of records to be kept by the
37	persons and agencies to ensure the correct reporting of data to the
38	division.
39	(4) Instruct the persons and agencies in the installation,
40	maintenance, and use of records and equipment and in the manner



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of reporting to the division.

(5) Tabulate, analyze, and interpret the data collected.

1	(6) Supply data, upon request, to federal bureaus, agencies, or
2	departments engaged in collecting and analyzing national criminal
3	statistics.
4	(7) Present the following to the governor:
5	(1) (A) Before July 1 of each year, a printed report containing the
6	criminal statistics of the preceding calendar year.
7	(2) (B) At other times the superintendent considers necessary or
8	the governor requests, reports on public aspects of criminal
9	statistics in a sufficiently general distribution for public
10	enlightenment.
11	(b) The division may not obtain data under this chapter except that
12	which is a public record, and all laws regulating privacy or restricting
13	use of the data apply to any data collected.
14	(c) The division may accept data and reports from agencies other
15	than those required to report under this chapter if the data and reports
16	are consistent with the purposes of this chapter.
17	SECTION 62. IC 10-13-3-36, AS AMENDED BY P.L.138-2003,
18	SECTION 2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2003, SECTION 1, AND
19	AS AMENDED BY P.L.261-2003, SECTION 12, IS CORRECTED
20	AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON
21	PASSAGE]: Sec. 36. (a) The department may not charge a fee for
22	responding to a request for the release of a limited criminal history
23	record if the request is made by a nonprofit organization:
24	(1) that has been in existence for at least ten (10) years; and
25	(2) that:
26	(A) has a primary purpose of providing an individual
27	relationship for a child with an adult volunteer if the request is
28	made as part of a background investigation of a prospective adult
29	volunteer for the organization;
30	(B) is a home health agency licensed under IC 16-27-1;
31	(C) is a community mental retardation and other developmental
32	disabilities center (as defined in IC 12-7-2-39); or
33	(D) is a supervised group living facility licensed under
34	IC 12-28-5;
35	(E) is an area agency on aging designated under IC 12-10-1;
36	(F) is a community action agency (as defined in IC 12-14-23-2);
37	(G) is the owner or operator of a hospice program licensed
38	under IC 16-25-3; or
39	(H) is a community mental health center (as defined in
40	IC 12-7-2-38).
41	(b) Except as provided in subsection (d), the department may not
42	charge a fee for responding to a request for the release of a limited



1	criminal history record made by the division of family and children or
2	a county office of family and children if the request is made as part of
3	a background investigation of an applicant for a license under
4	IC 12-17.2 or IC 12-17.4.
5	(c) The department may not charge a fee for responding to a request
6	for the release of a limited criminal history if the request is made by a
7	school corporation, special education cooperative, or non-public school
8	(as defined in IC 20-10.1-1-3) as part of a background investigation of
9	an employee or adult volunteer for the school corporation, special
10	education cooperative, or nonpublic school.
11	(d) As used in this subsection, "state agency" means an authority, a
12	board, a branch, a commission, a committee, a department, a division,
13	or another instrumentality of state government, including the executive
14	and judicial branches of state government, the principal secretary of
15	the senate, the principal clerk of the house of representatives, the
16	executive director of the legislative services agency, a state elected
17	official's office, or a body corporate and politic, but does not include
18	a state educational institution (as defined in IC 20-12-0.5-1). The
19	department may not charge a fee for responding to a request for the
20	release of a limited criminal history if the request is made:
21	(1) by a state agency; and
22	(2) through the computer gateway that is administered by the
23	intelenet commission under IC 5-21-2 and known as
24	accessIndiana.
25	(d) (e) The department may not charge a fee for responding to a
26	request for the release of a limited criminal history record made by the
27	health professions bureau established by IC 25-1-5-3 if the request is:
28	(1) made through the computer gateway that is administered by the
29	intelenet commission under IC 5-21-2 and known as
30	accessIndiana; and
31	(2) part of a background investigation of a practitioner or an
32	individual who has applied for a license issued by a board (as
33	defined in IC 25-1-9-1).
34	SECTION 63. IC 10-17-10-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2003,
35	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 1. If:
37	(1) a person: who dies:
38	(A) has served as a member of the armed forces of the United
39	States as a soldier, sailor, or marine in the army, air force, or
40	navy of the United States or as a member of the women's
41	components of the army, air force, or navy of the United States,

is a resident of Indiana, and dies while a member of the armed



1	forces and before discharge from the armed forces or after
2	receiving an honorable discharge from the armed forces; or
3	(B) is the spouse or surviving spouse of a person described in
4	clause (A) who and is a resident of Indiana; and
5	(2) a claim is filed for a burial allowance:
6	(A) by an interested person with the board of commissioners of
7	the county of the residence of the deceased person; and
8	(B) stating the fact:
9	(i) of the service, death, and discharge if discharged from
10	service before death; and
11	(ii) that the body has been buried in a decent and respectable
12	manner in a cemetery or burial ground;
13	the board of commissioners shall hear and determine the claim like
14	other claims and, if the facts averred are found to be true, shall allow
15	the claim of in an amount set by ordinance. However, the amount
16	of the allowance may not be more than one hundred thousand dollars
17	(\$100) for service rendered and material furnished in care of the body
18	and where necessary an amount of not more than twenty-five dollars
19	(\$25) for a place of burial of the body. (\$1,000).
20	SECTION 64. IC 10-17-10-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2003,
21	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 2. (a) Not more than one (1)
23	claim for a burial allowance may be allowed for a decedent who
24	qualifies under this chapter.
25	(b) The total sum of the claim filed and for which allowances must
26	be made shall be set by ordinance and may not exceed one hundred
27	thousand dollars (\$100). However, if the federal government provides
28	a marker for the grave of the person, the board of commissioners shall
29	make a further allowance of not more than one hundred dollars (\$100)
30	for setting of the marker. (\$1,000).
31	SECTION 65. IC 10-17-10-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2003,
32	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 4. Before a person enters into
34	a contract to set a grave marker provided by the federal government as
35	for the grave of a person described in section $\frac{2(b)}{1}$ 1(1) of this chapter
36	with a person who receives the grave marker from the federal
37	government or the person's representative, the person who will set the
38	grave marker must disclose the following information to the person
39	who receives the grave marker or the person's representative:
40	(1) The price of the least expensive installation procedure that the

person who will set the grave marker will charge and a description

of the goods and services included in the procedure.



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1	(2) The prices of any other installation procedures or options that	
2	may be performed or provided by the person who will set the grave	
3	marker and a description of the goods and services included in the	
4	procedures or options.	
5	SECTION 66. IC 11-13-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.110-2003,	
6	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
7	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The compact administrator selected by	
8	the state council under IC 11-13-4.5-3 IC 11-13-4.5 is the	
9	administrator for probationers participating in the interstate compact	_
10	for the supervision of parolees and probationers under this chapter and	
11	under IC 11-13-5.	
12	(b) The judicial conference of Indiana may establish a staff position	
13	within the Indiana judicial center to which the duties of the compact	
14	administrator may be delegated.	
15	(c) The judicial conference of Indiana shall adopt rules under	
16	IC 4-22-2 prescribing duties and procedures for administering	
17	probationers participating in the interstate compact under this chapter	•
18	and under IC 11-13-5.	
19	SECTION 67. IC 12-7-2-76, AS AMENDED BY P.L.120-2002,	
20	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
21	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 76. (a) "Eligible individual", for purposes of	
22	IC 12-10-10, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-10-10-4.	
23	(b) "Eligible individual" has the meaning set forth in IC 12-14-18-1.5	
24	for purposes of the following:	_
25	(1) IC 12-10-6.	
26	(2) IC 12-14-2.	
27	(3) IC 12-14-18.	
28	(4) IC 12-14-19.	7
29	(5) IC 12-15-2.	
30	(6) IC 12-15-3.	
31	(7) IC 12-16-3.5.	
32	<del>(8) IC 12-16.1-3.</del>	
33	<del>(9)</del> <b>(8)</b> IC 12-17-1.	
34	<del>(10)</del> <b>(9)</b> IC 12-20-5.5.	
35	SECTION 68. IC 12-7-2-103.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
36	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
37	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 103.3. "Health maintenance	
38	organization", for purposes of IC 12-15-39.6, has the meaning set	
39	forth in IC 27-13-1-19.	
40	SECTION 69. IC 12-7-2-104.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.120-2002,	
41	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
42	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 104.5. "Holocaust victim's settlement	



1	payment" has the meaning set forth in IC 12-14-18-1.7 for purposes of	
2	the following:	
3	(1) IC 12-10-6.	
4	(2) IC 12-14-2.	
5	(3) IC 12-14-18.	
6	(4) IC 12-14-19.	
7	(5) IC 12-15-2.	
8	(6) IC 12-15-3.	
9	(7) IC 12-16-3.5.	
10	( <del>8) IC 12-16.1-3.</del>	
11	<del>(9)</del> <b>(8)</b> IC 12-17-1.	
12	<del>(10)</del> <b>(9)</b> IC 12-20-5.5.	
13	SECTION 70. IC 12-8-1-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) If:	
15	(1) the sums appropriated by the general assembly in the biennial	
16	budget to the family and social services administration for the	
17	Medicaid assistance, Medicaid administration, public assistance	U
18	(AFDC), and the IMPACT (JOBS) work program are insufficient	
19	to enable the office of the secretary to meet its obligations; and	
20	(2) the failure to appropriate additional funds would:	
21	(A) violate a provision of federal law; or	
22	(B) jeopardize the state's share of federal financial participation	
23	applicable to the state appropriations contained in the biennial	
24	budget for Medicaid assistance, Medicaid administration, public	
25	assistance (AFDC), or the IMPACT (JOBS) program;	
26	then there are appropriated further sums as may be necessary to remedy	
27	a situation described in this subsection, subject to the approval of the	M
28	budget director and the unanimous recommendation of the members of	
29	the budget committee. However, before approving a further	
30	appropriation under this subsection, the budget director shall explain	
31	to the budget committee the factors indicating that a condition	
32	described in subdivision (2) would be met.	
33	(b) If:	
34	(1) the sums appropriated by the general assembly in the biennial	
35	budget to the family and social services administration for	
36	Medicaid assistance, Medicaid administration, public assistance	
37	(AFDC), and the IMPACT (JOBS) work program are insufficient	
38	to enable the family and social services administration to meet its	
39	obligations; and	
40	(2) neither of the conditions in subsection (a)(2) would result from	
41	a failure to appropriate additional funds;	
12	then there are annionitated further sums as may be necessary to remedy	



- a situation described in this subsection, subject to the approval of the budget director and the unanimous recommendation of the members of the budget committee. However, before approving a further appropriation under this subsection, the budget director shall explain to the budget committee the factors indicating that a condition described in subdivision (2) would be met.
- (c) Notwithstanding IC 12-14 and IC 12-15 (except for a clinical advisory panel established under IC 12-15), and except as provided in subsection (d), the office of the secretary may by rule adjust programs, eligibility standards, and benefit levels to limit expenditures from Medicaid assistance, Medicaid administration, public assistance (AFDC), and the IMPACT (JOBS) work program to levels appropriated by the general assembly in the biennial budget. However, if there are additional appropriations under subsections subsection (a) or (b), the office of the secretary may by rule adjust programs, eligibility standards, and benefit levels to limit expenditures from Medicaid assistance, Medicaid administration, public assistance (AFDC), and the IMPACT (JOBS) program to levels that are further appropriated under subsections subsection (a) or (b). The office of the secretary may adopt emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 IC 4-22-2.1 to make an adjustment authorized by this subsection. However, adjustments under this subsection may not:
  - (1) violate a provision of federal law; or
  - (2) jeopardize the state's share of federal financial participation applicable to the state appropriations contained in the biennial budget for Medicaid assistance, Medicaid administration, public assistance (AFDC), and the IMPACT (JOBS) work program.
- (d) Subject to IC 12-15-21-3, any adjustments made under subsection (c) must:
  - (1) allow for a licensed provider under IC 12-15 to deliver services within the scope of the provider's license if the benefit is covered under IC 12-15; and
  - (2) provide access to services under IC 12-15 from a provider under IC 12-15-12.
- SECTION 71. IC 12-10-11.5-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.274-2003, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The office of the secretary of family and social services shall annually determine any state savings generated by home and community based services under this chapter by reducing the use of institutional care.
- (b) The secretary shall annually report to the governor, the budget agency, the budget committee, the select **joint** commission on











1	Medicaid oversight, and the executive director of the legislative
2	services agency the savings determined under subsection (a).
3	(c) Savings determined under subsection (a) may be used to fund the
4	state's share of additional home and community based Medicaid waiver
5	slots.
6	SECTION 72. IC 12-10-16-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.21-2000,
7	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The office may adopt rules under
9	IC 4-22-2 to implement the program.
.0	(b) The office may adopt emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1
1	IC 4-22-2.1 to implement the program on an emergency basis.
2	SECTION 73. IC 12-15-35-28, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2003,
.3	SECTION 7, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2003, SECTION 2, IS
4	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
.5	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 28. (a) The board has the
6	following duties:
7	(1) The adoption of rules to carry out this chapter, in accordance
8	with the provisions of IC 4-22-2 and subject to any office approval
9	that is required by the federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act
20	of 1990 under Public Law 101-508 and its implementing
21	regulations.
22	(2) The implementation of a Medicaid retrospective and
23	prospective DUR program as outlined in this chapter, including the
24	approval of software programs to be used by the pharmacist for
25	prospective DUR and recommendations concerning the provisions
26	of the contractual agreement between the state and any other entity
27	that will be processing and reviewing Medicaid drug claims and
28	profiles for the DUR program under this chapter.
29	(3) The development and application of the predetermined criteria
0	and standards for appropriate prescribing to be used in
31	retrospective and prospective DUR to ensure that such criteria and
32	standards for appropriate prescribing are based on the compendia
3	and developed with professional input with provisions for timely
34	revisions and assessments as necessary.
55	(4) The development, selection, application, and assessment of
66	interventions for physicians, pharmacists, and patients that are
37	educational and not punitive in nature.
8	(5) The publication of an annual report that must be subject to
9	public comment before issuance to the federal Department of
10	Health and Human Services and to the Indiana legislative council

by December 1 of each year. The report to the legislative council

must be submitted in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.



40

1	(6) The development of a working agreement for the board to	
2	clarify the areas of responsibility with related boards or agencies,	
3	including the following:	
4	(A) The Indiana board of pharmacy.	
5	(B) The medical licensing board of Indiana.	
6	(C) The SURS staff.	
7	(7) The establishment of a grievance and appeals process for	
8	physicians or pharmacists under this chapter.	
9	(8) The publication and dissemination of educational information	
10	to physicians and pharmacists regarding the board and the DUR	
11	program, including information on the following:	
12	(A) Identifying and reducing the frequency of patterns of fraud,	
13	abuse, gross overuse, or inappropriate or medically unnecessary	
14	care among physicians, pharmacists, and recipients.	
15	(B) Potential or actual severe or adverse reactions to drugs.	
16	(C) Therapeutic appropriateness.	
17	(D) Overutilization or underutilization.	
18	(E) Appropriate use of generic drugs.	
19	(F) Therapeutic duplication.	
20	(G) Drug-disease contraindications.	
21	(H) Drug-drug interactions.	
22	(I) Incorrect drug dosage and duration of drug treatment.	
23	(J) Drug allergy interactions.	
24	(K) Clinical abuse and misuse.	
25	(9) The adoption and implementation of procedures designed to	
26	ensure the confidentiality of any information collected, stored,	
27	retrieved, assessed, or analyzed by the board, staff to the board, or	•
28	contractors to the DUR program that identifies individual	
29	physicians, pharmacists, or recipients.	
30	(10) The implementation of additional drug utilization review with	
31	respect to drugs dispensed to residents of nursing facilities shall	
32	not be required if the nursing facility is in compliance with the	
33	drug regimen procedures under 410 IAC 16.2-3-8 and 42 CFR	
34	483.60.	
35	(11) The research, development, and approval of a preferred drug	
36	list for:	
37	(A) Medicaid's fee for service program;	
38	(B) Medicaid's primary care case management program; and	
39	(C) the primary care case management component of the	
40	children's health insurance program under IC 12-17.6;	
41	in consultation with the therapeutics committee.	
42	(12) The approval of the review and maintenance of the preferred	



1	drug list at least two (2) times per year.
2	(13) The preparation and submission of a report concerning the
3	preferred drug list at least two (2) times per year to the select joint
4	commission on Medicaid oversight established by IC 2-5-26-3.
5	(14) The collection of data reflecting prescribing patterns related
6	to treatment of children diagnosed with attention deficit disorder
7	or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.
8	(15) Advising the Indiana comprehensive health insurance
9	association established by IC 27-8-10-2.1 concerning
10	implementation of chronic disease management and
11	pharmaceutical management programs under IC 27-8-10-3.5.
12	(b) The board shall use the clinical expertise of the therapeutics
13	committee in developing a preferred drug list. The board shall also
14	consider expert testimony in the development of a preferred drug list.
15	(c) In researching and developing a preferred drug list under
16	subsection (a)(11), the board shall do the following:
17	(1) Use literature abstracting technology.
18	(2) Use commonly accepted guidance principles of disease
19	management.
20	(3) Develop therapeutic classifications for the preferred drug list.
21	(4) Give primary consideration to the clinical efficacy or
22	appropriateness of a particular drug in treating a specific medical
23	condition.
24	(5) Include in any cost effectiveness considerations the cost
25	implications of other components of the state's Medicaid program
26	and other state funded programs.
27	(d) Prior authorization is required for coverage under a program
28	described in subsection (a)(11) of a drug that is not included on the
29	preferred drug list.
30	(e) The board shall determine whether to include a single source
31	covered outpatient drug that is newly approved by the federal Food and
32	Drug Administration on the preferred drug list not later than sixty (60)
33	days after the date on which the manufacturer notifies the board in
34	writing of the drug's approval. However, if the board determines that
35	there is inadequate information about the drug available to the board
36	to make a determination, the board may have an additional sixty (60)
37	days to make a determination from the date that the board receives
38	adequate information to perform the board's review. Prior authorization
39	may not be automatically required for a single source drug that is newly
40	approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration, and that is:
41	(1) in a therapeutic classification:

(A) that has not been reviewed by the board; and



1	(B) for which prior authorization is not required; or
2	(2) the sole drug in a new therapeutic classification that has not
3	been reviewed by the board.
4	(f) The board may not exclude a drug from the preferred drug list
5	based solely on price.
6	(g) The following requirements apply to a preferred drug list
7	developed under subsection (a)(11):
8	(1) Except as provided by IC 12-15-35.5-3(b) and
9	IC 12-15-35.5-3(c), the office or the board may require prior
10	authorization for a drug that is included on the preferred drug list
11	under the following circumstances:
12	(A) To override a prospective drug utilization review alert.
13	(B) To permit reimbursement for a medically necessary brand
14	name drug that is subject to generic substitution under
15	IC 16-42-22-10.
16	(C) To prevent fraud, abuse, waste, overutilization, or
17	inappropriate utilization.
18	(D) To permit implementation of a disease management
19	program.
20	(E) To implement other initiatives permitted by state or federal
21	law.
22	(2) All drugs described in IC 12-15-35.5-3(b) must be included on
23	the preferred drug list.
24	(3) The office may add a <i>new single source</i> drug that has been
25	approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration to the
26	preferred drug list without prior approval from the board.
27	(4) The board may add a <i>new single source</i> drug that has been
28	approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration to the
29	preferred drug list.
30	(h) At least two (2) times each year, the board shall provide a report
31	to the select joint commission on Medicaid oversight established by
32	IC 2-5-26-3. The report must contain the following information:
33	(1) The cost of administering the preferred drug list.
34	(2) Any increase in Medicaid physician, laboratory, or hospital
35	costs or in other state funded programs as a result of the preferred
36	drug list.
37	(3) The impact of the preferred drug list on the ability of a
38	Medicaid recipient to obtain prescription drugs.
39	(4) The number of times prior authorization was requested, and the
40	number of times prior authorization was:
41	(A) approved; and
42	(B) disapproved.

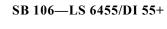


1	(i) The board shall provide the first report required under subsection	
2	(h) not later than six (6) months after the board submits an initial	
3	preferred drug list to the office.	
4	SECTION 74. IC 12-15-41-15, AS ADDED BY P.L.287-2001,	
5	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
6	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) The office shall adopt rules under	
7	IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.	
8	(b) The office may adopt emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1	
9	IC 4-22-2.1 to implement this chapter on an emergency basis.	
10	(c) In adopting rules under this section, the office shall:	4
11	(1) submit proposed rules to the council; and	
12	(2) consider any recommendations of the council before adopting	
13	final rules.	
14	SECTION 75. IC 12-17-2-34, AS AMENDED BY P.L.132-2001,	
15	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
16	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 34. (a) When the Title IV-D agency finds that	4
17	an obligor is delinquent and can demonstrate that all previous	
18	enforcement actions have been unsuccessful, the Title IV-D agency	
19	shall send, to a verified address, a notice to the obligor that includes the	
20	following:	
21	(1) Specifies that the obligor is delinquent.	
22	(2) Describes the amount of child support that the obligor is in	
23	arrears.	
24	(3) States that unless the obligor:	•
25	(A) pays the obligor's child support arrearage in full;	
26	(B) requests the activation of an income withholding order under	
27	IC 31-16-15-2 and establishes a payment plan with the Title	<b>\</b>
28	IV-D agency to pay the arrearage; or	
29	(C) requests a hearing under section 35 of this chapter;	
30	within twenty (20) days after the date the notice is mailed, the Title	
31	IV-D agency shall issue an order to the bureau of motor vehicles stating	
32	that the obligor is delinquent and that the obligor's driving privileges	
33	shall be suspended.	
34	(4) Explains that the obligor has twenty (20) days after the notice	
35	is mailed to do one (1) of the following:	
36	(A) Pay the obligor's child support arrearage in full.	
37	(B) Request the activation of an income withholding order under	
38	IC 31-16-15-2 and establish a payment plan with the Title IV-D	
39	agency to pay the arrearage.	
40	(C) Request a hearing under section 35 of this chapter.	
41	(5) Explains that if the obligor has not satisfied any of the	

requirements of subdivision (4) within twenty (20) days after the



1	notice is mailed, that the Title IV-D agency shall issue a notice to:	
2	(A) the board that regulates the obligor's profession or	
3	occupation, if any, that the obligor is delinquent and that the	
4	obligor may be subject to sanctions under IC 25-1-1.2, including	
5	suspension or revocation of the obligor's professional or	
6	occupational license;	
7	(B) the supreme court disciplinary commission if the obligor is	
8	licensed to practice law;	
9	(C) the professional standards board as established by	
10	IC 20-1-1.4 if the obligor is a licensed teacher;	
11	(D) the Indiana horse racing commission if the obligor holds or	
12	applies for a license issued under IC 4-31-6;	
13	(E) the Indiana gaming commission if the obligor holds or	
14	applies for a license issued under IC 4-33;	
15	(F) the commissioner of the department of insurance if the	_
16	obligor holds or is an applicant for a license issued under	
17	IC 27-1-15.6, IC 27-1-15.8, or IC 27-10-3; or	
18	(G) the director of the department of natural resources if the	
19	obligor holds or is an applicant for a license issued by the	
20	department of natural resources under the following:	
21	(i) IC 14-22-12 (fishing, hunting, and trapping licenses).	
22	(ii) IC 14-22-14 (Lake Michigan commercial fishing license).	
23	(iii) IC 14-22-16 (bait dealer's license).	
24	(iv) IC 14-22-17 (mussel license).	_
25	(v) IC 14-22-19 (fur buyer's license).	
26	(vi) IC 14-24-7 (nursery dealer's license).	
27	(vii) IC 14-31-3 (ginseng dealer's license).	
28	(6) Explains that the only basis for contesting the issuance of an	V
29	order under subdivision (3) or (5) is a mistake of fact.	
30	(7) Explains that an obligor may contest the Title IV-D agency's	
31	determination to issue an order under subdivision (3) or (5) by	
32	making written application to the Title IV-D agency within twenty	
33	(20) days after the date the notice is mailed.	
34	(8) Explains the procedures to:	
35	(A) pay the obligor's child support arrearage in full;	
36	(B) establish a payment plan with the Title IV-D agency to pay	
37	the arrearage; and	
38	(C) request the activation of an income withholding order under	
39	IC 31-16-15-2.	
40	(b) Whenever the Title IV-D agency finds that an obligor is	
41	delinquent and has failed to:	
42	(1) pay the obligor's child support arrearage in full;	





1 2	(2) establish a payment plan with the Title IV-D agency to pay the arrearage and request the activation of an income withholding
3	order under IC 31-16-15-2; or
4	(3) request a hearing under section 35 of this chapter within twenty
5	(20) days after the date the notice described in subsection (a) is
6	mailed;
7	the Title IV-D agency shall issue an order to the bureau of motor
8	vehicles stating that the obligor is delinquent.
9	(c) An order issued under subsection (b) must require the following:
10	(1) If the obligor who is the subject of the order holds a driving
11	license or permit on the date the order is issued, that the driving
12	privileges of the obligor be suspended until further order of the
13	Title IV-D agency.
14	(2) If the obligor who is the subject of the order does not hold a
15	driving license or permit on the date the order is issued, that the
16	bureau of motor vehicles may not issue a driving license or permit
17	to the obligor until the bureau of motor vehicles receives a further
18	order from the Title IV-D agency.
19	(d) The Title IV-D agency shall provide the:
20	(1) full name;
21	(2) date of birth;
22	(3) verified address; and
23	(4) Social Security number or driving license number;
24	of the obligor to the bureau of motor vehicles.
25	(e) When the Title IV-D agency finds that an obligor who is an
26	applicant (as defined in IC 25-1-1.2-1) or a practitioner (as defined in
27	IC 25-1-1.2-6) is delinquent and the applicant or practitioner has failed
28	to:
29	(1) pay the obligor's child support arrearage in full;
30	(2) establish a payment plan with the Title IV-D agency to pay the
31	arrearage or request the activation of an income withholding order
32	under <del>IC</del> <del>31-2-10-7;</del> <b>IC 31-16-15;</b> or
33	(3) request a hearing under section 35 of this chapter;
34	the Title IV-D agency shall issue an order to the board regulating the
35	practice of the obligor's profession or occupation stating that the
36	obligor is delinquent.
37	(f) An order issued under subsection (e) must direct the board
38	regulating the obligor's profession or occupation to impose the
39	appropriate sanctions described under IC 25-1-1.2.
40	(g) When the Title IV-D agency finds that an obligor who is an
41	attorney or a licensed teacher is delinquent and the attorney or licensed



teacher has failed to:

1	(1) pay the obligor's child support arrearage in full;
2	(2) establish a payment plan with the Title IV-D agency to pay the
3	arrearage or request the activation of an income withholding order
4	under IC 31-16-15-2; or
5	(3) request a hearing under section 35 of this chapter;
6	the Title IV-D agency shall notify the supreme court disciplinary
7	commission if the obligor is an attorney, or the professional standards
8	board if the obligor is a licensed teacher, that the obligor is delinquent.
9	(h) When the Title IV-D agency finds that an obligor who holds a
10	license issued under IC 4-31-6 or IC 4-33 has failed to:
11	(1) pay the obligor's child support arrearage in full;
12	(2) establish a payment plan with the Title IV-D agency to pay the
13	arrearage and request the activation of an income withholding
14	order under IC 31-16-15-2; or
15	(3) request a hearing under section 35 of this chapter;
16	the Title IV-D agency shall issue an order to the Indiana horse racing
17	commission if the obligor holds a license issued under IC 4-31-6, or to
18	the Indiana gaming commission if the obligor holds a license issued
19	under IC 4-33, stating that the obligor is delinquent and directing the
20	commission to impose the appropriate sanctions described in
21	IC 4-31-6-11 or IC 4-33-8.5-3.
22	(i) When the Title IV-D agency finds that an obligor who holds a
23	license issued under IC 27-1-15.6, IC 27-1-15.8, or IC 27-10-3 has
24	failed to:
25	(1) pay the obligor's child support arrearage in full;
26	(2) establish a payment plan with the Title IV-D agency to pay the
27	arrearage and request the activation of an income withholding
28	order under IC 31-16-15-2; or
29	(3) request a hearing under section 35 of this chapter;
30	the Title IV-D agency shall issue an order to the commissioner of the
31	department of insurance stating that the obligor is delinquent and
32	directing the commissioner to impose the appropriate sanctions
33	described in IC 27-1-15.6-29 or IC 27-10-3-20.
34	(j) When the Title IV-D agency finds that an obligor who holds a
35	license issued by the department of natural resources under
36	IC 14-22-12, IC 14-22-14, IC 14-22-16, IC 14-22-17, IC 14-22-19,
37	IC 14-24-7, or IC 14-31-3 has failed to:
38	(1) pay the obligor's child support arrearage in full;
39	(2) establish a payment plan with the Title IV-D agency to pay the
40	arrearage and request the activation of an income withholding
41	order under IC 31-16-15-2; or

(3) request a hearing under section 35 of this chapter;



1	the Title IV-D agency shall issue an order to the director of the
2	department of natural resources stating that the obligor is delinquent
3	and directing the director to suspend or revoke a license issued to the
4	obligor by the department of natural resources as provided in
5	IC 14-11-3.
6	SECTION 76. IC 12-17.6-2-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.273-1999,
7	SECTION 177, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) The office shall adopt
9	rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement the program.
10	(b) The office may adopt emergency rules under $\frac{1C}{4-22-2-37.1}$
11	IC 4-22-2.1 to implement the program on an emergency basis.
12	SECTION 77. IC 12-18-8-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.181-2003,
13	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "final judgment"
15	means:
16	(1) an acquittal of a criminal offense; or
17	(2) a conviction for a criminal offense:
18	(A) in which the defendant fails to file a timely:
19	(i) notice of appeal under the Indiana rules of appellate
20	procedure; and
21	(ii) motion under Indiana Trial Rule 60(B);
22	(B) in which transfer is denied to the Indiana supreme court; or
23	(C) that is upheld:
24	(i) on appeal;
25	(ii) following a 60(B) hearing under Indiana Trial Rule
26	<b>60(B)</b> ; or
27	(iii) both: on appeal and following a hearing under Indiana
28	Trial Rule 60(B).
29	SECTION 78. IC 12-18-8-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.181-2003,
30	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) To complete its review of a death that
32	it believes to have resulted from domestic violence, the fatality review
33	performed by a local domestic violence fatality review team may
34	include information from reports generated or received by:
35	(1) agencies;
36	(2) organizations; or
37	(3) individuals;
38	responsible for the investigation, prosecution, or treatment concerning
39	a death being investigated by the local domestic violence fatality
40	review team.
41	(b) An entity or individual that in good faith provides information
42	described in subsection (a) is immune from civil or criminal liability



1	that might otherwise be imposed as the result of providing this
2	information.
3	SECTION 79. IC 12-18-8-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.181-2003,
4	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. The recommendations of a local domestic
6	violence fatality review team may be disclosed at the discretion of a
7	majority of the members at the conclusion of a review.
8	SECTION 80. IC 12-18-8-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.181-2003,
9	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) A local domestic violence fatality
11	review team consists of the following members:
12	(1) A survivor of domestic violence.
13	(2) A domestic violence direct service provider.
14	(3) A representative of law enforcement from the area served by
15	the local domestic violence <b>fatality</b> review team.
16	(4) A prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting attorney's designee
17	from the area served by the local domestic violence fatality review
18	team.
19	(5) An expert in the field of forensic pathology.
20	(6) A medical practitioner with expertise in domestic violence.
21	(7) A judge who hears civil or criminal cases.
22	(8) An employee of a child protective services agency.
23	(b) If a local domestic violence fatality review team is established in
24	one (1) county, the legislative body that voted to establish the local
25	domestic violence fatality review team under section 6 of this chapter
26	shall:
27	(1) adopt an ordinance for the appointment and reappointment of
28	members of the local domestic violence fatality review team; and
29	(2) appoint members to the local domestic violence fatality review
30	team under the ordinance adopted.
31	(c) If a local domestic violence fatality review team is established in
32	a region, the county legislative bodies that voted to establish the local
33	domestic violence fatality review team under section 6 of this chapter
34 35	shall: (1) each adopt substantially similar ordinances for the appointment
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
36 37	and reappointment of members of the local domestic violence fatality review team; and
38	(2) appoint members to the local domestic violence fatality review
39	team under the ordinances adopted.
40	(d) A local domestic violence fatality review team may not have more
40 41	than fifteen (15) members.
42	SECTION 81. IC 12-18-8-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.181-2003,
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1	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
3	meetings of a local domestic violence fatality review team are open to
4	the public.
5	(b) Meetings of a local domestic violence fatality review team that
6	involve:
7	(1) confidential records; or
8	(2) identifying information regarding a death;
9	shall be held as an executive session with the public excluded, except
10	those persons necessary to carry out the fatality review.
11	(c) If an executive session is held under subsection (b), each
12	individual who:
13	(1) attends a meeting of a local domestic violence fatality review
14	team; and
15	(2) is not a member of the local domestic violence fatality review
16	team;
17	shall sign a confidentiality agreement.
18	(d) A local domestic violence facility fatality review team shall keep
19	all confidentiality statements signed under this section.
20	SECTION 82. IC 13-11-2-84.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
21	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
22	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 84.5. "Financial or
23	administrative function", for purposes of sections 151.2, 151.3, and
24	151.4 of this chapter, IC 13-23-13-14, IC 13-24-1-10, and
25	IC 13-25-4-8.2, includes a function such as that of:
26	(1) a credit manager;
27	(2) an accounts payable officer;
28	(3) an accounts receivable officer;
29	(4) a personnel manager;
30	(5) a comptroller; or
31	(6) a chief financial officer or a similar function.
32	SECTION 83. IC 13-11-2-115.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
33	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
34	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 115.5. "Land trust", for
35 36	purposes of IC 13-25-3, means a trust that is established under terms providing that:
37	(1) the trustee holds legal or equitable title to property;
38	(2) the beneficiary has the power to manage the trust property,
39	including the power to direct the trustee to sell the property;
40	and
41	(3) the trustee may sell the trust property:
12	(A) only at the direction of the beneficiary or other person;



1	or	
2	(B) after a time stipulated in the terms of the trust.	
3	SECTION 84. IC 13-11-2-116, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-1998,	
4	SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.14-2000, SECTION 34, IS	
5	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
6	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 116. (a) "Landfill", for purposes	
7	of IC 13-20-2, means a solid waste disposal facility at which solid	
8	waste is deposited on or beneath the surface of the ground as an	
9	intended place of final location.	
10	(b) "Landfill", for purposes of section 114.2 of this chapter and	
11	IC 13-20-11, and IC 13-20-23, means a facility operated under a permit	
12	issued under IC 13-15-3 or IC 13-7-10 (before its repeal) at which solid	
13	waste is disposed of by placement on or under the surface of the	
14	ground.	
15	(c) "Landfill", for purposes of section 82 of this chapter and	
16	IC 13-21, means a solid waste management disposal facility at which	
17	solid waste is deposited on or in the ground as an intended place of	
18	final location. The term does not include the following:	
19	(1) A site that is devoted solely to receiving one (1) or more of the	
20	following:	
21	(A) Fill dirt.	
22	(B) Vegetative matter subject to disposal as a result of:	
23	(i) landscaping;	
24	(ii) yard maintenance;	
25	(iii) land clearing; or	
26	(iv) any combination of activities referred to in this clause.	
27	(2) A facility receiving waste that is regulated under the following:	
28	(A) IC 13-22-1 through IC 13-22-8.	
29	(B) IC 13-22-13 through IC 13-22-14.	
30	SECTION 85. IC 13-11-2-160 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 160. "Petroleum",	
32	for purposes of:	
33	(1) IC 13-23;	
34	(2) IC 13-24-1; and	
35	(3) IC 13-25-5;	
36	includes petroleum and crude oil or any part of petroleum or crude oil	
37	that is liquid at standard conditions of temperature and pressure (sixty	
38	degrees Fahrenheit (60 F)) (60 F) and fourteen and seven-tenths (14.7)	
39 40	pounds per square inch absolute).	
40	SECTION 86. IC 13-11-2-265.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
41	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
42	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 265.1. "Watershed", for	



1	purposes of IC 13-18-3, has the meaning set forth in IC 14-8-2-310.
2	SECTION 87. IC 13-15-4-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. The
4	commissioner may suspend the processing of an application, and the
5	period described under sections 1 through 6 of this chapter is
6	suspended, if one (1) of the following occurs:
7	(1) The department determines that the application is incomplete
8	and has mailed a notice of deficiency to the applicant that specifies
9	the parts of the application that:
10	(A) do not contain adequate information for the department to
11	process the application; or
12	(B) are not consistent with applicable law.
13	The period described under sections 1 through 6 of this chapter
14	shall be suspended during the first two (2) notices of deficiency
15	sent to an applicant under this subdivision. If more than two (2)
16	notices of deficiency are issued on an application, the period may
17	not be suspended unless the applicant agrees in writing to defer
18	processing of the application pending the applicant's response to
19	the notice of deficiency. A notice of deficiency may include a
20	request for the applicant to conduct tests or sampling to provide
21	information necessary for the department to process the
22	application. If an applicant's response does not contain complete
23	information to satisfy all deficiencies described in a notice of
24	deficiency, the department shall notify the applicant not later than
25	thirty (30) working days after receiving the response. The
26	commissioner shall resume processing the application, and the
27	period described under sections 1 through 6 of this chapter
28	resumes on the earlier of the date the department receives and
29	stamps as received the applicant's complete information or the date
30	marked by the department on a certified mail return receipt
31	accompanying the applicant's complete information.
32	(2) The commissioner receives a written request from an applicant
33	to:
34	(A) withdraw; or
35	(B) defer processing of;
36	the application for the purposes of resolving an issue related to a
37	permit or to provide additional information concerning the
38	application.
39	(3) The department is required by federal law or by an agreement
40	with the United States Environmental Protection Agency for a

federal permit program to transmit a copy of the proposed permit

to the administrator of the United States Environmental Protection



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1	Agency for review and possible objections before the permit may
2	be issued. The period described under sections 1 through 6 of this
3	chapter shall be suspended from the time the department submits
4	the proposed permit to the administrator for review until:
5	(A) the department receives the administrator's concurrence or
6	objection to the issuance of the proposed permit; or
7	(B) the period established in federal law by which the
8	administrator is required to make objections expires without the
9	administrator having filed an objection.
10	(4) A board initiates emergency rulemaking under
11	$\frac{1C}{1}$ 4-22-2-37.1(a)(14) IC 4-22-2.1-23 to revise the period
12	described under sections 1 through 6 of this chapter.
13	SECTION 88. IC 13-18-13-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. The water
15	pollution control board and the budget agency may jointly adopt rules
16	under IC 4-22-2, including emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1,
17	IC 4-22-2.1, to implement this chapter.
18	SECTION 89. IC 13-18-21-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. The water
20	pollution control board and the budget agency may jointly adopt rules
21	under IC 4-22-2, including emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1,
22	IC 4-22-2.1, to implement this chapter.
23	SECTION 90. IC 13-22-2-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The board
25	shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 and IC 13-14-8 to develop criteria for
26	determining hazardous waste. In developing those criteria, the board
27	shall determine whether any waste to be or being disposed of meets any
28	of the following conditions:
29	(1) Presents immediate or persistent hazards to humans or wildlife.
30	(2) Is resistant to natural degradation or detoxification.
31	(3) Is bioconcentrative, flammable, reactive, toxic, corrosive, or
32	infectious in addition to any other harmful characteristics.
33	(b) The board shall do the following:
34	(1) Compile and maintain a listing of wastes that have been
35	determined to be hazardous:
36	(A) under the criteria described in subsection (a); or
37	(B) by regulation of the United States Environmental Protection
38	Agency.
39	(2) Issue the listing by adopting rules under IC 4-22-2. However,
40	the board may by resolution adopt an emergency rule under
41	IC 4-22-2-37.1 IC 4-22-2.1 to declare any waste determined to be



hazardous under this section.

1	(c) The board shall consider actions taken by adjoining states and the
2	federal government for purposes of uniform criteria relating to the
3	listing and delisting of waste under this section.
4	(d) The commissioner may exclude a waste produced at a particular
5	generating facility from the listing under subsection (b) if the person
6	seeking exclusion of the waste demonstrates to the satisfaction of the
7	commissioner that the waste does not meet any of the criteria under
8	which the waste was listed as a hazardous waste and:
9	(1) the person seeking exclusion has already obtained exclusion of
10	the waste from the listing maintained under 40 CFR 261 by the
11	United States Environmental Protection Agency; or
12	(2) if the department has received authority from the United States
13	Environmental Protection Agency to delist waste under 40 CFR
14	260.20 and 260.22, the person petitions the commissioner to
15	consider the removal of a waste from the listing, and the
16	commissioner follows the authorized procedure for delisting.
17	(e) The department shall establish a procedure by which a person
18	may petition the commissioner to consider the removal of a specific
19	waste from the lists maintained under subsection (b).
20	SECTION 91. IC 14-10-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.186-2003,
21	SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The department may adopt emergency
23	rules under <del>IC</del> 4-22-2-37.1 <b>IC</b> 4-22-2.1 to carry out the duties of the
24	department under the following:
25	(1) IC 14-9.
26	(2) This article.
27	(3) IC 14-11.
28	(4) IC 14-12-2.
29	(5) IC 14-14.
30	(6) IC 14-17-3.
31	(7) IC 14-18, except IC 14-18-6 and IC 14-18-8.
32	(8) IC 14-19-1 and IC 14-19-8.
33	(9) IC 14-20-1.
34	(10) IC 14-21.
35	(11) IC 14-22-3, IC 14-22-4, and IC 14-22-5.
36	(12) IC 14-23-1.
37	(13) IC 14-25, except IC 14-25-8-3, IC 14-25-11, and IC 14-25-13.
38	(14) IC 14-26.
39	(15) IC 14-27.
40	(16) IC 14-28.
41	(17) IC 14-29.
12	(18) IC 14 25 1 IC 14 25 2 and IC 14 25 2





1	(b) A rule adopted under subsection (a) expires not later than one (1)	
2	year after the rule is accepted for filing by the secretary of state.	
3	SECTION 92. IC 14-22-2-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The director	
5	shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to do the following:	
6	(1) Establish, open, close, lengthen, suspend, or shorten seasons.	
7	(2) Establish bag, sex, and size limits.	
8	(3) Establish limitations on the numbers of hunters and fishermen.	
9	(4) Establish the methods, means, and time of:	
10	(A) taking, chasing, transporting, and selling; or	
11	(B) attempting to take, transport, or sell;	
12	wild animals or exotic mammals, with or without dogs, in Indiana	
13	or in a designated part of Indiana.	
14	(5) Establish other necessary rules to do the following:	
15	(A) Administer this chapter.	_
16	(B) Properly manage wild animals or exotic mammals in a	4
17	designated water or land area of Indiana.	
18	(6) Set aside and designate land or water or parts of the land or	
19	water owned, controlled, or under contract or acquired by the state	
20	for conservation purposes as a public hunting and fishing ground	
21	under the restrictions, conditions, and limitations that are	
22	determined to be appropriate.	
23	(b) Rules:	
24	(1) may be adopted only after thorough investigation; and	
25	(2) must be based upon data relative to the following:	
26	(A) The welfare of the wild animal.	_
27	(B) The relationship of the wild animal to other animals.	
28	(C) The welfare of the people.	
29	(c) Whenever the director determines that it is necessary to adopt	
30	rules, the director shall comply with the following:	
31	(1) Rules must clearly describe and set forth any applicable	
32	changes.	
33	(2) The director shall make or cause to be made a periodic review	
34	of the rules.	
35	(3) A copy of each rule, as long as the rule remains in force and	
36	effect, shall be included and printed in each official compilation of	
37	the Indiana fish and wildlife law.	
38	(d) The director may modify or suspend a rule for a time not to	
39	exceed one (1) year under <del>IC</del> 4-22-2-37.1. <b>IC</b> 4-22-2.1.	
40	SECTION 93. IC 14-22-6-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) If the	
42	director:	



1	(1) determines that a species of wild animal present within a state
2	park poses an unusual hazard to the health or safety of one (1) or
3	more individuals;
4	(2) determines, based upon the opinion of a professional biologist,
5	that it is likely that:
6	(A) a species of wild animal present within a state park will
7	cause obvious and measurable damage to the ecological balance
8	within the state park; and
9	(B) the ecological balance within the state park will not be
10	maintained unless action is taken to control the population of the
11	species within the state park; or
12	(3) is required under a condition of a lease from the federal
13	government to manage a particular wild animal species;
14	the director shall, by emergency rule adopted under <del>IC</del> 4-22-2-37.1
15	IC 4-22-2.1 establish a controlled hunt for the species within the state
16	park.
17	(b) An order issued by the director under this section must set forth
18	the conditions of the hunt.
19	SECTION 94. IC 15-2.1-18-21, AS ADDED BY P.L.13-1999,
20	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 21. If the board determines that a disease
22	presents a definite health hazard to the citizens or animals of the state,
23	the following action may be taken:
24	(1) The board may adopt emergency rules under <del>IC</del> 4-22-2-37.1
25	IC 4-22-2.1 that provide for any of the following:
26	(A) Prohibit or impose conditions on importing animals and
27	products derived from animals into the state.
28	(B) Require testing of animals and products derived from
29	animals.
30	(C) Require vaccination of animals.
31	(D) Restrict moving animals and products derived from animals
32	within the state.
33	(E) Impose other measures governing animals and products
34	derived from animals to protect the citizens and animals of the
35	state from disease.
36	(2) The state veterinarian may issue emergency orders under
37	IC 4-21.5-4 governing animals and products derived from animals,
38	in order to protect the citizens and animals of the state from
39	disease.
40	SECTION 95. IC 15-2.1-18-22, AS ADDED BY P.L.13-1999,
41	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 22. If the board determines that a disease



l	epidemic has or is imminently likely to result in a large number of dead
2	animals, the board may facilitate the prompt disposal of the dead
3	animals by adopting an emergency rule under IC 4-22-2-37.1
4	IC 4-22-2.1 that amends or suspends:
5	(1) IC 15-2.1-16; and
6	(2) any rule adopted by the board that governs the disposal of dead
7	animals.
8	SECTION 96. IC 15-2.1-23-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.124-2001,
9	SECTION 153, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
10	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) Raw milk for processing
11	and milk and milk products must conform to all of the standards in the
12	rules adopted by the board.
13	(b) The board shall adopt a rule and may adopt emergency rules
14	under IC 4-22-2-37.1 IC 4-22-2.1 to establish standards for Grade A
15	milk and milk products. The standards adopted under this section must
16	be:
17	(1) the same as; or
18	(2) at least as effective in protecting health as;
19	the federal standards for Grade A milk adopted by the National
20	Conference on Interstate Milk Shipments in accordance with the
21	national conference's Memorandum of Understanding with the United
22	States Department of Health and Human Services, Food and Drug
23	Administration, including amendments to the federal standards in
24	effect June 30, 1993.
25	(c) The board shall determine when an amendment to federal
26	standards described in subsection (b) has been adopted. If the board
27	determines that an amendment to the federal standards has been
28	adopted, the board shall adopt rules and may adopt emergency rules
29	under IC 4-22-2-37.1 IC 4-22-2.1 to amend the rules adopted by the
30	board under subsection (b) to provide a standard that is:
31	(1) the same as; or
32	(2) at least as effective in protecting health as;
33	the amendment to the federal standards for Grade A milk.
34	(d) The board may adopt standards for the production of
35	manufacturing grade milk products.
36	(e) The board may do the following:
37	(1) Adopt rules defining grades of raw milk and milk products and
38	various tests to be made at different intervals in the receipt of raw
39	milk and milk products for the manufacturing or processing of milk
40	and milk products.
41	(2) Adopt sanitary rules concerning the sampling, production,
42	manufacturing, processing, handling, packing, storing, distributing,



1	and transporting of milk and milk products for the enforcement of
2	this chapter.
3	(3) Provide that raw milk and milk products that do not meet the
4	minimum standards provided and that are unfit for human
5	consumption be destroyed or otherwise removed from distribution
6	channels for human food in a manner provided by rule.
7	(4) Require training for bulk milk hauler/samplers.
8	SECTION 97. IC 16-18-2-67 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 67. (a)
10	"Comprehensive care bed", for purposes of IC 16-29-1, has the
11	meaning set forth in IC 16-29-1-1.
12	(b) "Comprehensive care bed", for purposes of IC 16-29-2, has the
13	meaning set forth in IC 16-29-2-1.
14	SECTION 98. IC 16-31-6-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2003,
15	SECTION 53, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2003, SECTION 35,
16	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not
18	apply to an act or omission that was a result of gross negligence or
19	willful or intentional misconduct.
20	(b) An act or omission of a paramedic, an advanced emergency
21	medical technician technician-intermediate, an emergency medical
22	<del>technician</del> technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical
23	technician, or a person with equivalent certification from another state
24	that is performed or made while providing advanced life support or
25	basic life support to a patient or trauma victim does not impose liability
26	upon the paramedic, the advanced emergency medical technician
27	technician-intermediate, the emergency medical technician
28	technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical technician, the
29	person with equivalent certification from another state, a hospital, a
30	provider organization, a governmental entity, or an employee or other
31	staff of a hospital, provider organization, or governmental entity if the
32	advanced life support or basic life support is provided in good faith:
33	(1) in connection with a disaster emergency declared by the
34	governor under <del>IC 10-4-1-7</del> IC 10-14-3-12 in response to an act
35	that the governor in good faith believes to be an act of terrorism (as
36	defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5); and
37	(2) in accordance with the rules adopted by the Indiana emergency
38	medical services commission or the disaster emergency declaration
39 40	of the governor.
40	SECTION 99. IC 16-31-8.5-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2003,
41 42	SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE LIBON BASSAGE]: See 1. As used in this chapter, "agency" refers to



1	the state emergency management agency established by <del>IC 10-8-2-1.</del>
2	IC 10-14-2-1.
3	SECTION 100. IC 16-38-5-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.135-2003,
4	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) An entity described in section 3(c) of
6	this chapter, the state department, or an agent of the state department
7	who in good faith provides or receives immunization information is
8	immune from civil and criminal liability for the following:
9	(1) Providing information to the immunization data registry.
0	(2) Using the immunization data registry information to verify that
1	a patient or child has received proper immunizations.
2	(3) Using the immunization data registry information to inform a
3	patient or the child's parent or guardian:
4	(A) of the patient patient's or child's immunization status; or
5	(B) that an immunization is due according to recommended
6	immunization schedules.
7	(b) A person who knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly discloses
8	confidential information contained in the immunization data registry in
9	violation of this chapter commits a Class A misdemeanor.
20	SECTION 101. IC 16-41-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.212-2003,
21	SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.237-2003, SECTION 6, IS
22	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in
24	IC 16-41-10-2.5 and subsection (b), a person may not perform a
25	screening or confirmatory test for the antibody or antigen to the human
26	immunodeficiency virus (HIV) HIV without the consent of the
27	individual to be tested or a representative as authorized under
28	IC 16-36-1. A physician ordering the test or the physician's authorized
29	representative shall document whether or not the individual has
0	consented. The test for the antibody or antigen to HIV may not be
31	performed on a woman under section 5 or 6 of this chapter if the
32	woman refuses under section 7 of this chapter to consent to the test.
3	(b) The test for the antibody or antigen to HIV may be performed if
4	one (1) of the following conditions exists:
55	(1) If ordered by a physician who has obtained a health care
66	consent under IC 16-36-1 or an implied consent under emergency
37	circumstances and the test is medically necessary to diagnose or
8	treat the patient's condition.
9	(2) Under a court order based on clear and convincing evidence of
10	a serious and present health threat to others posed by an individual.

A hearing held under this subsection shall be held in camera at the



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request of the individual.

1	(3) If the test is done on blood collected or tested anonymously as
2	part of an epidemiologic survey under IC 16-41-2-3 or
3	IC 16-41-17-10(a)(5).
4	(4) The test is ordered under section 4 of this chapter.
5	(5) The test is required or authorized under IC 11-10-3-2.5.
6	(c) A court may order a person to undergo testing for HIV under
7	IC 35-38-1-10.5(a) or IC 35-38-2-2.3(a)(16).
8	SECTION 102. IC 16-41-6-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.237-2003,
9	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies to a physician or an
11	advanced practice nurse who orders an HIV test under section 5 or 6 of
12	this chapter or to the physician's or nurse's designee.
13	(b) An individual described in subsection (a) shall:
14	(1) inform the pregnant woman that:
15	(A) the individual is required by law to order an HIV test unless
16	the pregnant woman refuses; and
17	(B) the pregnant woman has a right to refuse the test; and
18	(2) explain to the pregnant woman:
19	(A) the purpose of the test; and
20	(B) the risks and benefits of the test.
21	(c) An individual described in subsection (a) shall document in the
22	pregnant woman's medical records that the pregnant woman received
23	the information required under subsection (b).
24	(d) If a pregnant woman refuses to consent to an HIV test, the refusal
25	must be noted in the pregnant woman's medical records.
26	(e) If a test ordered under section 5 or 6 of this chapter is positive, an
27	individual described in subsection (a):
28	(1) shall inform the pregnant woman of the test results;
29	(2) shall inform the pregnant woman of the treatment options or
30	referral options available to the pregnant woman; and
31	(3) shall:
32	(A) provide the pregnant woman with a description of the
33	methods of HIV transmission;
34	(B) discuss risk reduction behavior modifications with the
35	pregnant woman, including methods to reduce the risk of
36	perinatal HIV transmission and HIV transmission through breast
37	milk; and
38	(C) provide the pregnant woman with referral information to
39	other HIV prevention, health care, and psychosocial services.
40	(f) The provisions of IC 16-41-2-3 apply to a positive HIV test under
41	section 5 or 6 of this chapter.
42	(g) The results of a test performed under section 5 or 6 of this chapter



1	are confidential.
2	(h) As a routine component of prenatal care, every individual
3	described in subsection (a) is required to provide information and
4	counseling regarding HIV and the standard serological licensed
5	diagnostic test for HIV and to offer and recommend the standard
6	serological licensed diagnostic test for HIV.
7	(i) An individual described in subsection (a) shall obtain a statement,
8	signed by the pregnant woman, acknowledging that the pregnant
9	woman was counseled and provided the required information set forth
10	in subsection (b) to ensure that an informed decision has been made.
11	(j) A pregnant woman who refuses a test under this section must do
12	so in writing.
13	SECTION 103. IC 16-41-10-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.212-2003,
14	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), if
16	a patient to whose blood or body fluids an emergency medical services
17	provider is exposed as described in section 2 of this chapter:
18	(1) is admitted to a medical facility following the exposure or is
19	located in a medical facility at the time of the exposure, a physician
20	designated by the medical facility shall, not more than seventy-two
21	(72) hours after the medical facility is notified under section 2 of
22	this chapter:
23	(A) cause a blood or body fluid specimen to be obtained from the
24	patient and testing to be performed for a dangerous
25	communicable disease of a type that has been epidemiologically
26	demonstrated to be transmittable by an exposure of the kind
27	experienced by the emergency medical services provider; and
28	(B) notify the medical director of the emergency medical
29	services provider's employer; or
30	(2) is not described in subdivision (1), the exposed emergency
31	medical services provider, the exposed emergency medical
32	services provider's employer, or the state department may:
33	(A) arrange for testing of the patient as soon as possible; or
34	(B) petition the circuit or superior court having jurisdiction in
35	the county of the patient's residence or where the employer of the
36	
37	exposed emergency medical services provider has the employer's
	principal office for an order requiring that the patient provide a
38	blood or body fluid specimen.
39	(b) An emergency medical services provider may, on the form
40	described in section 2 of this chapter, designate a physician other than
41	the medical director of the emergency medical services provider's
42	employer to receive the test results.



1	(c) The medical director or physician described in section 3 of this
2	chapter section shall notify the emergency medical services provider
3	of the test results not more than forty-eight (48) hours after the medical
4	director or physician receives the test results.
5	SECTION 104. IC 16-42-5-28, AS ADDED BY P.L.266-2001,
6	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 28. (a) The state department shall adopt rules
8	under IC 4-22-2 establishing a schedule of civil penalties that may be
9	imposed by the state department to enforce either of the following:
0	(1) This chapter.
1	(2) Rules adopted to implement this chapter.
2	(b) A penalty included in the schedule of civil penalties established
3	under this section may not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for
4	each violation per day.
5	(c) The civil penalties collected under this section shall be deposited
6	in the state general fund.
.7	(d) The state department may issue an order of compliance or impose
. 8	a civil penalty included in the schedule of civil penalties established
9	under this section, or both, against a person who does any of the
20	following:
21	(1) Fails to comply with this chapter or a rule adopted to
22	implement this chapter.
23	(2) Interferes with or obstructs the state department or the state
24	department's designated agent in the performance of duties under
2.5	this chapter.
26	(e) The state department may issue an order of compliance against a
27	person described in subsection (c) (d) under IC 4-21.5-3-6,
28	IC 4-21.5-3-8, or IC 4-21.5-4. The state department may impose a civil
29	penalty against a person described in subsection (c) (d) only in a
30	proceeding under IC 4-21.5-3-8.
51	(f) A proceeding commenced to impose a civil penalty under the
32	schedule of civil penalties established under this section may be
33	consolidated with any other proceeding commenced to enforce either
34	of the following:
55	(1) This chapter.
66	(2) A rule adopted by the state department to implement this
37	chapter.
8	(g) A corporation or a local health department:
19	(1) may bring an administrative action to enforce this chapter, rules

adopted to implement this chapter, or the schedule of civil penalties established by the state department under this section;

(2) may use tickets or citations to enforce this chapter, rules



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1	adopted under this chapter, or the schedule of civil penalties
2	established by the state department under this section; and
3	(3) shall deposit in the general fund of the corporation or the local
4	health department the civil penalties collected under this section.
5	(h) For each violation of the state law or rules concerning food
6	handling or food establishments, the state or either:
7	(1) a corporation; or
8	(2) a local health department;
9	may bring an enforcement action against a food establishment.
10	SECTION 105. IC 16-42-5.2-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2003,
11	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. This chapter does not apply to the
13	following:
14	(1) Hospitals licensed under IC 16-21.
15	(2) Health facilities licensed under IC 16-28.
16	(3) Housing with services establishments that are required to file
17	disclosure statements under <del>IC 12-15.</del> <b>IC 12-10-15.</b>
18	(4) Continuing care retirement communities required to file
19	disclosure statements under IC 23-2-4.
20	(5) Community mental health centers (as defined in IC 12-7-2-38).
21	(6) Private mental health institutions licensed under IC 12-25.
22	SECTION 106. IC 20-5-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2003,
23	SECTION 56, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.161-2003, SECTION 1,
24	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) A school corporation,
26	including a school township, shall adopt a policy concerning criminal
27	history information for individuals who:
28	(1) apply for:
29	(A) employment with the school corporation; or
30	(B) employment with an entity with which the school
31	corporation contracts for services;
32	(2) seek to enter into a contract to provide services to the school
33	corporation; or
34	(3) are employed by an entity that seeks to enter into a contract to
35	provide services to the school corporation;
36	if the individuals are likely to have direct, ongoing contact with
37	children within the scope of the individuals' employment.
38	(b) A school corporation, including a school township, shall
39	administer a policy adopted under this section uniformly for all
40	individuals to whom the policy applies. A policy adopted under this
41	section may require any of the following:

(1) The school corporation, including a school township, may



1	request limited criminal history information concerning each
2	applicant for noncertificated employment or certificated
3	employment from a local or state law enforcement agency before
4	or not later than three (3) months after the applicant's employment
5	by the school corporation.
6	(2) Each individual hired for noncertificated employment or
7	certificated employment may be required to provide a written
8	consent for the school corporation to request under IC 5-2-5
9	IC 10-13-3 limited criminal history information or a national
10	criminal history background check concerning the individual
11	before or not later than three (3) months after the individual's
12	employment by the school corporation. The school corporation
13	may require the individual to provide a set of fingerprints and pay
14	any fees required for a national criminal history background check.
15	(3) Each individual hired for noncertificated employment may be
16	required at the time the individual is hired to submit a certified
17	copy of the individual's limited criminal history (as defined in
18	$\frac{1C}{5-2-5-1(1)}$ IC 10-13-3-11) to the school corporation.
19	(4) Each individual hired for noncertificated employment may be
20	required at the time the individual is hired to:
21	(A) submit a request to the Indiana central repository for limited
22	criminal history information under <del>IC 5-2-5;</del> IC 10-13-3;
23	(B) obtain a copy of the individual's limited criminal history; and
24	(C) submit to the school corporation the individual's limited
25	criminal history and a document verifying a disposition (as
26	defined in <i>IC 5-2-5-1(6)) IC 10-13-3-7)</i> that does not appear on
27	the limited criminal history.
28	(5) Each applicant for noncertificated employment or certificated
29	employment may be required at the time the individual applies to
30	answer questions concerning the individual's limited criminal
31	history. The failure to answer honestly questions asked under this
32	subdivision is grounds for termination of the employee's
33	employment.
34	(6) Each individual that:
35	(A) seeks to enter into a contract to provide services to a school
36	corporation; or
37	(B) is employed by an entity that seeks to enter into a contract
38	with a school corporation;
39	may be required at the time the contract is formed to comply with
40	the procedures described in subdivision (4)(A) and (4)(B). The
41	school corporation either may require that the individual or the

contractor comply with the procedures described in subdivision



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1	$\frac{(4)(C)}{(4)}$ or $\frac{(5)}{(5)}$ subdivisions (2), (4), and (5). An individual who is
2	employed by an entity that seeks to enter into a contract with a
3	school corporation to provide student services in which the entity's
4	employees have direct contact with students in a school based
5	program may be required to provide the consent described in
6	subdivision (2) or the information described in subdivisions (4)
7	and (5) to either the individual's employer or the school
8	corporation. Failure to comply with subdivisions (2), (4), and (5),
9	as required by the school corporation, is grounds for termination of
10	the contract. An entity that enters into a contract with a school
11	corporation to provide student services in which the entity's
12	employees have direct contact with students in a school based
13	program is allowed to obtain limited criminal history information
14	or a national criminal history background check regarding the
15	entity's applicants or employees in the same manner that a school
16	corporation may obtain the information.
17	(c) If an individual is required to obtain a limited criminal history
18	under this section, the individual is responsible for all costs associated
19	with obtaining the limited criminal history.
20	(d) Information obtained under this section must be used in
21	accordance with <del>IC 5-2-5-6.</del> IC 10-13-3-29.
22	SECTION 107. IC 20-6.1-3-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.100-2001,
23	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

(b) The transition to teaching program is established to accomplish the following:

UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) As used in this section, "program"

refers to the transition to teaching program established by subsection

- (1) Facilitate the transition into the teaching profession of competent professionals in fields other than teaching.
- (2) Allow competent professionals who do not hold a teaching license to earn and be issued a teaching license through participation in and satisfactory completion of the program.
- (c) Subject to the requirements of this section, the board shall develop and administer the program. The board shall determine the details of the program that are not included in this section.
- (d) Each accredited teacher training school and department shall establish a course of study that constitutes the higher education component of the program. The higher education component required under this subsection must comply with the following requirements:
  - (1) Include the following study requirements:
    - (A) For a program participant who seeks to obtain a license to



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1	teach in grade 6 through grade 12, up to eighteen (18) credit
2	hours of study or the equivalent that prepare a program
3	participant to meet Indiana standards for teaching in the subject
4	areas corresponding to the area in which the program participant
5	has met the education requirements under subsection (e), unless
6	the program participant demonstrates that the program
7	participant requires fewer credit hours of study to meet Indiana
8	standards for teaching.
9	(B) For a program participant who seeks to obtain a license to
10	teach in kindergarten through grade 5, twenty-four (24) credit
11	hours of study or the equivalent, which must include at least six
12	(6) credit hours in the teaching of reading, that prepare a
13	program participant to meet Indiana standards for teaching,
14	unless the program participant demonstrates that the program
15	participant requires fewer credit hours of study to meet Indiana
16	standards for teaching.
17	(2) Focus on the communication of knowledge to students.
18	(3) Include suitable field or classroom experiences if the program
19	participant does not have teaching experience.
20	(e) A person who wishes to participate in the program must have one
21	(1) of the following qualifications:
22	(1) For a program participant who seeks to obtain a license to teach
23	in grade 6 through grade 12, one (1) of the following:
24	(A) A bachelor's degree or the equivalent with a grade point
25	average of three (3.0) on a four (4.0) scale from an accredited
26	institution of higher education in the subject area that the person
27	intends to teach.
28	(B) A graduate degree from an accredited institution of higher
29	education in the subject area that the person intends to teach.
30	(C) Both:
31	(i) a bachelor's degree from an accredited institution of higher
32	education with a grade point average of two and five-tenths
33	(2.5) on a four (4) point scale; and
34	(ii) five (5) years of professional experience;
35	in the subject area that the person intends to teach.
36	(2) For a program participant who seeks to obtain a license to teach
37	in kindergarten through grade 5, one (1) of the following:
38	(A) A bachelor's degree or the equivalent with a grade point
39	average of three (3.0) on a four (4.0) scale from an accredited
40	institution of higher education.
41	(B) Both:
42	(i) a bachelor's degree from an accredited institution of higher



1	education with a grade point average of two and five-tenths
2	(2.5) on a four (4.0) point scale; and
3	(ii) five (5) years of professional experience in an
4	education-related field.
5	(f) The board shall grant an initial standard license to a program
6	participant who does the following:
7	(1) Successfully completes the higher education component of the
8	program.
9	(2) Demonstrates proficiency through a written examination in:
10	(A) basic reading, writing, and mathematics;
11	(B) pedagogy; and
12	(C) knowledge of the areas in which the program participant is
13	required to have a license to teach;
14	under section 10.1(a) of this chapter.
15	(3) Participates successfully in a beginning teacher internship
16	program under IC 20-6.1-8 (repealed) that includes
17	implementation in a classroom of the teaching skills learned in the
18	higher education component of the program.
19	(4) Receives a successful assessment of teaching skills upon
20	completion of the beginning teacher internship program from the
21	administrator of the school where the beginning teacher internship
22	program takes place, or, if the program participant does not receive
23	a successful assessment, participates in the beginning teacher
24	internship program for a second year, as provided under
25	IC 20-6.1-8-13 (repealed). The appeals provisions of
26	IC 20-6.1-8-14 (repealed) apply to an assessment under this
27	subdivision.
28	(g) This subsection applies to a program participant who has a degree
29	described in subsection (e) that does not include all the content areas
30	of a standard license issued by the board. The board shall issue an
31	initial standard license that is restricted to only the content areas in
32	which the program participant has a degree unless the program
33	participant demonstrates sufficient knowledge in other content areas of
34	the license.
35	(h) A school corporation may hire a program participant to teach only
36	in the subject area in which the participant meets the qualifications set
37	forth under subsection (e).
38	(i) After receiving an initial standard license under subsection (f) or
39	(g), a program participant who seeks to renew the participant's initial
40	standard license must meet the same requirements as other candidates
41	for license renewal.
42	(j) The board may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to administer this



1	section. Rules adopted under this subsection must include a
2	requirement that accredited teacher training schools and departments
3	submit an annual report to the board of the number of individuals who:
4	(1) enroll in; and
5	(2) complete;
6	the program.
7	SECTION 108. IC 20-6.1-4-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.291-2001,
8	SECTION 173, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) Within ten (10) days after
10	a request from the governing body, the superintendent shall make a
11	report on any person being considered by the school corporation for
12	either a teaching appointment or an indefinite contract as defined in
13	section 9 of this chapter. This report must contain the person's teaching
14	preparation, experience, and license.
15	(b) The governing body of a school corporation may not employ an
16	individual who receives an initial standard or reciprocal license after
17	March 31, 1988, for a teaching appointment under this chapter unless
18	the individual:
19	(1) has successfully completed a beginning teacher internship
20	program under IC 20-6.1-8 (repealed); or
21	(2) has at least two (2) years of teaching experience outside
22	Indiana.
23	(c) This section does not prevent the granting of additional authority
24	in the selection or employment of teachers to a superintendent by the
25	rules and regulations of a school corporation.
26	SECTION 109. IC 20-8.1-5.1-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.202-2003,
27	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 23. (a) This section applies to the following:
29	(1) A student who:
30	(A) is expelled from a school corporation or charter school under
31	this chapter; or
32	(B) withdraws from a school corporation or charter school to
33	avoid expulsion.
34	(2) A student who:
35	(A) is required to separate for disciplinary reasons from a
36	nonpublic school or a school in a state other than Indiana by the
37	administrative authority of the school; or
38	(B) withdraws from a nonpublic school or a school in a state
39	other than Indiana in order to avoid being required to separate
40	from the school for disciplinary reasons by the administrative
41	authority of the school.
42	(b) The student may enroll in another school corporation or charter



1	school during the period of the actual or proposed expulsion or
2	separation if:
3 4	(1) the student's parent informs the school corporation in which the student seeks to enroll and also:
5	(A) in the case of a student withdrawing from a charter school
6	that is not a conversion charter school to avoid expulsion, the
7	conversion charter school; or
8	(B) in the case of a student withdrawing from a conversion
9	charter school to avoid expulsion: the:
0	(i) <b>the</b> conversion charter school; and
1	(ii) the school corporation that sponsored the conversion
2	charter school;
3	of the student's expulsion or separation or withdrawal to avoid
4	expulsion or separation;
.5	(2) the school corporation (and, in the case of a student withdrawal
6	described in subdivision (1)(A) or (1)(B), the charter school)
7	consents to the student's enrollment; and
8	(3) the student agrees to the terms and conditions of enrollment
9	established by the school corporation (or, in the case of a student
20	withdrawal described in subdivision (1)(A) or (1)(B), the charter
21	school or conversion charter school).
22	(c) If:
23	(1) a student's parent fails to inform the school corporation of the
24	expulsion or separation or withdrawal to avoid expulsion or
25	separation; or
26	(2) the student fails to follow the terms and conditions of
27	enrollment under subsection (b)(3);
28	the school corporation or charter school may withdraw consent and
29	prohibit the student's enrollment during the period of the actual or
30	proposed expulsion or separation.
31	(d) Before a consent is withdrawn under subsection (c) the student
32	must have an opportunity for an informal meeting before the principal
33	of the student's proposed school. At the informal meeting, the student
34	is entitled to:
55 56	(1) a written or an oral statement of the reasons for the withdrawal
57	of the consent; (2) a summary of the evidence against the student; and
88	<ul><li>(2) a summary of the evidence against the student; and</li><li>(3) an opportunity to explain the student's conduct.</li></ul>
19	(e) This section does not apply to a student who is expelled under
10	section 11 of this chapter.
1	SECTION 110. IC 20-12-14-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2003,
12	SECTION 110. IC 20-12-14-2, AS AMENDED BY 1.E.224-2003, SECTION 139 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) Instruction in laboratory
2	schools may be provided for pre-school pupils, kindergarten pupils,
3	special education pupils, and for all or a portion of the twelve (12)
4	common school grades.
5	(b) Agreements may be entered into with local school units and
6	educational organizations for the assignment of pupils to such
7	laboratory schools, the payment of transfer fees, and contributions to
8	the cost of establishing and maintaining the laboratory schools.
9	(c) A laboratory school that:
.0	(1) is operated by a university under this chapter without an
.1	agreement described in subsection (b); and
2	(2) has an ADM (as defined in IC 21-3-1.6-1.1(d)) of not more
.3	than seven hundred fifty (750);
4	shall be treated as a charter school for purposes of local funding under
. 5	IC 6-1.1-19 and state funding under IC 21-3.
6	(d) A pupil who attends a laboratory school full time may not be
7	counted in ADM or ADA by any local school unit when his attendance
. 8	is not regulated under an agreement.
.9	SECTION 111. IC 20-12-19.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2003,
20	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) The children of:
22	(1) regular, paid law enforcement officers;
23	(2) regular, paid firefighters;
24	(3) volunteer firefighters (as defined in IC 36-8-12-2);
25	(4) county police reserve officers;
26	(5) city police reserve officers;
27	(6) paramedics (as defined in IC 16-18-2-266);
28	(7) emergency medical technicians (as defined in IC 16-18-2-112);
29	or
30	(8) advanced emergency medical technicians (as defined in
31	IC 16-18-2-6) (repealed);
32	who have been killed in the line of duty shall not be required to pay
33	tuition or mandatory fees at any state supported college, university, or
34	technical school, so long as the children are under the age of
55	twenty-three (23) and are full-time students pursuing a prescribed
66	course of study.
57	(b) The surviving spouse of a:
8	(1) regular, paid law enforcement officer;
19	(2) regular, paid firefighter;
10	(3) volunteer firefighter (as defined in IC 36-8-12-2);
1	(4) county police reserve officer;
12	(5) city police reserve officer:



1	(6) paramedic (as defined in IC 16-18-2-266);	
2	(7) emergency medical technician (as defined in IC 16-18-2-112);	
3	or	
4	(8) advanced emergency medical technician (as defined in	
5	IC 16-18-2-6) (repealed);	
6	who has been killed in the line of duty may not be required to pay	
7	tuition or mandatory fees at any state supported college, university, or	
8	technical school, so long as the surviving spouse is pursuing a	
9	prescribed course of study at the institution towards an undergraduate	_
10	degree.	4
11	(c) This section applies to the children and surviving spouse of a:	
12	(1) regular, paid law enforcement officer;	•
13	(2) regular, paid firefighter;	
14	(3) volunteer firefighter (as defined in IC 36-8-12-2);	
15	(4) county police reserve officer;	
16	(5) city police reserve officer;	
17	(6) paramedic (as defined in IC 16-18-2-266);	
18	(7) emergency medical technician (as defined in IC 16-18-2-112);	
19	or	
20	(8) advanced emergency medical technician (as defined in	
21	IC 16-18-2-6) (repealed);	
22	if the public safety officer described in this subsection was a resident	
23	of Indiana and was killed in the line of duty before, on, or after July 1,	
24	1993.	
25	SECTION 112. IC 21-2-11-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2003,	
26	SECTION 145, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
27	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) Any lawful school	٦
28	expenses payable from any other fund of the school corporation,	
29	including without limitation debt service and capital outlay, but	•
30	excluding costs attributable to transportation (as defined in	
31	IC 21-2-11.5-2), may be budgeted in and paid from the general fund.	
32	However, after June 30, 2003, and before July 1, 2005, a school	
33	corporation may budget for and pay costs attributable to transportation	
34	(as defined in IC 21-2-11.5-2) from the general fund.	
35	(b) In addition, remuneration for athletic coaches (whether or not	
36	they are otherwise employed by the school corporation and whether or	
37	not they are licensed under IC 20-6.1-3) may be budgeted in and paid	
38	from the school corporation's general fund.	
39	(c) During the period beginning July 1, 2003, and ending June 30,	
40	2005, <b>the</b> school corporation may transfer money in a fund maintained	
41	by the school corporation (other than the special education preschool	
42	fund (IC 21-2-17-1) or the school bus replacement fund	



1	(IC 21-2-11.5-2)) that is obtained from:
2	(1) a source other than a state distribution or local property
3	taxation; or
4	(2) a state distribution or a property tax levy that is required to be
5	deposited in the fund;
6	to any other fund. A transfer under subdivision (2) may not be the sole
7	basis for reducing the property tax levy for the fund from which the
8	money is transferred or the fund to which money is transferred. Money
9	transferred under this subsection may be used only to pay costs,
10	including debt service, attributable to reductions in funding for
11	transportation distributions under IC 21-3-3.1, including
12	reimbursements associated with transportation costs for special
13	education and vocational programs under IC 21-3-3.1-4, and ADA flat
14	grants under IC 21-3-4.5. The property tax levy for a fund from which
15	money was transferred may not be increased to replace the money
16	transferred to another fund.
17	(d) The total amount transferred under subsection (c) may not exceed
18	the following:
19	(1) For the period beginning July 1, 2003, and ending June 30,
20	2004, the total amount of state funding received for transportation
21	distributions under IC 21-3-3.1, including reimbursements
22	associated with transportation costs for special education and
23	vocational programs under IC 21-3-3.1-4, and ADA flat grants
24	under IC 21-3-4.5 for the same period.
25	(2) For the period beginning July 1, 2004, and ending June 30,
26	2005, the product of:
27	(A) the amount determined under subdivision (1); multiplied by
28	(B) two (2).
29	SECTION 113. IC 21-2-15-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2003,
30	SECTION 148, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
31	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) As used in this
32	subsection, "calendar year distribution" means the sum of:
33	(1) all distributions to a school corporation under:
34	(A) IC 6-1.1-19-1.5;
35	(B) IC 21-1-30;
36	(C) IC 21-3-1.7;
37	(D) IC 21-3-2.1; and
38	(E) IC 21-3-12;
39	for the calendar year; plus
40	(2) <del>plus</del> the school corporation's excise tax revenue (as defined in
41	IC 21-3-1.7-2) for the immediately preceding calendar year.
42	(b) A school corporation may establish a capital projects fund.



1	(c) With respect to any facility used or to be used by the school
2	corporation (other than a facility used or to be used primarily for
3	interscholastic or extracurricular activities, except as provided in
4	subsection (j)), the fund may be used to pay for the following:
5	(1) Planned construction, repair, replacement, or remodeling.
6	(2) Site acquisition.
7	(3) Site development.
8	(4) Repair, replacement, or site acquisition that is necessitated by
9	an emergency.
10	(d) The fund may be used to pay for the purchase, lease, repair, or
11	maintenance of equipment to be used by the school corporation (other
12	than vehicles to be used for any purpose and equipment to be used
13	primarily for interscholastic or extracurricular activities, except as
14	provided in subsection (j)).
15	(e) The fund may be used for any of the following purposes:
16	(1) To purchase, lease, upgrade, maintain, or repair one (1) or more
17	of the following:
18	(A) Computer hardware.
19	(B) Computer software.
20	(C) Wiring and computer networks.
21	(D) Communication access systems used to connect with
22	computer networks or electronic gateways.
23	(2) To pay for the services of full-time or part-time computer
24	maintenance employees.
25	(3) To conduct nonrecurring inservice technology training of
26	school employees.
27	(4) To fund the payment of advances, together with interest on the
28	advances, from the common school fund for educational
29	technology programs under IC 21-1-5.
30	(5) To fund the acquisition of any equipment or services necessary:
31	(A) to implement the technology preparation curriculum under
32	IC 20-10.1-5.6;
33	(B) to participate in a program to provide educational
34	technologies, including computers, in the homes of students
35	(commonly referred to as "the buddy system project") under
36	IC 20-10.1-25, the 4R's technology program under
37	IC 20-10.1-25, or any other program under the educational
38	technology program described in IC 20-10.1-25; or
39	(C) to obtain any combination of equipment or services
40	described in clauses (A) and (B).
41	(f) The fund may be used to purchase:
42	(1) building sites;



1	(2) buildings in need of renovation;
2	(3) building materials; and
3	(4) equipment;
4	for the use of vocational building trades classes to construct new
5	buildings and to remodel existing buildings.
6	(g) The fund may be used for leasing or renting of existing real
7	estate, excluding payments authorized under IC 21-5-11 and
8	IC 21-5-12.
9	(h) The fund may be used to pay for services of the school
10	corporation employees that are bricklayers, stone masons, cement
11	masons, tile setters, glaziers, insulation workers, asbestos removers,
12	painters, paperhangers, drywall applicators and tapers, plasterers, pipe
13	fitters, roofers, structural and steel workers, metal building assemblers,
14	heating and air conditioning installers, welders, carpenters, electricians,
15	or plumbers, as these occupations are defined in the United States
16	Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration,
17	Dictionary of Occupational Titles, Fourth Edition, Revised 1991, if:
18	(1) the employees perform construction of, renovation of,
19	remodeling of, repair of, or maintenance on the facilities and
20	equipment specified in subsections (b) and (c);
21	(2) the school corporation's total annual salary and benefits paid by
22	the school corporation to employees described in this subsection
23	are at least six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000); and
24	(3) the payment of the employees described in this subsection is
25	included as part of the proposed capital projects fund plan
26	described in section 5(a) of this chapter.
27	However, the number of employees that are covered by this subsection
28	is limited to the number of employee positions described in this
29	subsection that existed on January 1, 1993. For purposes of this
30	subsection, maintenance does not include janitorial or comparable
31	routine services normally provided in the daily operation of the
32	facilities or equipment.
33	(i) The fund may be used to pay for energy saving contracts entered
34	into by a school corporation under IC 36-1-12.5.
35	(j) Money from the fund may be used to pay for the construction,
36	repair, replacement, remodeling, or maintenance of a school sports
37	facility. However, a school corporation's expenditures in a calendar
38	year under this subsection may not exceed five percent (5%) of the
39	property tax revenues levied for the fund in the calendar year.

(k) Money from the fund may be used to carry out a plan developed

(1) This subsection applies during the period beginning January 1,



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under IC 20-10.1-33.

1	2004, and ending December 31, 2005. Money from the fund may be
2	used to pay for up to one hundred percent (100%) of the following
3	costs of a school corporation:
4	(1) Utility services.
5	(2) Property or casualty insurance.
6	(3) Both utility services and property or casualty insurance.
7	In the 2004 calendar year, a school corporation's expenditures under
8	this subsection may not exceed one percent (1%) of the school
9	corporation's 2003 calendar year distribution. In the 2005 calendar
10	year, a school corporation's expenditures under this subsection may not
11	exceed two percent (2%) of the school corporation's 2003 calendar year
12	distribution.
13	(m) Notwithstanding subsection (l), a school corporation's
14	expenditures under subsection (1) in the 2004 calendar year may exceed
15	one percent (1%) of the school corporation's 2003 calendar year
16	distribution if the school corporation's 2004 calendar year distribution
17	is less than the school corporation's 2003 calendar year distribution.
18	The amount by which a school corporation's expenditures under
19	subsection (l) in the 2004 calendar year may exceed one percent (1%)
20	of the school corporation's 2003 calendar year distribution is the least
21	of the following:
22	(1) One percent (1%) of the school corporation's 2003 calendar
23	year distribution.
24	(2) The greater of zero (0) or the difference between:
25	(A) the sum of:
26	(i) the school corporation's calendar year distribution;
27	(ii) the amount determined for the school corporation under
28	subsection (1); plus
29	(iii) the amount determined for the school corporation under
30	this subsection, if any;
31	for the immediately preceding calendar year; minus
32	(B) the school corporation's calendar year distribution for the
33	calendar year.
34	(3) The difference between:
35	(A) one hundred percent (100%) of the school corporation's costs
36	for utility services and property or casualty insurance; minus
37	(B) the amount determined for the school corporation under
38	subsection (1) for the calendar year.
39	(n) Notwithstanding subsection (l), a school corporation's
40	expenditures under subsection (1) in the 2005 calendar year may exceed
41	two percent (2%) of the school corporation's 2003 calendar year
42	distribution if the school corporation's 2005 calendar year distribution



1	is less than the school corporation's 2003 calendar year distribution.
2	The amount by which a school corporation's expenditures under
3	subsection (l) in the 2005 calendar year may exceed two percent (2%)
4	of the school corporation's 2003 calendar year distribution is the least
5	of the following:
6	(1) Two percent (2%) of the school corporation's 2003 calendar
7	year distribution.
8	(2) The greater of zero (0) or the difference between:
9	(A) the sum of:
10	(i) the school corporation's calendar year distribution;
11	(ii) the amount determined for the school corporation under
12	subsection (l); plus
13	(iii) the amount determined for the school corporation under
14	this subsection, if any;
15	for the immediately preceding calendar year; minus
16	(B) the school corporation's calendar year distribution for the
17	calendar year.
18	(3) The difference between:
19	(A) one hundred percent (100%) of the school corporation's costs
20	for utility services and property or casualty insurance; minus
21	(B) the amount determined for the school corporation under
22	subsection (1) for the calendar year.
23	SECTION 114. IC 21-3-1.6-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.276-2003,
24	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this section, "school
26	corporation" does not include a charter school.
27	(b) To each school corporation there shall be assigned for each
28	calendar year a teacher ratio which shall consist of the average training
29	and experience factor of the school corporation divided by the state
30	training and experience factor for the same year. The training and
31	experience factor of the school corporation for each calendar year shall
32	be calculated by assigning to each of its teachers employed on October
33	1 of the preceding year an index number in accordance with the
34	following table, adding the total index numbers of all teachers in the
35	school corporation and dividing the total by the number of teachers.
36	The state factor shall be similarly calculated for all the teachers
37	employed by the state's school corporations.
38	Amount of College Amount of
39	Training Experience Index Factor
40	(a) Less than 4 years Not applicable 0.7
41	(b) 4 years but less Less than 6 years 0.8
42	than 5 years



1		6 years or more	0.9
2	(c) 5 years or more	Less than 5 years	1.0
3	(c) 3 years of more	5 years or more	1.0
4		but less than 11	
5		years	1.1
6		11 years or more	1.1
7		but less than 17	
8		years	1.2
9		17 years or more	1.3a 1.3
10	SECTION 115 IC 21-3-1	1.7-9.8, AS AMENDED B	
11	SECTION 166, IS AM		
12	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASS		
13	distributions under sections		
14	school corporation is eligi		-
15	amount determined under S	_	
16		e the number of the scho	-
17		ccessfully completed an a	•
18		the school year ending	
19	calendar year.	,	1
20		the STEP ONE amount b	y nine hundred
21	sixty-three dollars (\$90		•
22	(c) (b) Each year the government	verning body of a school of	corporation may
23	use the money that the sc		
24	diploma award under this	section to give nine hun-	dred sixty-three
25	dollars (\$963) to each elig	ible pupil in the school c	orporation who
26	successfully completes an	academic honors diploma	program in the
27	school year ending in the pr	evious calendar year.	
28	SECTION 116. IC 22-4-	15-1, AS AMENDED BY	P.L.189-2003,
29	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED	TO READ AS FOLLOW	S [EFFECTIVE
30	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec.	1. (a) With respect to	benefit periods
31	established on and after July	6, 1980, an individual who	has voluntarily
32	left the individual's most re	ecent employment withou	t good cause in
33	connection with the work or	who was discharged from	the individual's
34	most recent employment for	just cause is ineligible fo	r waiting period
35	or benefit rights for the we	eek in which the disqualit	fying separation
36	occurred and until the i	ndividual has earned re	emuneration in
37	employment equal to or exc	ceeding the weekly benefit	t amount of the
38	individual's claim in each	• • •	•
39	amount has not been earned	at the expiration of an ind	ividual's benefit
40	period, the unearned amour	nt shall be carried forward	to an extended

(b) When it has been determined that an individual has been

benefit period or to the benefit period of a subsequent claim.



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separated from employment under disqualifying conditions as or in this section, the maximum benefit amount of the individual's c claim, as initially determined, shall be reduced by twenty-five p (25%). If twenty-five percent (25%) of the maximum benefit a is not an even dollar amount, the amount of such reduction v	current percent mount
raised to the next higher even dollar amount. The maximum b	
amount may not be reduced by more than twenty-five percent during any benefit period or extended benefit period.	
(c) The disqualifications provided in this section shall be sub	ject to
the following modifications:	
(1) An individual shall not be subject to disqualification be	ecause
of separation from the individual's employment if:	
(A) the individual left to accept with another empreviously secured permanent full-time work which or reasonable expectation of continued covered employment.	offered
betterment of wages or working conditions; and thereaft employed on said job;	er was
(B) having been simultaneously employed by tweemployers, the individual leaves one (1) such employers without good cause in connection with the	ployer
but remains in employment with the second employer reasonable expectation of continued employment; or	

- (C) the individual left to accept recall made by a base period employer.
- (2) An individual whose unemployment is the result of medically substantiated physical disability and who is involuntarily unemployed after having made reasonable efforts to maintain the employment relationship shall not be subject to disqualification under this section for such separation.
- (3) An individual who left work to enter the armed forces of the United States shall not be subject to disqualification under this section for such leaving of work.
- (4) An individual whose employment is terminated under the compulsory retirement provision of a collective bargaining agreement to which the employer is a party, or under any other plan, system, or program, public or private, providing for compulsory retirement and who is otherwise eligible shall not be deemed to have left the individual's work voluntarily without good cause in connection with the work. However, if such individual subsequently becomes reemployed and thereafter voluntarily leaves work without good cause in connection with the work, the individual shall be deemed ineligible as outlined in this





1	section.
2	(5) An otherwise eligible individual shall not be denied benefits
3	for any week because the individual is in training approved under
4	Section 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, nor shall the
5	individual be denied benefits by reason of leaving work to enter
6	such training, provided the work left is not suitable employment,
7	or because of the application to any week in training of provisions
8	in this law (or any applicable federal unemployment
9	compensation law), relating to availability for work, active search
10	for work, or refusal to accept work. For purposes of this
11	subdivision, the term "suitable employment" means with respect
12	to an individual, work of a substantially equal or higher skill level
13	than the individual's past adversely affected employment (as
14	defined for purposes of the Trade Act of 1974), and wages for
15	such work at not less than eighty percent (80%) of the individual's
16	average weekly wage as determined for the purposes of the Trade
17	Act of 1974.
18	(6) An individual is not subject to disqualification because of
19	separation from the individual's employment if:
20	(A) the employment was outside the individual's labor market;
21	(B) the individual left to accept previously secured full-time
22	work with an employer in the individual's labor market; and
23	(C) the individual actually became employed with the
24	employer in the individual's labor market.
25	(7) An individual who, but for the voluntary separation to move
26	to another labor market to join a spouse who had moved to that
27	labor market, shall not be disqualified for that voluntary
28	separation, if the individual is otherwise eligible for benefits.
29	Benefits paid to the spouse whose eligibility is established under
30	this subdivision shall not be charged against the employer from
31	whom the spouse voluntarily separated.
32	(8) An individual shall not be subject to disqualification if the
33	individual voluntarily left employment or was discharged due to
34	circumstances directly caused by domestic or family violence (as
35	defined in IC 31-9-2-42). An individual who may be entitled to
36	benefits based on this modification may apply to the office of the
37	attorney general under IC 5-26.5 to have an address designated
38	by the office of the attorney general to serve as the individual's
39	address for purposes of this article. <del>under IC 5-26.5.</del>
40	As used in this subsection, "labor market" means the area surrounding

an individual's permanent residence, outside which the individual cannot reasonably commute on a daily basis. In determining whether



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1	an individual can reasonably commute under this subdivision, the
2	department shall consider the nature of the individual's job.
3	(d) "Discharge for just cause" as used in this section is defined to
4	include but not be limited to:
5	(1) separation initiated by an employer for falsification of an
6	employment application to obtain employment through
7	subterfuge;
8	(2) knowing violation of a reasonable and uniformly enforced rule
9	of an employer;
10	(3) unsatisfactory attendance, if the individual cannot show good
11	cause for absences or tardiness;
12	(4) damaging the employer's property through willful negligence;
13	(5) refusing to obey instructions;
14	(6) reporting to work under the influence of alcohol or drugs or
15	consuming alcohol or drugs on employer's premises during
16	working hours;
17	(7) conduct endangering safety of self or coworkers; or
18	(8) incarceration in jail following conviction of a misdemeanor or
19	felony by a court of competent jurisdiction or for any breach of
20	duty in connection with work which is reasonably owed an
21	employer by an employee.
22	(e) To verify that domestic or family violence has occurred, an
23	individual who applies for benefits under subsection (c)(8) shall
24	provide one (1) of the following:
25	(1) A report of a law enforcement agency (as defined in
26	<del>IC 5-2-5-1).</del> IC 10-13-3-10).
27	(2) A protection order issued under IC 34-26-5.
28	(3) A foreign protection order (as defined in IC 34-6-2-48.5).
29	(4) An affidavit from a domestic violence service provider
30	verifying services provided to the individual by the domestic
31	violence service provider.
32	SECTION 117. IC 22-4-15-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.189-2003,
33	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) With respect to benefit periods
35	established on and after July 3, 1977, an individual is ineligible for
36	waiting period or benefit rights, or extended benefit rights, if the
37	department finds that, being totally, partially, or part-totally
38	unemployed at the time when the work offer is effective or when the
39	individual is directed to apply for work, the individual fails without
40	good cause.

(1) to apply for available, suitable work when directed by the

commissioner, the deputy, or an authorized representative of the



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1	department of workforce development or the United States
2	training and employment service;
3	(2) to accept, at any time after the individual is notified of a
4	separation, suitable work when found for and offered to the
5	individual by the commissioner, the deputy, or an authorized
6	representative of the department of workforce development or the
7	United States training and employment service, or an employment
8	unit; or
9	(3) to return to the individual's customary self-employment when
10	directed by the commissioner or the deputy.
11	(b) With respect to benefit periods established on and after July 6,
12	1980, the ineligibility shall continue for the week in which the failure
13	occurs and until the individual earns remuneration in employment
14	equal to or exceeding the weekly benefit amount of the individual's
15	claim in each of eight (8) weeks. If the qualification amount has not
16	been earned at the expiration of an individual's benefit period, the
17	unearned amount shall be carried forward to an extended benefit period
18	or to the benefit period of a subsequent claim.
19	(c) With respect to extended benefit periods established on and after
20	July 5, 1981, the ineligibility shall continue for the week in which the
21	failure occurs and until the individual earns remuneration in
22	employment equal to or exceeding the weekly benefit amount of the
23	individual's claim in each of four (4) weeks.
24	(d) If an individual failed to apply for or accept suitable work as
25	outlined in this section, the maximum benefit amount of the
26	individual's current claim, as initially determined, shall be reduced by
27	twenty-five percent (25%). If twenty-five percent (25%) of the
28	maximum benefit amount is not an even dollar amount, the amount of
29	such reduction shall be raised to the next higher even dollar amount.
30	The maximum benefit amount of the individual's current claim may not
31	be reduced by more than twenty-five percent (25%) during any benefit
32	period or extended benefit period.
33	(e) In determining whether or not any such work is suitable for an
34	individual, the department shall consider:
35	(1) the degree of risk involved to such individual's health, safety,
36	and morals;
37	(2) the individual's physical fitness and prior training and
38	experience;
39	(3) the individual's length of unemployment and prospects for
40	securing local work in the individual's customary occupation; and
41	(4) the distance of the available work from the individual's



residence.

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However, work under substantially the same terms and conditions under which the individual was employed by a base-period employer which is within the individual's prior training and experience and physical capacity to perform, shall be considered to be suitable work unless the claimant has made a bona fide change in residence which makes such offered work unsuitable to the individual because of the distance involved. For an individual who is not disqualified under subject to section 1(c)(8) of this chapter, the determination of suitable
work for the individual must reasonably accommodate the individual's
need to address the physical, psychological, legal, and other effects of
domestic or family violence.
(f) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, no work
shall be considered suitable and benefits shall not be denied under this
article to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new
work under any of the following conditions:
(1) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike
lockout, or other labor dispute.
(2) If the remuneration, hours, or other conditions of the work
offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than

- - offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality.
  - (3) If as a condition of being employed the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining a bona fide labor organization.
  - (4) If as a condition of being employed the individual would be required to discontinue training into which the individual had entered with the approval of the department.
- (g) Notwithstanding subsection (e), with respect to extended benefit periods established on and after July 5, 1981, "suitable work" means any work which is within an individual's capabilities. However, if the individual furnishes evidence satisfactory to the department that the individual's prospects for obtaining work in the individual's customary occupation within a reasonably short period are good, the determination of whether any work is suitable work shall be made as provided in subsection (e).
- (h) With respect to extended benefit periods established on and after July 5, 1981, no work shall be considered suitable and extended benefits shall not be denied under this article to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:
  - (1) If the gross average weekly remuneration payable to the individual for the position would not exceed the sum of:
    - (A) the individual's average weekly benefit amount for the









1	individual's benefit year; plus
2	(B) the amount (if any) of supplemental unemployment
3	compensation benefits (as defined in Section 501(c)(17)(D) of
4	the Internal Revenue Code) payable to the individual for such
5	week.
6	(2) If the position was not offered to the individual in writing or
7	was not listed with the department of workforce development.
8	(3) If such failure would not result in a denial of compensation
9	under the provisions of this article to the extent that such
0	provisions are not inconsistent with the applicable federal law.
1	(4) If the position pays wages less than the higher of:
2	(A) the minimum wage provided by 29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1) (The
3	Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938), without regard to any
4	exemption; or
5	(B) the state minimum wage (IC 22-2-2).
6	(i) The department of workforce development shall refer individuals
7	eligible for extended benefits to any suitable work (as defined in
8	subsection (g)) to which subsection (h) would not apply.
9	SECTION 118. IC 22-4-17-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.273-2003,
20	SECTION 5, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.189-2003, SECTION 5, IS
21	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
22	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) When an individual files
23	an initial claim, the department shall promptly make a determination
24	of the individual's status as an insured worker in a form prescribed by
25	the board. A written notice of the determination of insured status shall
26	be furnished to the individual promptly. Each such determination shall
27	be based on and include a written statement showing the amount of
28	wages paid to the individual for insured work by each employer during
29	the individual's base period and shall include a finding as to whether
0	such wages meet the requirements for the individual to be an insured
31	worker, and, if so, the week ending date of the first week of the
32	individual's benefit period, the individual's weekly benefit amount, and
3	the maximum amount of benefits that may be paid to the individual for
4	weeks of unemployment in the individual's benefit period. For the
55	individual who is not insured, the notice shall include the reason for the
66	determination. Unless the individual, within twenty (20) ten (10) days
57	after such determination was mailed to the individual's last known
8	address, or otherwise delivered to the individual, asks a hearing thereon
9	before an administrative law judge, such determination shall be final

(b) Except as provided in subsection (i), the department shall promptly furnish each employer in the base period whose experience

and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith.



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or reimbursable account is potentially chargeable with benefits to be paid to such individual with a notice in writing of the employer's benefit liability. Such notice shall contain the date, the name and social security account number of the individual, the ending date of the individual's base period, and the week ending date of the first week of the individual's benefit period. Such notice shall further contain information as to the proportion of benefits chargeable to the employer's experience or reimbursable account in ratio to the earnings of such individual from such employer. Unless the employer, within twenty (20) ten (10) days after such notice of benefit liability was mailed to the employer's last known address, or otherwise delivered to the employer, asks a hearing thereon before an administrative law judge, such determination shall be final and benefits paid shall be charged in accordance therewith.

- (c) An employing unit, including an employer, having knowledge of any facts which may affect an individual's eligibility or right to waiting period credits or benefits, shall notify the department of such facts within twenty (20) ten (10) days after the mailing of notice that a former employee has filed an initial or additional claim for benefits on a form prescribed by the board.
- (d) In addition to the foregoing determination of insured status by the department, the deputy shall, throughout the benefit period, determine the claimant's eligibility with respect to each week for which the claimant claims waiting period credit or benefit rights, the validity of the claimant's claim therefor, and the cause for which the claimant left the claimant's work, or may refer such claim to an administrative law judge who shall make the initial determination with respect thereto in accordance with the procedure in IC 22-4-17-3.
- (e) In cases where the claimant's benefit eligibility or disqualification is disputed, the department shall promptly notify the claimant and the employer or employers directly involved or connected with the issue raised as to the validity of such claim, the eligibility of the claimant for waiting period credit or benefits, or the imposition of a disqualification period or penalty, or the denial thereof, and of the cause for which the claimant left the claimant's work, of such determination and the reasons thereof. Except as otherwise hereinafter provided in this subsection regarding parties located in Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico, unless the claimant or such employer, within twenty (20) ten (10) days after such notification was mailed to the claimant's or the employer's last known address, or otherwise delivered to the claimant or the employer, asks a hearing before an administrative law judge thereon, such decision shall be final and benefits shall be paid or







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denied in accordance therewith. With respect to notice of disputed administrative determination or decision mailed or otherwise delivered to the claimant or employer either of whom is located in Alaska, Hawaii, or Puerto Rico, unless such claimant or employer, within twenty-five (25) fifteen (15) days after such notification was mailed to the claimant's or employer's last known address or otherwise delivered to the claimant or employer, asks a hearing before an administrative law judge thereon, such decision shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith. If such hearing is desired, the request therefor shall be filed with the commissioner in writing within the prescribed periods as above set forth in this subsection and shall be in such form as the board may prescribe. In the event a hearing is requested by an employer or the department after it has been administratively determined that benefits should be allowed to a claimant, entitled benefits shall continue to be paid to said claimant unless said administrative determination has been reversed by a due process hearing. Benefits with respect to any week not in dispute shall be paid promptly regardless of any appeal.

- (f) No A person may *not* participate on behalf of the department in any case in which the person is an interested party.
- (g) Solely on the ground of obvious administrative error appearing on the face of an original determination, and within the benefit year of the affected claims, the commissioner, or a representative authorized by the commissioner to act in the commissioner's behalf, may reconsider and direct the deputy to revise the original determination so as to correct the obvious error appearing therein. Time for filing an appeal and requesting a hearing before an administrative law judge regarding the determinations handed down pursuant to this subsection shall begin on the date following the date of revision of the original determination and shall be filed with the commissioner in writing within the prescribed periods as above set forth in subsection (c).
- (h) Notice to the employer and the claimant that the determination of the department is final if a hearing is not requested shall be prominently displayed on the notice of the determination which is sent to the employer and the claimant.
- (i) If an allegation of the applicability of IC 22-4-15-1(c)(8) is made by the individual at the time of the claim for benefits, the department shall not notify the employer that a claim for benefits has been made.

SECTION 119. IC 22-8-1.1-16.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16.1. (a) The commission may adopt emergency temporary standards under IC 4-22-2-37.1. IC 4-22-2.1. The emergency temporary standard shall

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1	be published in a newspaper of general circulation published in Marion
2	County, Indiana, at least ten (10) days before the filing with the
3	secretary of state. In the exercise of this power, the commission shall
4	first expressly determine:
5	(1) that employees are exposed to grave danger from exposure to
6	substances or agents determined to be toxic or physically harmful
7	or from new hazards; and
8	(2) that such emergency standard is necessary to protect
9	employees from such danger.
10	(b) Temporary emergency standards shall be effective only until a
11	permanent standard is adopted under IC 4-22-2, or for six (6) months
12	from the date of publication, whichever period is shorter. The
13	publication of an emergency temporary standard shall begin a
14	proceeding in accordance with section 15 of this chapter.
15	SECTION 120. IC 22-13-2-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2003,
16	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) The commission shall adopt rules under
18	IC 4-22-2 to create equipment laws applicable to regulated lifting
19	devices.
20	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), subject to the approval of
21	the commission, the rules board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
22	create equipment laws applicable to regulated boilers and pressure
23	vessels.
24	(c) Subject to the approval of the commission, the rules board may
25	adopt emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 IC 4-22-2.1 only to adopt
26	by reference all or part of the following national boiler and pressure
27	vessel codes:
28	(1) The American Society of Mechanical Engineers Boiler and
29	Pressure Vessel Code.
30	(2) The National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspectors
31	Inspection Code.
32	(3) The American Petroleum Institute 510 Pressure Vessel
33	Inspection Code.
34	(4) Any subsequent editions of the codes listed in subdivisions (1)
35	through (3).
36	(d) An emergency rule adopted under subsection (c) expires on the
37	earlier of the following dates:
38	(1) Not more than two (2) years after the emergency rule is
39	accepted for filing with the secretary of state.
40	(2) The date a permanent rule is adopted under IC 4-22-2.
41	(e) Subject to the approval of the commission, the regulated
42	amusement device safety board established under IC 22-12-4.5 shall



1	adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to create equipment laws applicable to
2	regulated amusement devices.
3	SECTION 121. IC 22-13-4-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.112-2003,
4	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) This section applies only to new
6	construction of the following dwellings:
7	(1) A detached one (1) or two (2) family dwelling.
8	(2) A townhouse.
9	(b) This section does not apply to a mobile structure or an
0	industrialized building system.
1	(c) As used in this section, "environmental controls" means switches
2	or devices that control or regulate lights, temperature, fuses, fans,
3	doors, security system features, or other features.
4	(d) As used in this section, "new construction" means the
.5	construction of a new dwelling on a vacant lot. The term does not
.6	include an addition to or remodeling of an existing building.
.7	(e) As used in this section, "townhouse" means a single family
. 8	dwelling unit constructed in a row of attached units separated by
9	property lines and with open space on at least two (2) sides.
20	(f) As used in this section, "visitability feature" means a design
21	feature of a dwelling that allows a person with a mobility impairment
22	to enter and comfortably stay in a dwelling for a duration of time. The
23	term includes features that allow a person with a mobility impairment
24	to get in and out through one (1) exterior door of the dwelling without
25	any steps and to pass through all main floor interior doors, including a
26	bathroom door.
27	(g) If a person contracts with a designer and a builder for
28	construction of a visitability feature in the new construction of a
29	dwelling, the designer and builder shall comply with the standards
30	adopted by the commission under this section for the construction and
31	design of the visitability feature. The standards adopted under this
32	section:
33	(1) shall be enforced by a political subdivision that enforces the
34	commission's standards with respect to Class 2 structures; and
35	(2) may not be enforced by the department.
66	(h) The commission shall adopt minimum standards by rule under
37	IC 4-22-2 for visitability features in the new construction of a dwelling.
8	The rules shall include minimum standards for the following:
19	(1) Entrances to the dwelling, including paths from the dwelling
10	to the street.
1	(2) Room dimensions.
12	(3) The width of exterior and interior doors.



1	(4) The width of interior hallways.
2	(5) The grade of interior thresholds and hallways.
3	(6) The height and location of environmental controls.
4	(7) The reinforcement of bathroom walls sufficient to attach grab
5	bars.
6	SECTION 122. IC 23-7-8-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.155-2003,
7	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) A person may not act as a professional
9	fundraiser consultant or professional solicitor for a charitable
10	organization unless the person has first registered with the division. A
11	person who applies for registration shall disclose the following
12	information while under oath:
13	(1) The names and addresses of all officers, employees, and
14	agents who are actively involved in fundraising or related
15	activities.
16	(2) The names and addresses of all persons who own a ten percent
17	(10%) or more interest in the registrant.
18	(3) A description of any other business related to fundraising
19	conducted by the registrant or any person who owns ten percent
20	(10%) or more interest.
21	(4) The name or names under which it intends to solicit
22	contributions.
23	(5) Whether the organization has ever had its registration denied,
24	suspended, revoked, or enjoined by any court or other
25	governmental authority.
26	(b) A registrant shall notify the division in writing within one
27	hundred eighty (180) days of any change in the information contained
28	in the registration. However, if requested by the division, the solicitor
29	has fifteen (15) days to notify the division of any change in the
30	information.
31	(c) Before acting as a professional fundraiser consultant for a
32	particular charitable organization, the consultant must enter into a
33	written contract with the organization and file this contract with the
34	division. The contract must identify the services that the professional
35	fundraiser consultant is to provide, including whether the professional
36	fundraiser consultant will at any time have custody of contributions.
37	(d) Before a professional solicitor engages in a solicitation, the
38	professional solicitor must have a contract which is filed with the
39	division. This contract must specify the percentage of gross
40	contributions which the charitable organization will receive or the

terms upon which a determination can be made as to the amount of the

gross revenue from the solicitation campaign that the charitable



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organization will receive. The amount of gross revenue from the solicitation campaign that the charitable organization will receive must
be expressed as a fixed percentage of the gross revenue or expressed
as a reasonable estimate of the percentage of the gross revenue. If a
reasonable estimate is used, the contract must clearly disclose the
assumptions or a formula upon which the estimate is based. If a fixed
percentage is used, the percentage must exclude any amount that the
charitable organization is to pay as expenses of the solicitation campaign, including the cost of the merchandise or services sold. If
requested by the charitable organization, the person who solicits must
at the conclusion of a charitable appeal provide to the charitable
organization the names and addresses of all contributors, the amount
of each contribution, and a final accounting of all expenditures. Such
information may not be used in violation of any trade secret laws. The
contract must disclose the average percentage of gross contributions
collected on behalf of charitable organizations that the charitable
organizations received from the professional solicitor for the three (3)
years preceding the year in which the contract is formed.
(e) Before beginning a solicitation campaign, a professional solicitor
must file a solicitation notice with the division. The notice must include
the following:
(1) A copy of the contract described in subsection (d).

- (2) The projected dates when soliciting will begin and end.
- (3) The location and telephone number from where solicitation will be conducted.
- (4) The name and residence address of each person responsible for directing and supervising the conduct of the campaign. However, the division shall not divulge the residence address unless ordered to do so by a court of competent jurisdiction, or in furtherance of the prosecution of a violation under this chapter.
- (5) If the solicitation is one described under section 7(a)(2) 7(a)(3) of this chapter, the solicitation notice must include a copy of the required written authorization.
- (f) Not later than ninety (90) days after a solicitation campaign has ended and not later than ninety (90) days after the anniversary of the commencement of a solicitation campaign lasting more than one (1) year, a professional solicitor shall submit the following information concerning the campaign to the division:
  - (1) The total gross amount of money raised by the professional solicitor and the charitable organization from donors.
  - (2) The total amount of money paid to or retained by the professional solicitor.









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1	(3) The total amount of money, not including the amount
2	identified under subdivision (2), paid by the charitable
3	organization as expenses as part of the solicitation campaign.
4	(4) The total amount of money paid to or retained by the
5	charitable organization after the amounts identified under
6	subdivision subdivisions (2) and (3) are deducted.
7	The division may deny or revoke the registration of a professional
8	solicitor who fails to comply with this subsection.
9	(g) The charitable organization on whose behalf the professional
10	solicitor is acting must certify that the information filed under
11	subsections (e) and (f) is true and complete to the best of its
12	knowledge.
13	(h) At the beginning of each solicitation call, a professional
14	fundraiser consultant and a professional solicitor must state all of the
15	following:
16	(1) The name of the company for whom the professional
17	fundraiser consultant or professional solicitor is calling.
18	(2) The name of the professional fundraiser consultant or
19	professional solicitor.
20	(3) The phone number and address of the location from which the
21	professional fundraiser consultant or professional solicitor is
22	making the telephone call.
23	(4) The percentage of the charitable contribution that will be
24	expended for charitable purposes after administrative costs and
25	the costs of making the solicitation have been satisfied.
26	SECTION 123. IC 24-3-5-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.253-2003,
27	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) A merchant who delivers tobacco
29	products to a customer as part of a delivery sale shall:
30	(1) collect and pay all applicable taxes under IC 6-7-1 and
31	IC 6-7-2; or
32	(2) place a legible and conspicuous notice on the outside of the
33	container in which the tobacco products are shipped. The notice
34	shall be placed on the same side of the container as the address to
35	which the container is shipped and must state the following:
36	"If these tobacco products have been shipped to you from a
37	merchant located outside the state in which you reside, the
38	merchant has under federal law reported information about the
39	sale of these tobacco products, including your name and
40	address, to your state tax collection agency. You are legally
41	responsible for all applicable unpaid state taxes on these



tobacco products.".

1	(b) For a violation of this section the alcohol and tobacco	
2	commission may impose, in addition to any other remedies, civil	
3	penalties as follows:	
4	(1) If the person has one (1) judgment for a violation of this	
5	section committed during a five (5) year period, a civil penalty of	
6	at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and but not more than two	
7	thousand dollars (\$2,000).	
8	(2) If the person has two (2) unrelated judgments for violations of	
9	this section committed during a five (5) year period, a civil	
10	penalty of at least two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) and	
11	<b>but</b> not more than three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500).	
12	(3) If the person has three (3) unrelated judgments for violations	
13	of this section committed during a five (5) year period, a civil	
14	penalty of at least four thousand dollars (\$4,000) and but not	
15	more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).	_
16	(4) If the person has four (4) unrelated judgments for violations	4
17	of this section committed during a five (5) year period, a civil	•
18	penalty of at least five thousand five hundred dollars (\$5,500) and	
19	<b>but</b> not more than six thousand five hundred dollars (\$6,500).	
20	(5) If the person has at least five (5) unrelated judgments for	
21	violations of this section committed during a five (5) year period,	
22	a civil penalty of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).	
23	SECTION 124. IC 24-3-5.2-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.117-2003,	
24	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
25	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) A merchant who delivers cigarettes to	
26	a customer as part of a delivery sale shall:	
27	(1) collect and pay all applicable taxes under IC 6-7-1; or	
28	(2) place a legible and conspicuous notice on the outside of the	
29	container in which the cigarettes are shipped. The notice shall be	
30	placed on the same side of the container as the address to which	
31	the container is shipped and must state the following:	
32	"If these cigarettes have been shipped to you from a merchant	
33	located outside the state in which you reside, the merchant has	
34	under federal law reported information about the sale of these	
35	cigarettes, including your name and address, to your state tax	
36	collection agency. You are legally responsible for all	
37	applicable unpaid state taxes on these cigarettes.".	
38	In addition to the requirements in subsections (1) and (2), as part of a	
39	delivery sale the merchant shall inform the customer in writing of all	
40	state taxes imposed by the customer's state of residence, including a	
41	computation of the amount of taxes due.	

(b) The alcohol and tobacco commission may impose, in addition to



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1	any other remedies, civil penalties as follows:
2	(1) If the defendant has one (1) judgment for a violation of this
3	section committed during a five (5) year period, a civil penalty of
4	at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and but not more than two
5	thousand dollars (\$2,000).
6	(2) If the defendant has two (2) unrelated judgments for violations
7	of this section committed during a five (5) year period, a civil
8	penalty of at least two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) and
9	<b>but</b> not more than three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500).
0	(3) If the defendant has three (3) unrelated judgments for
1	violations of this section committed during a five (5) year period,
2	a civil penalty of at least four thousand dollars (\$4,000) and but
3	not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
4	(4) If the defendant has four (4) unrelated judgments for
5	violations of this section committed during a five (5) year period,
6	a civil penalty of at least five thousand five hundred dollars
7	(\$5,500) and but not more than six thousand five hundred dollars
8	(\$6,500).
9	(5) If the defendant has at least five (5) unrelated judgments for
20	violations of this section committed during a five (5) year period,
21	a civil penalty of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
22	SECTION 125. IC 24-3-5.2-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.117-2003,
23	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. The alcohol and tobacco commission may
25	impose a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
26	on a:
27	(1) customer who signs another person's name to a statement
28	required under section 4(1) of this chapter; or
29	(2) merchant who sells cigarettes by delivery sale to a person less
0	than eighteen (18) years of age.
31	The alcohol and tobacco commission shall deposit amounts collected
32	under this section into the youth tobacco education and enforcement
3	fund established by IC 7.1-6-2-6.
34	SECTION 126. IC 24-4.5-6-107 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
55	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 107. Except as
66	otherwise provided, IC 4-21.5-3 governs all agency action taken by the
37	department under IC 24-4.5-6 or IC 24-4.5-3-501 through
8	IC 24-4.5-3-513. The provisions of IC 4-22-2 prescribing procedures
9	for the adoption of rules by agencies shall apply to the adoption of rules

by the department of financial institutions under this article. However,

if the department declares an emergency in the document containing

the rule, it may adopt rules permitted by IC 24-4.5-6 under



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1	<del>IC 4-22-2-37.1.</del> IC 4-22-2.1.
2	SECTION 127. IC 24-4.7-1-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.189-2001,
3	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. This article does not apply to any of the
5	following:
6	(1) A telephone call made in response to an express request of the
7	person called.
8	(2) A telephone call made primarily in connection with an
9	existing debt or contract for which payment or performance has
0	not been completed at the time of the call.
1	(3) A telephone call made on behalf of a charitable organization
2	that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501 of
3	the Internal Revenue Code, but only if all of the following apply:
4	(A) The telephone call is made by a volunteer or an employee
.5	of the charitable organization.
6	(B) The telephone solicitor who makes the telephone call
7	immediately discloses all of the following information upon
8	making contact with the consumer:
9	(i) The solicitor's true first and last name.
20	(ii) The name, address, and telephone number of the
21	charitable organization.
22	(4) A telephone call made by an individual licensed under
23	IC 25-34.1 if:
24	(A) the sale of goods or services is not completed; and
25	(B) the payment or authorization of payment is not required;
26	until after a face to face sales presentation by the seller.
27	(5) A telephone call made by an individual licensed under
28	<del>IC 27-1-15.5</del> <b>IC 27-1-15.6 or IC 27-1-15.8</b> when the individual
29	is soliciting an application for insurance or negotiating a policy of
0	insurance on behalf of an insurer (as defined in IC 27-1-2-3).
31	(6) A telephone call soliciting the sale of a newspaper of general
32	circulation, but only if the telephone call is made by a volunteer
33	or an employee of the newspaper.
34	SECTION 128. IC 24-5-22-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.36-2003,
35	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) For purposes of this section, a person
37	knows that the intended recipient of a commercial electronic mail
8	message is an Indiana resident if that information is available, upon
9	request, from the registrant of the Internet domain name contained in
10	the recipient's electronic mail address.

(b) Subsection (c) applies only to a commercial electronic mail



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message that:

1	(1) uses a third party's Internet domain name without permission
2	of the third party;
3	(2) otherwise misrepresents or obscures any information in
4	identifying the point of origin or the transmission path of the
5	commercial electronic mail message; or
6	(3) contains false or misleading information in the subject line.
7	(c) A person may not initiate or assist in the transmission of a
8	commercial electronic mail message described in subsection (b):
9	(1) from a computer located in Indiana; or
10	(2) to an electronic mail address that the sender:
11	(A) knows; or
12	(B) has reason to know;
13	is held by a resident of Indiana.
14	SECTION 129. IC 24-6-3-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. (a) The state
16	department may adopt emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1
17	IC 4-22-2.1 to establish standards for weights and measures to be used
18	by the state department. A standard adopted under this section must be
19	the same as or at least as effective as the standards adopted by the
20	National Conference on Weights and Measures, including amendments
21	to those standards in effect on June 30, 1993, and found in:
22	(1) Handbook 44: Specification, Tolerances, and Other Technical
23	Requirements for Weighing and Measuring Devices;
24	(2) Handbook 130: Chapter A, Uniform Packaging and Labeling
25	Regulation;
26	(3) Handbook 130: Chapter B, Uniform Regulation for the
27	Method of Sale of Commodities, except for Section 2.20; and
28	(4) Handbook 133: Checking the Net Contents of Packaged
29	Goods;
30	all published by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
31	(b) The state department may determine when an amendment to
32	federal standards described in subsection (a) has been adopted. If the
33	state department determines that an amendment to the federal standards
34	has been adopted, the state department may adopt emergency rules
35	under IC 4-22-2-37.1 IC 4-22-2.1 to amend the rules adopted by the
36	state department under subsection (a). An emergency rule adopted
37	under this subsection must provide a standard that is:
38	(1) the same as; or
39	(2) at least as effective as;
40	the amendment to the federal standards for weights and measures. An
41	emergency rule adopted under this subsection must take effect not later

than sixty (60) days after the date of publication of the amendment to



1	the federal standards.	
2	SECTION 130. IC 24-7-7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. The department	
4	shall enforce this article. To carry out this responsibility, the	
5	department may do the following:	
6	(1) Receive and act on complaints, take action designed to obtain	
7	voluntary compliance with this article, or commence proceedings	
8	on the department's own initiative.	
9	(2) Issue and enforce administrative orders under IC 4-21.5.	
10	(3) Counsel persons and groups on their rights and duties under	
11	this article.	
12	(4) Establish programs for the education of consumers with	
13	respect to rental purchase agreement practices and problems.	
14	(5) Make studies appropriate to effectuate the purposes and	
15	policies of this article and make the results available to the public.	
16	(6) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2, including emergency rules under	
17	IC 4-22-2-37.1, IC 4-22-2.1, to carry out this article.	
18	(7) Maintain more than one (1) office within Indiana.	
19	(8) Bring a civil action to restrain a person from violating this	
20	article and for other appropriate relief.	
21	(9) Impose a civil penalty under IC 4-21.5 of not more than one	
22	thousand dollars (\$1,000) for a violation of this article or a rule	
23	adopted under this article.	
24	SECTION 131. IC 25-14-1-27.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.210-2003,	
25	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
26	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 27.5. (a) The board may issue an instructor's	
27	license to an individual who is not otherwise licensed to practice	
28	dentistry in Indiana if the individual meets the following conditions:	
29	(1) The individual has been licensed or has had the equivalent of	
30	a license for five (5) of the preceding nine (9) years to practice	
31	dentistry in the United States or in any country, territory, or other	
32	recognized jurisdiction.	
33	(2) The individual has been approved under the credentialing	
34	process of an Indiana school of dentistry or an affiliated medical	
35	center of an Indiana school of dentistry that is accredited by:	
36	(A) the American Dental Association Commission on Dental	
37	Accreditation; or	
38	(B) the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care	
39	Organizations.	
40	(3) The individual has successfully documented or demonstrated	
41	clinical and academic competency to the board.	
42	(4) The individual is fluent in the English language.	



1	(5) The individual passes the written law examination
2	administered by the board.
3	(6) The individual meets the continuing education requirements
4	required by IC 25-14-3.
5	(7) The individual pays the licensing fee set by the board under
6	subsection (f).
7	(b) A license issued under this section must be held by the Indiana
8	school of dentistry for which the licensee is employed.
9	(c) A license issued under this section does not meet the
10	requirements of IC 25-14-1-16 section 16 of this chapter and may not
11	be used to obtain a general dentistry license under IC 25-14. this
12	article.
13	(d) A licensee under this section may teach and practice dentistry
14	only at or on behalf of an Indiana school of dentistry or an affiliated
15	medical center of an Indiana school of dentistry.
16	(e) An instructor's license is only valid only during the time the
17	licensee is employed or has a valid employment contract for a full-time
18	faculty position at the Indiana school of dentistry or an affiliated
19	medical center. The Indiana school of dentistry or the affiliated medical
20	center shall notify the board in writing upon the termination of the
21	employment contract of an individual who is issued a license under this
22	section and surrender the license not later than thirty (30) days after the
23	licensee's employment ceases.
24	(f) The board shall set a fee for the issuance and renewal of a license
25	under this section.
26	(g) Unless renewed, a license issued by the board under this section
27	expires annually on a date specified by the health professions bureau
28	under IC 25-1-5-4. An applicant for renewal must pay the renewal fee
29	set by the board on or before the renewal date specified by the health
30	professions bureau.
31	(h) Not more than five percent (5%) of the Indiana school of
32	dentistry's full-time faculty may be individuals licensed under this
33	section.
34	(i) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 necessary to
35	implement this section.
36	(j) This section expires June 30, 2008.
37	SECTION 132. IC 25-22.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2003,
38	SECTION 65, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2003, SECTION 37,
39	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
40	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) This article, as it relates
41	to the unlawful or unauthorized practice of medicine or osteopathic



medicine, does not apply to any of the following:

1	(1) A student in training in a medical school approved by the	
2	board, or while performing duties as an intern or a resident in a	
3	hospital under the supervision of the hospital's staff or in a	
4	program approved by the medical school.	
5	(2) A person who renders service in case of emergency where no	
6	fee or other consideration is contemplated, charged, or received.	
7	(3) A paramedic (as defined in IC 16-18-2-266), an advanced	
8	emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced (as	
9	defined in IC 16-18-2-6 IC 16-18-2-112.5), an emergency	
10	medical technician-intermediate (as defined in	4
11	IC 16-18-2-112.7), an emergency medical technician (as defined	
12	in IC 16-18-2-112), or a person with equivalent certification from	`
13	another state who renders advanced life support (as defined in	
14	IC 16-18-2-7) or basic life support (as defined in	
15	IC 16-18-2-33.5):	
16	(A) during a disaster emergency declared by the governor	4
17	under <del>IC 10-4-1-7</del> IC 10-14-3-12 in response to an act that the	
18	governor in good faith believes to be an act of terrorism (as	
19	defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5); and	
20	(B) in accordance with the rules adopted by the Indiana	
21	emergency medical services commission or the disaster	
22	emergency declaration of the governor.	
23	(4) Commissioned medical officers or medical service officers of	
24	the armed forces of the United States, the United States Public	
25	Health Service, and medical officers of the United States	
26	Department of Veterans Affairs in the discharge of their official	
27	duties in Indiana.	1
28	(5) An individual who is not a licensee who resides in another	\
29	state or country and is authorized to practice medicine or	
30	osteopathic medicine there, who is called in for consultation by an	
31	individual licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine	
32	in Indiana.	
33	(6) A person administering a domestic or family remedy to a	
34	member of the person's family.	
35	(7) A member of a church practicing the religious tenets of the	
36	church if the member does not make a medical diagnosis,	
37	prescribe or administer drugs or medicines, perform surgical or	
38	physical operations, or assume the title of or profess to be a	
39	physician.	
40	(8) A school corporation and a school employee who acts under	
41	IC 34-30-14 (or IC 34-4-16.5-3.5 before its repeal).	

(9) A chiropractor practicing the chiropractor's profession under



41

1	IC 25-10 or to an employee of a chiropractor acting under the
2	direction and supervision of the chiropractor under IC 25-10-1-13.
3	(10) A dental hygienist practicing the dental hygienist's profession
4	under IC 25-13.
5	(11) A dentist practicing the dentist's profession under IC 25-14.
6	(12) A hearing aid dealer practicing the hearing aid dealer's
7	profession under IC 25-20.
8	(13) A nurse practicing the nurse's profession under IC 25-23.
9	However, a registered nurse may administer anesthesia if the
10	registered nurse acts under the direction of and in the immediate
11	presence of a physician and holds a certificate of completion of a
12	course in anesthesia approved by the American Association of
13	Nurse Anesthetists or a course approved by the board.
14	(14) An optometrist practicing the optometrist's profession under
15	IC 25-24.
16	(15) A pharmacist practicing the pharmacist's profession under
17	IC 25-26.
18	(16) A physical therapist practicing the physical therapist's
19	profession under IC 25-27.
20	(17) A podiatrist practicing the podiatrist's profession under
21	IC 25-29.
22	(18) A psychologist practicing the psychologist's profession under
23	IC 25-33.
24	(19) A speech-language pathologist or audiologist practicing the
25	pathologist's or audiologist's profession under IC 25-35.6.
26	(20) An employee of a physician or group of physicians who
27	performs an act, a duty, or a function that is customarily within
28	the specific area of practice of the employing physician or group
29	of physicians, if the act, duty, or function is performed under the
30	direction and supervision of the employing physician or a
31	physician of the employing group within whose area of practice
32	the act, duty, or function falls. An employee may not make a
33	diagnosis or prescribe a treatment and must report the results of
34	an examination of a patient conducted by the employee to the
35	employing physician or the physician of the employing group
36	under whose supervision the employee is working. An employee
37	may not administer medication without the specific order of the
38	employing physician or a physician of the employing group.
39	Unless an employee is licensed or registered to independently
40	practice in a profession described in subdivisions (9) through
41	(18), nothing in this subsection grants the employee independent
42	practitioner status or the authority to perform patient services in



1	an independent practice in a profession.	
2	(21) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21 or IC 12-25.	
3	(22) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or	
4	partners are individuals, partnerships, corporations, facilities, or	
5	institutions licensed or legally authorized by this state to provide	
6	health care or professional services as:	
7	(A) a physician;	
8	(B) a psychiatric hospital;	
9	(C) a hospital;	
10	(D) a health maintenance organization or limited service	
11	health maintenance organization;	
12	(E) a health facility;	
13	(F) a dentist;	
14	(G) a registered or licensed practical nurse;	
15	(H) a midwife;	_
16	(I) an optometrist;	
17	(J) a podiatrist;	
18	(K) a chiropractor;	
19	(L) a physical therapist; or	
20	(M) a psychologist.	
21	(23) A physician assistant practicing the physician assistant's	
22	profession under IC 25-27.5.	
23	(24) A physician providing medical treatment under	
24	IC 25-22.5-1-2.1.	_
25	(25) An attendant who provides care services as defined in	
26	IC 16-27-1-0.5.	
27	(26) A personal services attendant providing authorized attendant	
28	care services under IC 12-10-17.	<b>\</b>
29	(b) A person described in subsection (a)(9) through (a)(18) is not	
30	excluded from the application of this article if:	
31	(1) the person performs an act that an Indiana statute does not	
32	authorize the person to perform; and	
33	(2) the act qualifies in whole or in part as the practice of medicine	
34	or osteopathic medicine.	
35	(c) An employment or other contractual relationship between an	
36	entity described in subsection (a)(21) through (a)(22) and a licensed	
37	physician does not constitute the unlawful practice of medicine under	
38	this article if the entity does not direct or control independent medical	
39	acts, decisions, or judgment of the licensed physician. However, if the	
40	direction or control is done by the entity under IC 34-30-15 (or	
41	IC 34-4-12.6 before its repeal), the entity is excluded from the	
42	application of this article as it relates to the unlawful practice of	



1	medicine or osteopathic medicine.
2	(d) This subsection does not apply to a prescription or drug order for
3	a legend drug that is filled or refilled in a pharmacy owned or operated
4	by a hospital licensed under IC 16-21. A physician licensed in Indiana
5	who permits or authorizes a person to fill or refill a prescription or drug
6	order for a legend drug except as authorized in IC 16-42-19-11 through
7	IC 16-42-19-19 is subject to disciplinary action under IC 25-1-9. A
8	person who violates this subsection commits the unlawful practice of
9	medicine under this chapter.
.0	(e) A person described in subsection (a)(8) shall not be authorized
.1	to dispense contraceptives or birth control devices.
2	SECTION 133. IC 25-22.5-5-4.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.184-2003,
.3	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4.5. (a) The board may authorize the service
. 5	bureau to issue temporary fellowship permits for the practice of
.6	medicine. A temporary fellowship is subject to any termination date
7	specified by the board.
. 8	(b) The board may issue a temporary fellowship permit to a graduate
9	of a school located outside the United States, its possessions, or Canada
20	if the graduate:
21	(1) applies in the form and manner required by the board;
22	(2) pays a fee set by the board;
23	(3) has completed the academic requirements for the degree of
24	doctor of medicine from a medical school approved by the board;
25	(4) has been issued a valid permit by another state for
26	participation in a postgraduate medical education or training
27	program located in a state that has standards for postgraduate
28	medical education and training satisfactory to the board;
29	(5) has been accepted into a postgraduate medical fellowship
0	training program that:
31	(A) is affiliated with a medical school located in a state that
32	issued a permit under subdivision (4);
33	(B) has a training site located in Indiana; and
34	(C) has standards for postgraduate medical education and
55	training satisfactory to the board;
66	(6) provides the board with documentation of the areas of medical
37	practice for which the training is sought;
8	(7) provides the board with at least two (2) letters of reference
19	documenting the individual's character; and
10	(8) demonstrates to the board that the individual is a physician of
1	good character who is in good standing outside the United States,
12	its possessions, or Canada where the person normally would



1	practice.
2	(c) Applications for the temporary fellowship permit for graduates
3	of foreign medical schools must be made to the board subject to this
4	section.
5	(d) A permit issued under this section expires one (1) year after the
6	date it is issued and, at the discretion of the board, may be renewed for
7	additional one (1) year periods upon the payment of a renewal fee set
8	by the board by rule.
9	(e) An individual who applies for a temporary fellowship permit
10	under this section is not required to take any step of the United States
11	Medical Licensure Examination.
12	(f) A temporary fellowship permit must be kept in the possession of
13	the fellowship training institution and surrendered by it to the board
14	within thirty (30) days after the person ceases training in Indiana.
15	(g) A temporary fellowship permit authorizes a person to practice
16	in the training institution only and, in the course of training, to practice
17	only those medical acts approved by the board but does not authorize
18	the person to practice medicine otherwise.
19	(h) The board may deny an application for a temporary fellowship
20	permit if the training program that has accepted the applicant has:
21	(1) violated; or
22	(2) authorized or permitted a physician to violate;
23	this section.
24	(i) A person issued a temporary medical fellowship permit under
25	this section must file an affidavit that:
26	(1) is signed by a physician licensed in Indiana;
27	(2) includes the license number of the signing physician;
28	(3) attests that the physician will monitor the work of the
29	physician holding the temporary medical fellowship permit; and
30	(4) is notarized.
31	The affidavit must be filed with the service bureau before the person
32	holding the temporary medical fellowship permit may provide medical
33	services.
34	(j) This section expires July 1, 2008.
35	SECTION 134. IC 25-26-13-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.182-2003,
36	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 25. (a) All original prescriptions, whether in
38	written or electronic format, shall be numbered and maintained in
39	numerical and chronological order, or in a manner approved by the
40	board and accessible for at least two (2) years in the pharmacy. A
41	prescription transmitted from a practitioner by means of

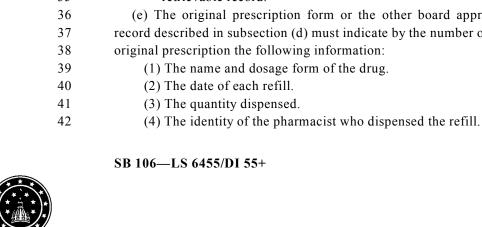
communication other than writing must immediately be reduced to



1	writing or recorded in an electronic format by the pharmacist. The files	
2	shall be open for inspection to any member of the board or its duly	
3	authorized agent or representative.	
4	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), before the expiration of	
5	subsection (c) on June 30, 2003, a prescription for any drug, the label	
6	of which bears either the legend, "Caution: Federal law prohibits	
7	dispensing without prescription" or "Rx Only", may not be refilled	
8	without written or oral authorization of a licensed practitioner.	
9	(c) A prescription for any drug, the label of which bears either the	
.0	legend, "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without	
. 1	prescription" or "Rx Only", may be refilled by a pharmacist one (1)	
. 2	time without the written or oral authorization of a licensed practitioner	
.3	if all of the following conditions are met:	
4	(1) The pharmacist has made every reasonable effort to contact	
.5	the original prescribing practitioner or the practitioner's designee	
.6	for consultation and authorization of the prescription refill.	
.7	(2) The pharmacist believes that, under the circumstances, failure	
. 8	to provide a refill would be seriously detrimental to the patient's	
.9	health.	
20	(3) The original prescription authorized a refill but a refill would	
2.1	otherwise be invalid for either of the following reasons:	
22	(A) All of the authorized refills have been dispensed.	
23	(B) The prescription has expired under subsection (f).	
24	(4) The prescription for which the patient requests the refill was:	
25	(A) originally filled at the pharmacy where the request for a	
26	refill is received and the prescription has not been transferred	_
27	for refills to another pharmacy at any time; or	
28	(B) filled at or transferred to another location of the same	
29	pharmacy or its affiliate owned by the same parent corporation	
0	if the pharmacy filling the prescription has full access to	
51	prescription and patient profile information that is	
32	simultaneously and continuously updated on the parent	
33	corporation's information system.	
4	(5) The drug is prescribed for continuous and uninterrupted use	
55	and the pharmacist determines that the drug is being taken	
66	properly in accordance with IC 25-26-16.	
37	(6) The pharmacist shall document the following information	
88	regarding the refill:	
19	(A) The information required for any refill dispensed under	
10	subsection (d).	
1	(B) The dates and times that the pharmacist attempted to	
12	contact the prescribing practitioner or the practitioner's	



1	designee for consultation and authorization of the prescription
2	refill.
3	(C) The fact that the pharmacist dispensed the refill without the authorization of a licensed practitioner.
5	(7) The pharmacist notifies the original prescribing practitioner
6	of the refill and the reason for the refill by the practitioner's next
7	business day after the refill has been made by the pharmacist.
8	(8) Any pharmacist initiated refill under this subsection may not
9	be for more than the minimum amount necessary to supply the
0	patient through the prescribing practitioner's next business day.
1	However, a pharmacist may dispense a drug in an amount greater
2	than the minimum amount necessary to supply the patient through
3	the prescribing practitioner's next business day if:
4	(A) the drug is packaged in a form that requires the pharmacist
5	to dispense the drug in a quantity greater than the minimum
6	amount necessary to supply the patient through the prescribing
7	practitioner's next business day; or
8	(B) the pharmacist documents in the patient's record the
9	amount of the drug dispensed and a compelling reason for
0.9	dispensing the drug in a quantity greater than the minimum
21	amount necessary to supply the patient through the prescribing
22	practitioner's next business day.
23	(9) Not more than one (1) pharmacist initiated refill is dispensed
24	under this subsection for a single prescription.
25	(10) The drug prescribed is not a controlled substance.
26	A pharmacist may not refill a prescription under this subsection if the
27	practitioner has designated on the prescription form the words "No
8.8	Emergency Refill".
29	(d) When refilling a prescription, the refill record shall include:
0	(1) the date of the refill;
1	(2) the quantity dispensed if other than the original quantity; and
32	(3) the dispenser's identity on:
3	(A) the original prescription form; or
4	(B) another board approved, uniformly maintained, readily
55	retrievable record.
6	(e) The original prescription form or the other board approved
7	record described in subsection (d) must indicate by the number of the
8	original prescription the following information:
9	(1) The name and dosage form of the drug.
0	(2) The date of each refill.
1	(3) The quantity dispensed.











1	(5) The total number of refills for that prescription.
2	(f) A prescription is valid for not more than one (1) year after the
3	original date of issue.
4	(g) A pharmacist may not knowingly dispense a prescription after
5	the demise of the practitioner, unless in the pharmacist's professional
6	judgment it is in the best interest of the patient's health.
7	(h) A pharmacist may not knowingly dispense a prescription after
8	the demise of the patient.
9	(i) A pharmacist or a pharmacy shall not resell, reuse, or redistribute
10	a medication that is returned to the pharmacy after being dispensed
11	unless the medication:
12	(1) was dispensed to a patient residing in an institutional facility
13	(as defined in <del>856 IAC 1-28-1(a));</del> <b>856 IAC 1-28.1-1(6))</b> ;
14	(2) was properly stored and securely maintained according to
15	sound pharmacy practices;
16	(3) is returned unopened and:
17	(A) was dispensed in the manufacturer's original:
18	(i) bulk, multiple dose container with an unbroken tamper
19	resistant seal; or
20	(ii) unit dose package; or
21	(B) was packaged by the dispensing pharmacy in a:
22	(i) multiple dose blister container; or
23	(ii) unit dose package;
24	(4) was dispensed by the same pharmacy as the pharmacy
25	accepting the return;
26	(5) is not expired; and
27	(6) is not a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9),
28	unless the pharmacy holds a Type II permit (as described in
29	IC 25-26-13-17).
30	(j) A pharmacist may use the pharmacist's professional judgment as
31	to whether to accept medication for return under subsection (i).
32	(k) A pharmacist who violates subsection (c) commits a Class A
33	infraction.
34	SECTION 135. IC 27-1-23-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. The
36	commissioner may adopt, under IC 4-22-2, such rules and orders as are
37	necessary to carry out this chapter, including emergency rules under
38	<del>IC 4-22-2-37.1.</del> IC 4-22-2.1.
39	SECTION 136. IC 27-1-25-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.160-2003,
40	SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2003, SECTION 27,
41	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
42	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter:



1	(a) "Administrator", except as provided in section 7.5 of this	
2	chapter, means a person who directly or indirectly and on behalf of an	
3	insurer underwrites, collects charges or premiums from, or who adjusts	
4	or settles claims on residents of Indiana in connection with life,	
5	annuity, or health coverage or annuities, whether offered or provided	
6	for by an insurer. or a self-funded plan. The term "administrator" does	
7	not include the following persons:	
8	(1) An employer for its or a wholly owned direct or indirect	
9	subsidiary of an employer acting on behalf of the employees or	
10	<i>for the employees</i> of: a	
11	(A) the employer;	
12	(B) the subsidiary; or	
13	(C) an affiliated corporation of the employer.	
14	(2) A union acting for its members.	
15	(3) An insurer. including:	_
16	(A) an insurer operating a health maintenance organization	
17	or a limited service health maintenance organization; and	
18	(B) the sales representative of an insurer operating a health	
19	maintenance organization or a limited service health	
20	maintenance organization when that sales representative is	
21	licensed in Indiana and when it is engaged in the performance	
22	of its duties as the sales representative.	
23	(4) A life or health An insurance producer:	
24	(A) that is licensed under IC 27-1-15.6;	_
25	(B) that has:	
26	(i) a life; or	
27	(ii) an accident and health or sickness;	- 1
28	qualification under IC 27-1-15.6-7; and	<b>T</b>
29	(C) whose activities are limited exclusively to the sale of	
30	insurance.	
31	(5) A creditor acting for its debtors regarding insurance covering	
32	a debt between them.	
33	(6) A trust established under 29 U.S.C. 186 and the trustees,	
34	agents, and employees acting pursuant to that trust.	
35	(7) A trust that is exempt from taxation under Section 501(a) of	
36	the Internal Revenue Code and:	
37	(A) the trustees and employees acting pursuant to that trust; or	
38	(B) a custodian and the agents and employees of the custodian	
39	acting pursuant to a custodian account that meets the	
40	requirements of Section 401(f) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
41	(8) A financial institution that is subject to supervision or	
42	examination by federal or state banking authorities to the extent	



1	that the financial institution collects and remits premiums to an	
2	insurance producer or an authorized insurer in connection with	
3	a loan payment.	
4	(9) A credit card issuing company that:	
5	(A) advances for; and	
6	(B) collects from, when a credit card holder authorizes the	
7	collection;	
8	credit card holders of the credit card issuing company, insurance	
9	premiums or charges. from its credit cardholders as long as that	
10	company does not adjust or settle claims.	
11	(10) An individual who A person that adjusts or settles claims in	
12	the normal course of his the person's practice or employment as	
13	an attorney at law and who that does not collect charges or	
14	premiums in connection with life, annuity, or health insurance	
15	coverage. or annuities.	
16	(11) A health maintenance organization that has a certificate of	
17	authority issued under IC 27-13.	
18	(12) A limited service health maintenance organization that has	
19	a certificate of authority issued under IC 27-13.	
20	(13) A mortgage lender to the extent that the mortgage lender	
21	collects and remits premiums to an insurance producer or an	
22	authorized insurer in connection with a loan payment.	
23	(14) A person that:	
24	(A) is licensed as a managing general agent as required under	
25	IC 27-1-33; and	
26	(B) acts exclusively within the scope of activities provided for	
27	under the license referred to in clause (A).	,
28	(15) A person that:	
29	(A) directly or indirectly underwrites, collects charges or	
30	premiums from, or adjusts or settles claims on residents of	
31	Indiana in connection with life, annuity, or health coverage	
32	provided by an insurer;	
33	(B) is affiliated with the insurer; and	
34	(C) performs the duties specified in clause (A) only according	
35	to a contract between the person and the insurer for the direct	
36	and assumed life, annuity, or health coverage provided by the	
37	insurer.	
38	(b) "Certificate of registration" refers to the certificate required by	
39	section 11 of this chapter.	
40	(b) "Affiliate" means an entity or a person that:	
41	(1) directly or indirectly through an intermediary controls or is	
42	controlled by; or	



1	(2) is under common control with;	
2	a specified entity or person.	
3	(c) "Church plan" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-8-10-1.	
4	(d) "Commissioner" refers to the insurance commissioner of	
5	<del>insurance</del> appointed under IC 27-1-1-2.	
6	(d) (e) "Control" means the direct or indirect possession of the	
7	power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies	
8	of a person, whether:	
9	(1) through ownership of voting securities;	
10	(2) by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or	1
11	nonmanagement services; or	
12	(3) otherwise;	
13	unless the power is the result of an official position with the person or	
14	a corporate office held by the person. Control is presumed to exist if	
15	a person directly or indirectly owns, controls, holds with the power to	
16	vote, or holds proxies representing not less than ten percent (10%) of	1
17	the voting securities of another person.	•
18	(f) "Covered individual" means an individual who is covered under	
19	a benefit program provided by an insurer.	
20	(g) "Financial institution" means a bank, savings association, credit	
21	union, or any other institution regulated under IC 28 or federal law.	ı
22	(e) (h) "GAAP" refers to consistently applied United States	
23	generally accepted accounting principles.	
24	(i) "Governmental plan" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-8-10-1.	
25	(j) "Home state" means the District of Columbia or any state or	
26	territory of the United States in which an administrator is incorporated	
27	or maintains the administrator's principal place of business. If the	1
28	place in which the administrator is incorporated or maintains the	
29	administrator's principal place of business is not governed by a law	
30	that is substantially similar to this chapter, the administrator's home	
31	state is another state:	
32 33	(1) in which the administrator conducts the business of the	
34	administrator; and (2) that the administrator declares is the administrator's home	
35		
36	state. (k) "Insurance producer" has the meaning set forth in	
37	IC 27-1-15.6-2.	
38	(l) "Insurer" means:	
39	(1) a person who obtains a certificate of authority under:	
40	(A) IC 27-1-3-20;	
41	(B) IC 27-13-3; or	
41 42	(C) IC 27-13-34 or	



1	(2) an employer that provides life, health, or annuity coverage in	
2	Indiana under a governmental plan or a church plan.	
3	(m) "NAIC" refers to the National Association of Insurance	
4	Commissioners.	
5	(n) "Negotiate" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-1-15.6-2.	
6	(o) "Nonresident administrator" means a person that applies for or	
7	holds a license under section 12.2 of this chapter.	
8	(f) (p) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a partnership,	
9	a limited liability company, or an unincorporated association.	4
10	(g) "Self-funded plan" means a plan for providing benefits for life,	
11	health, or annuity coverage by a person who is not an insurer. has the	
12	meaning set forth in IC 27-1-15.6-2.	
13	(q) "Sell" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-1-15.6-2.	
14	(r) "Solicit" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-1-15.6-2.	
15	(s) "Underwrite" refers to the:	
16	(1) acceptance of a group application or an individual	
17	application for coverage of an individual in accordance with the	
18	written rules of the insurer; or	
19	(2) planning and coordination of a benefit program provided by	
20	an insurer.	
21	(t) "Uniform application" means the current version of the NAIC	
22	uniform application for third party administrators.	
23	SECTION 137. IC 27-4-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2003,	
24	SECTION 35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.201-2003, SECTION 2, AND	
25	AS AMENDED BY P.L.211-2003, SECTION 1, IS CORRECTED	
26	AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON	_
27	PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. The following are hereby defined as unfair	
28	methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in	
29	the business of insurance:	
30	(1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or	
31	circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:	
32	(A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be	
33	issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the	
34	dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon;	
35	(B) making any false or misleading statement as to the	
36	dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar	
37	policies;	
38	(C) making any misleading representation or any	
39	misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer,	
40	or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer	
41	operates;	
42	(D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies	



1	misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or
2	(E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured
3	in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to
4	induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender his the
5	policyholder's insurance.
6	(2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing
7	before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made,
8	published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public,
9	in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of
10	a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or
11	television station, or in any other way, an advertisement,
12	announcement, or statement containing any assertion,
13	representation, or statement with respect to any person in the
14	conduct of his the person's insurance business, which is untrue,
15	deceptive, or misleading.
16	(3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or
17	indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making,
18	publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written
19	statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which is
20	false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial
21	condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any
22	person engaged in the business of insurance.
23	(4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by
24	a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or
25	intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable
26	restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance.
27	(5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making,
28	publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person,
29	or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly, to
30	be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any
31	person, or placed before the public, any false statement of
32	financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive. Making
33	any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer
34	with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed
35	to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any
36	public official to which such insurer is required by law to report,
37	or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into
38	any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a
39	true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such
40	insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer.
41	(6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or

employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other



1	capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law
2	corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board
3	contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and
4	profits as an inducement to insurance.
5	(7) Making or permitting any of the following:
6	(A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
7	class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments
8	charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or
9	in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any
10	other of the terms and conditions of such contract; however, in
11	determining the class, consideration may be given to the
12	nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected
13	expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant
14	factor.
15	(B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
16	class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of
17	premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made
18	for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in
19	the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or
20	conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever;
21	however, in determining the class, consideration may be given
22	to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the actual or
23	expected expense of conducting the business, or any other
24	relevant factor.
25	(C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy
26	fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair
27	discrimination between persons of the same class involving
28	essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums,
29	policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:
30	(i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance,
31	or abstract and title insurance;
32	(ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or damage
33	to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the ownership,
34	maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of vessels or craft,
35	their cargoes, marine builders' risks, marine protection and
36	indemnity, or other risks commonly insured under marine,
37	as distinguished from inland marine, insurance; or
38	(iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of
39	insurance whatsoever.
40	However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to
41	apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A)

and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance.



Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making or
permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory
charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by the department
or commissioner to meet the requirements of any other insurance
rate regulatory law of this state.
(8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly
permitting or offering to make or making any contract or policy
of insurance of any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not in
limitation, life annuities, or agreement as to such contract or
policy other than as plainly expressed in such contract or policy
issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to pay,
allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such
insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the
contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends,
savings, or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration
or inducement whatever not specified in the contract or policy; or
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giving, or selling, or purchasing or offering to give, sell, or
purchase as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in
connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities of any
insurance company or other corporation, association, limited
liability company, or partnership, or any dividends, savings, or
profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not
specified in the contract. Nothing in this subdivision and
subdivision (7) shall be construed as including within the
definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following
practices:
(A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their
premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from
nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses or
abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to policyholders
and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders.
(B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the
•
industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who
have continuously for a specified period made premium
payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount
which fairly represents the saving in collection expense.
(C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance
policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at
the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance

thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such

(D) Paying by an insurer or agent insurance producer thereof

policy year.

1	duly licensed as such under the laws of this state of money,
2	commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer
3	or such licensed agent insurance producer thereof anything of
4	value, for or on account of the solicitation or negotiation of
5	policies or other contracts of any kind or kinds, to a broker,
6	agent, an insurance producer, or a solicitor duly licensed
7	under the laws of this state, but such broker, agent, insurance
8	producer, or solicitor receiving such consideration shall not
9	pay, give, or allow credit for such consideration as received in
10	whole or in part, directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of
11	rebate.
12	(9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the
13	security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the
14	property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy
15	of insurance covering such real property through a particular
16	insurance agent producer or broker or brokers. However, this
17	subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of its or
18	his the lender's right to approve or disapprove of the insurance
19	company selected by the borrower to underwrite the insurance.
20	(10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust
21	or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the
22	business of insurance.
23	(11) Monopolizing or attempting to monopolize or combining or
24	conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any
25	part of commerce in the business of insurance. However,
26	participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of
27	any nonprofit organization of agents insurance producers or other
28	workers in the insurance business shall not be interpreted, in
29	itself, to constitute a combination in restraint of trade or as
30	combining to create a monopoly as provided in this subdivision
31	and subdivision (10). The enumeration in this chapter of specific
32	unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts and
33	practices in the business of insurance is not exclusive or
34	restrictive or intended to limit the powers of the commissioner or
35	department or of any court of review under section 8 of this
36	chapter.
37	(12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or
38	personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales

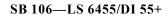
contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a

chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any

policy of insurance covering such property through a particular

insurance company, agent, insurance producer, or broker or

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brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any seller of such property or the one making a loan thereon of his, her, or its the right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by the buyer to underwrite the insurance.  (13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer, any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of the following:  (A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such credit unions.  (B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers or users of such goods.  (C) Title insurance.  (D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the event of the death or disability of the insured.  (E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs or associations.  (F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an air transportation ticket and that:  (i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during the flight to which the ticket relates;  (ii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which the ticket relates;  (iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which the ticket relates;  (iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket relates.  (14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical facility licensed by the state department of health.		
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(C) Title insurance.  (D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the event of the death or disability of the insured.  (E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs or associations.  (F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an air transportation ticket and that:  (i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during the flight to which the ticket relates;  (ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common carrier immediately before or after the flight;  (iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which the ticket relates; or  (iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket relates.  (14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical facility licensed by the state department of health.	16	performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers
19 (D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and 20 intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the 21 event of the death or disability of the insured. 22 (E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs 23 or associations. 24 (F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an 25 air transportation ticket and that: 26 (i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during 27 the flight to which the ticket relates; 28 (ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that 29 occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common 30 carrier immediately before or after the flight; 31 (iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which 32 the ticket relates; or 33 (iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket 34 relates. 35 (14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or 36 medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made 37 under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an 38 insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical 39 facility licensed by the state department of health.	17	or users of such goods.
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25 air transportation ticket and that: 26 (i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during 27 the flight to which the ticket relates; 28 (ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that 29 occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common 30 carrier immediately before or after the flight; 31 (iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which 32 the ticket relates; or 33 (iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket 34 relates. 35 (14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or 36 medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made 37 under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an 38 insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical 39 facility licensed by the state department of health.	22	(E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs
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medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical facility licensed by the state department of health.	34	
under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical facility licensed by the state department of health.	35	(14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or
insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical facility licensed by the state department of health.	36	medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made
insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical facility licensed by the state department of health.	37	
facility licensed by the state department of health.	38	* *
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	39	
40 (13) Kerusing to insure an individual, ferusing to continue to issue	40	(15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to issue
41 insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or kind of	41	

coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a



1	different rate for the same coverage, solely because of that
2	individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where the
3	refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial
4	principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated
5	experience.
6	(16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to
7	indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as
8	defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).
9	(17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an
10	individual's coverage under an individual or group health
11	insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or
12	physical condition.
13	(18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a cancellation
14	of coverage as described in subdivision (17).
15	(19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25 or IC 27-1-22-26 concerning motor
16	vehicle insurance rates.
17	(20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring
18	to interest rate guarantees.
19	(21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health plan
20	coverage for victims of abuse.
21	(22) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or testing.
22	(23) Violating IC 27-1-15.6-3(b) concerning licensure of
23	insurance producers.
24	(24) Violating IC 27-1-38 concerning depository institutions.
25	(25) Violating IC 27-8-28-17(c) or IC 27-13-10-8(c) concerning
26	the resolution of an appealed grievance decision.
27	(25) (26) Violating IC 27-8-5-2.5(e) through IC 27-8-5-2.5(j) or
28	IC 27-8-5-19.2.
29	(25) (27) Violating IC 27-2-21 concerning use of credit
30	information.
31	SECTION 138. IC 27-7-6-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.160-2003,
32	SECTION 24, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2003, SECTION 46,
33	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
34	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) No insurer shall fail to
35	renew a policy unless it shall mail or deliver to the named insured, at
36	the address shown in the policy, at least twenty (20) days' advance
37	notice of its intention not to renew. In the event such policy was
38	procured by an agent insurance producer duly licensed by the state of
39	Indiana notice of intent not to renew shall be mailed or delivered to

such agent the insurance producer at least ten (10) days prior to such

mailing or delivery to the named insured unless such notice of intent is

or has been waived in writing by such agent. the insurance producer.



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1	(b) This section shall not apply:
2	(a) (1) if the insurer has manifested its willingness to renew; nor
3	or
4	(b) (2) in case of nonpayment of premium.
5	Provided, That, However, notwithstanding the failure of an insurer to
6	comply with this section, the policy shall terminate on the effective
7	date of any other insurance policy with respect to any automobile
8	designated in both policies.
9	(c) A notice of intention not to renew is not required if:
10	(1) the insured is transferred from an insurer to an affiliate of the
11	insurer for future coverage as a result of a merger, an
12	acquisition, or a company restructuring;
13	(2) the transfer results in the same or broader coverage; and
14	(3) the insured approves the transfer.
15	(d) Renewal of a policy shall not constitute a waiver or estoppel
16	with respect to grounds for cancellation which existed before the
17	effective date of such renewal.
18	SECTION 139. IC 27-8-10-2.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2003,
19	SECTION 63, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2003, SECTION 4,
20	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.1. (a) There is established a
22	nonprofit legal entity to be referred to as the Indiana comprehensive
23	health insurance association, which must assure that health insurance
24	is made available throughout the year to each eligible Indiana resident
25	applying to the association for coverage. All carriers, health
26	maintenance organizations, limited service health maintenance
27	organizations, and self-insurers providing health insurance or health
28	care services in Indiana must be members of the association. The
29	association shall operate under a plan of operation established and
30	approved under subsection (c) and shall exercise its powers through a
31	board of directors established under this section.
32	(b) The board of directors of the association consists of seven (7)
33	nine (9) members whose principal residence is in Indiana selected as
34	follows:
35	(1) Three (3) Four (4) members to be appointed by the
36	commissioner from the members of the association, one (1) of
37	which must be a representative of a health maintenance
38	organization.
39	(2) Two (2) members to be appointed by the commissioner shall
40	be consumers representing policyholders.
41	(3) Two (2) members shall be the state budget director or

designee and the commissioner of the department of insurance or



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41 42 (4) One (1) member to be appointed by the commissioner must be a representative of health care providers.

The commissioner shall appoint the chairman of the board, and the board shall elect a secretary from its membership. The term of office of each appointed member is three (3) years, subject to eligibility for reappointment. Members of the board who are not state employees may be reimbursed from the association's funds for expenses incurred in attending meetings. The board shall meet at least semiannually, with the first meeting to be held not later than May 15 of each year.

- (c) The association shall submit to the commissioner a plan of operation for the association and any amendments to the plan necessary or suitable to assure the fair, reasonable, and equitable administration of the association. The plan of operation becomes effective upon approval in writing by the commissioner consistent with the date on which the coverage under this chapter must be made available. The commissioner shall, after notice and hearing, approve the plan of operation if the plan is determined to be suitable to assure the fair. reasonable, and equitable administration of the association and provides for the sharing of association losses on an equitable, proportionate basis among the member carriers, health maintenance organizations, limited service health maintenance organizations, and self-insurers. If the association fails to submit a suitable plan of operation within one hundred eighty (180) days after the appointment of the board of directors, or at any time thereafter the association fails to submit suitable amendments to the plan, the commissioner shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 necessary or advisable to implement this section. These rules are effective until modified by the commissioner or superseded by a plan submitted by the association and approved by the commissioner. The plan of operation must:
  - (1) establish procedures for the handling and accounting of assets and money of the association;
  - (2) establish the amount and method of reimbursing members of the board;
  - (3) establish regular times and places for meetings of the board of directors;
  - (4) establish procedures for records to be kept of all financial transactions, and for the annual fiscal reporting to the commissioner;
  - (5) establish procedures whereby selections for the board of directors will be made and submitted to the commissioner for approval;

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1	(6) contain additional provisions necessary or proper for the
2	execution of the powers and duties of the association; and
3	(7) establish procedures for the periodic advertising of the general
4	availability of the health insurance coverages from the
5	association.
6	(d) The plan of operation may provide that any of the powers and
7	duties of the association be delegated to a person who will perform
8	functions similar to those of this association. A delegation under this
9	section takes effect only with the approval of both the board of
10	directors and the commissioner. The commissioner may not approve a
11	delegation unless the protections afforded to the insured are
12	substantially equivalent to or greater than those provided under this
13	chapter.
14	(e) The association has the general powers and authority enumerated
15	by this subsection in accordance with the plan of operation approved
16	by the commissioner under subsection (c). The association has the
17	general powers and authority granted under the laws of Indiana to
18	carriers licensed to transact the kinds of health care services or health
19	insurance described in section 1 of this chapter and also has the
20	specific authority to do the following:
21	(1) Enter into contracts as are necessary or proper to carry out this
22	chapter, subject to the approval of the commissioner.
23	(2) Sue or be sued, including taking any legal actions necessary
24	or proper for recovery of any assessments for, on behalf of, or
25	against participating carriers.
26	(3) Take legal action necessary to avoid the payment of improper
27	claims against the association or the coverage provided by or
28	through the association.
29	(4) Establish a medical review committee to determine the
30	reasonably appropriate level and extent of health care services in
31	each instance.
32	(5) Establish appropriate rates, scales of rates, rate classifications
33	and rating adjustments, such rates not to be unreasonable in
34	relation to the coverage provided and the reasonable operational
35	expenses of the association.
36	(6) Pool risks among members.
37	(7) Issue policies of insurance on an indemnity or provision of
38	service basis providing the coverage required by this chapter.
39	(8) Administer separate pools, separate accounts, or other plans
40	or arrangements considered appropriate for separate members or
41	groups of members.
42	(9) Operate and administer any combination of plans, pools, or



1	other mechanisms considered appropriate to best accomplish the	
2	fair and equitable operation of the association.	
3	(10) Appoint from among members appropriate legal, actuarial,	
4	and other committees as necessary to provide technical assistance	
5	in the operation of the association, policy and other contract	
6	design, and any other function within the authority of the association.	
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9	<ul><li>(11) Hire an independent consultant.</li><li>(12) Develop a method of advising applicants of the availability</li></ul>	
10	of other coverages outside the association. and may promulgate	4
11	a list of health conditions the existence of which would deem an	
12	a tist of heatin conditions the existence of which would deem all applicant eligible without demonstrating a rejection of coverage	
13	by one (1) carrier.	
14	(13) Provide for the use of managed care plans for insureds,	
15	including the use of:	
16	(A) health maintenance organizations; and	4
17	(B) preferred provider plans.	
18	(14) Solicit bids directly from providers for coverage under this	
19	chapter.	
20	(f) The board shall obtain an actuarial recommendation for	
21	development of an equitable methodology for determination of member	_
22	assessments.	
23	(g) Rates for coverages issued by the association may not be	
24	unreasonable in relation to the benefits provided, the risk experience,	
25	and the reasonable expenses of providing the coverage. Separate scales	
26	of premium rates based on age apply for individual risks. Premium	
27	rates must take into consideration the extra morbidity and	
28	administration expenses, if any, for risks insured in the association. The	
29	rates for a given classification may <i>not</i> be:	
30	(1) not more than one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the average	
31	premium rate for that class charged by the five (5) carriers with	
32	the largest premium volume in the state during the preceding	
33	calendar year for an insured whose family income is less than	
34	three hundred fifty-one percent (351%) of the federal income	
35	poverty level for the same size family; and	
36	(2) an amount equal to:	
37	(A) not less than one hundred fifty-one percent (151%); and	
38	(B) not more than two hundred percent (200%);	
39	of the average premium rate for that class charged by the five (5)	
40	carriers with the largest premium volume in the state during the	
41	preceding calendar year, for an insured whose family income is	
42	more than three hundred fifty percent (350%) of the federal	



income poverty level for the same size family.

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In determining the average rate of the five (5) largest carriers, the rates charged by the carriers shall be actuarially adjusted to determine the rate that would have been charged for benefits identical to those issued by the association. All rates adopted by the association must be submitted to the commissioner for approval.

(g) (h) Following the close of the association's fiscal year, the association shall determine the net premiums, the expenses of administration, and the incurred losses for the year. Any net loss shall be assessed by the association to all members in proportion to their respective shares of total health insurance premiums, excluding premiums for Medicaid contracts with the state of Indiana, received in Indiana during the calendar year (or with paid losses in the year) coinciding with or ending during the fiscal year of the association or any other equitable basis as may be provided in the plan of operation. For self-insurers, health maintenance organizations, and limited service health maintenance organizations that are members of the association, the proportionate share of losses must be determined through the application of an equitable formula based upon claims paid, excluding claims for Medicaid contracts with the state of Indiana, or the value of services provided. In sharing losses, the association may abate or defer in any part the assessment of a member, if, in the opinion of the board, payment of the assessment would endanger the ability of the member to fulfill its contractual obligations. The association may also provide for interim assessments against members of the association if necessary to assure the financial capability of the association to meet the incurred or estimated claims expenses or operating expenses of the association until the association's next fiscal year is completed. Except as provided in sections 12 and 13 of this chapter, net gains, if any, must be held at interest to offset future losses or allocated to reduce future premiums. Assessments must be determined by the board members specified in subsection (b)(1), subject to final approval by the commissioner.

(h) (i) The association shall conduct periodic audits to assure the general accuracy of the financial data submitted to the association, and the association shall have an annual audit of its operations by an independent certified public accountant.

(i) (j) The association is subject to examination by the department of insurance under IC 27-1-3.1. The board of directors shall submit, not later than March 30 of each year, a financial report for the preceding calendar year in a form approved by the commissioner.

 $\frac{f}{f}(k)$  All policy forms issued by the association must conform in









1	substance to prototype forms developed by the association, must in all
2	other respects conform to the requirements of this chapter, and must be
3	filed with and approved by the commissioner before their use.
4	(k) (l) The association may not issue an association policy to any
5	individual who, on the effective date of the coverage applied for, does
6	not meet the eligibility requirements of section 5.1 of this chapter.
7	(1) The association shall pay an agent's insurance producer's
8	referral fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25) to each insurance agent
9	producer who refers an applicant to the association if that applicant
10	<del>is</del> accepted.
11	(m) The association and the premium collected by the association
12	shall be exempt from the premium tax, the adjusted gross income tax,
13	or any combination of these upon revenues or income that may be
14	imposed by the state.
15	(n) Members who after July 1, 1983, during any calendar year, have
16	paid one (1) or more assessments levied under this chapter may either:
17	(1) take a credit against premium taxes, adjusted gross income
18	taxes, or any combination of these, or similar taxes upon revenues
19	or income of member insurers that may be imposed by the state,
20	up to the amount of the taxes due for each calendar year in which
21	the assessments were paid and for succeeding years until the
22	aggregate of those assessments have been offset by either credits
23	against those taxes or refunds from the association; or
24	(2) any member insurer may include in the rates for premiums
25	charged for insurance policies to which this chapter applies
26	amounts sufficient to recoup a sum equal to the amounts paid to
27	the association by the member less any amounts returned to the
28	member insurer by the association, and the rates shall not be
29	deemed excessive by virtue of including an amount reasonably
30	calculated to recoup assessments paid by the member.
31	(o) The association shall provide for the option of monthly
32	collection of premiums.
33	SECTION 140. IC 27-8-10-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2003,
34	SECTION 7, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.211-2003, SECTION 5, IS
35	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.1. (a) A person is not eligible
37	for an association policy if the person is eligible for Medicaid. A
38	person other than a federally eligible individual may not apply for an
39	association policy unless the person has applied for Medicaid not more

than sixty (60) days before applying for the association policy.

(b) Except as provided in subsections (b), and subsection (c), a

person is not eligible for an association policy if, at the effective date



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1	of coverage, the person has or is eligible for coverage under any
2	insurance plan that equals or exceeds the minimum requirements for
3	accident and sickness insurance policies issued in Indiana as set forth
4	in IC 27. However, an offer of coverage described in IC 27-8-5-2.5(e)
5	or IC 27-8-5-19.2(e) does not affect an individual's eligibility for an
6	association policy under this subsection. Coverage under any
7	association policy is in excess of, and may not duplicate, coverage
8	under any other form of health insurance.
9	(b) (c) Except as provided in IC 27-13-16-4 and subsection (a), a
10	person is eligible for an association policy upon a showing that:
11	(1) the person has been rejected by one (1) carrier for coverage
12	under any insurance plan that equals or exceeds the minimum
13	requirements for accident and sickness insurance policies issued
14	in Indiana, as set forth in IC 27, without material underwriting
15	restrictions;
16	(2) an insurer has refused to issue insurance except at a rate
17	exceeding the association plan rate; or
18	(3) the person is a federally eligible individual.
19	For the purposes of this subsection, eligibility for Medicare coverage
20	does not disqualify a person who is less than sixty-five (65) years of
21	age from eligibility for an association policy.
22	(c) The board of directors may establish procedures that would
23	permit:
24	(1) an association policy to be issued to persons who are covered
25	by a group insurance arrangement when that person or a
26	dependent's health condition is such that the group's coverage is
27	in jeopardy of termination or material rate increases because of
28	that person's or dependent's medical claims experience; and
29	(2) an association policy to be issued without any limitation on
30	preexisting conditions to a person who is covered by a health
31	insurance arrangement when that person's coverage is scheduled
32	to terminate for any reason beyond the person's control.
33	(d) Coverage under an association policy terminates as follows:
34	(1) On the first date on which an insured is no longer a resident
35	of Indiana.
36	
	(2) On the date on which an insured requests cancellation of the
37	(2) On the date on which an insured requests cancellation of the association policy.
37 38	association policy. (3) On the date of the death of an insured.
	association policy.
38	association policy. (3) On the date of the death of an insured.
38 39	association policy. (3) On the date of the death of an insured. (4) At the end of the policy period for which the premium has



- (d) (e) An association policy must provide that coverage of a dependent unmarried child terminates when the child becomes nineteen (19) years of age (or twenty-five (25) years of age if the child is enrolled full-time in an accredited educational institution). The policy must also provide in substance that attainment of the limiting age does not operate to terminate a dependent unmarried child's coverage while the dependent is and continues to be both: (1) incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation or mental or physical disability; and (2) chiefly dependent upon the person in whose name the contract is issued for support and maintenance. However, proof of such incapacity and dependency must be furnished to the carrier within one hundred twenty (120) days of the child's attainment of the limiting age, and subsequently as may be required by the carrier, but not more frequently than annually after the two (2) year period following the child's attainment of the limiting age.
  - (e) (f) An association policy that provides coverage for a family member of the person in whose name the contract is issued must, as to the family member's coverage, also provide that the health insurance benefits applicable for children are payable with respect to a newly born child of the person in whose name the contract is issued from the moment of birth. The coverage for newly born children must consist of coverage of injury or illness, including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and birth abnormalities. If payment of a specific premium is required to provide coverage for the child, the contract may require that notification of the birth of a child and payment of the required premium must be furnished to the carrier within thirty-one (31) days after the date of birth in order to have the coverage continued beyond the thirty-one (31) day period.
  - (g) Except as provided in subsection (g), (h), an association policy may contain provisions under which coverage is excluded during a period of three (3) months following the effective date of coverage as to a given covered individual for preexisting conditions, as long as medical advice or treatment was recommended or received within a period of three (3) months before the effective date of coverage. This subsection may not be construed to prohibit preexisting condition provisions in an insurance policy that are more favorable to the insured.
  - $\frac{\langle g \rangle}{\langle h \rangle}$  If a person applies for an association policy within six (6) months after termination of the person's coverage under a health insurance arrangement and the person meets the eligibility requirements of subsection  $\frac{\langle b \rangle}{\langle c \rangle}$ , then an association policy may not

C









1	contain provisions under which:	
2	(1) coverage as to a given individual is delayed to a date after the	
3	effective date or excluded from the policy; or	
4	(2) coverage as to a given condition is denied;	
5	on the basis of a preexisting health condition. This subsection may not	
6	be construed to prohibit preexisting condition provisions in an	
7	insurance policy that are more favorable to the insured.	
8	(h) (i) For purposes of this section, coverage under a health	
9	insurance arrangement includes, but is not limited to, coverage	
10	pursuant to the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of	
11	1985.	
12	SECTION 141. IC 27-8-10-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.193-2003,	
13	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
14	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. (a) Notwithstanding section 2.1 of this	
15	chapter, for the period beginning July 1, 2003, and ending March 15,	
16	2004:	
17	(1) fifty percent (50%) of any net loss determined under section	
18	2.1(g) 2.1(h) of this chapter shall be assessed by the association	
19	to all members in proportion to their respective shares of total	
20	health insurance premiums, excluding premiums for Medicaid	
21	contracts with the state, received in Indiana during the calendar	
22	year (or with paid losses in the year) coinciding with or ending	
23	during the fiscal year of the association; and	
24	(2) fifty percent (50%) of any net loss determined under section	
25	$\frac{2.1(g)}{2.1(h)}$ of this chapter shall be assessed by the association	
26	to all members in proportion to their respective shares of the	
27	number of individuals in Indiana who are covered under health	
28	insurance provided by a member, excluding individuals who are	
29	covered under Medicaid contracts with the state during the	
30	calendar year coinciding with or ending during the fiscal year of	
31	the association.	
32	(b) This section expires March 15, 2004.	
33	SECTION 142. IC 27-13-1-21.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
34	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
35	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 21.3. "Insurance producer"	
36	means a person who is a licensed insurance producer under	
37	IC 27-1-15.6 and who:	
38	(1) solicits, negotiates, effects, procures, delivers, renews, or	
39	continues a policy or contract for membership in a health	
40	maintenance organization or a prepaid limited health service	
41	organization;	
42	(2) takes or transmits a membership fee or premium for the	



1	policy or contract other than for the insurance producer; or
2	(3) causes the insurance producer to be held out to the public,
3	through advertising or otherwise, as a producer for a health
4	maintenance organization or a prepaid limited health service
5	organization.
6	SECTION 143. IC 28-1-13-7.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7.1. (a) As used in
8	this section, "federally chartered bank" means a bank that was
9	incorporated under 12 U.S.C. 21 et seq. and is doing business in
10	Indiana.
11	(b) As used in this section, "rollover mortgage" means a loan that:
12	(1) is secured by a first mortgage on real estate improved by:
13	(A) a dwelling for one (1) to four (4) families; or
14	(B) a combination home and business building; and
15	(2) may be subject to rate adjustments at regularly scheduled
16	times.
17	(c) As used in this section, "state chartered bank" means a bank that
18	was incorporated under the laws of Indiana and is doing business in
19	Indiana. The term includes a savings bank organized under the laws of
20	Indiana.
21	(d) A state chartered bank may make, arrange, purchase, or sell
22	loans or extensions of credit secured by liens or interests in real estate
23	as:
24	(1) may be so made, arranged, purchased, or sold by a federally
25	chartered bank under a federal law or regulation; or
26	(2) prescribed by order of the department or by a rule adopted by
27	the department under IC 4-22-2.
28	(e) In addition to loans authorized by subsection (d), a state
29	chartered bank may make rollover mortgage loans. A rollover mortgage
30	loan made by a state chartered bank is subject to the following
31	requirements and restrictions:
32	(1) At each scheduled adjustment time, if the loan is not then in
33	default, the lender shall make rate adjustments available for the
34	amount of the outstanding loan for the remaining term of the loan.
35	(2) Any adjustment in the loan must be made without
36	administrative charges to the borrower.
37	(3) Scheduled adjustments of the loan must be at least one (1)
38	year apart.
39	(4) The lender may not charge any penalty or other assessment for
40	the prepayment of the loan by the borrower at the time of any
41	adjustment.

(5) At each scheduled adjustment time, the lender and the



1	borrower may agree to increase or decrease the interest rate
ä	applicable to the outstanding balance of the loan.
(	(6) At the option of the lender, the borrower may be granted the
(	option to extend the amortization period for purposes of
(	calculating monthly payments on the loan in accordance with the
1	following rules:
	(A) The extension of the amortization period may equal up to
	one-third (1/3) of the original amortization period, irrespective
	of whether this extends the amortization period beyond thirty
	(30) years.
	(B) To the extent of any extension of the amortization period,
	the amortization period will be reduced upon a subsequent
	downward adjustment in the interest rate.
	The department may adopt an emergency rule under
	22-2-37.1 IC 4-22-2.1 to implement this section.
	ECTION 144. IC 30-2-8.6-38, AS ADDED BY P.L.3-2003,
	CION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
	N PASSAGE]: Sec. 38. (a) If a transaction, including a declaration
	respect to or a transfer of specific property, otherwise satisfies
	cable law, the criteria of section 18 of this chapter are satisfied by
	of the following:
	(1) The execution and either delivery to the custodial trustee or recording of an instrument in substantially the following form:
]	TRANSFER UNDER THE
	INDIANA UNIFORM CUSTODIAL TRUST ACT
1	I, (name of transferor or name and
	sentative capacity if a fiduciary), transfer to
_	e of trustee other than transferor), as custodial trustee for
(	(name of beneficiary) as beneficiary and
	as distributee on termination of the trust in absence
ofdire	ection by the beneficiary under the Indiana uniform custodial trust
	ne following: (insert a description of the custodial trust property
	y sufficient to identify and transfer each item of property).
Dated	i:
	<del></del>
	ature)
	(2) The execution and the recording or giving notice of its
	execution to the beneficiary of an instrument in substantially the
1	following form:



DEC	LARATION OF TRUST UNDER THE
INDIA	NA UNIFORM CUSTODIAL TRUST ACT
I,	(name of owner of property), declare that
henceforth I hold	d as custodial trustee for (name of
-	r than transferor) as beneficiary and
as distributee on	termination of the trust in absence of direction by the
beneficiary unde	r the Indiana uniform custodial trust act, the following:
-	tion of the custodial trust property legally sufficient to
-	sfer each item of property).
Dated:	
(Signature)	
	y methods of transferring or evidencing ownership of
	used to create a custodial trust, including any of the
following:	diana Caranaita in tha na
	ation of a security in the name of:
	ist company;
	dult other than the transferor; or
designated	ransferor if the beneficiary is other than the transferor; in substance "as custodial trustee for
designated	(name of beneficiary) under the Indiana
uniform au	stodial trust act".
(2) Deliver	
` ′	y of. ertificated security, or a document necessary for the
	of an uncertificated security; and
	necessary endorsement;
• •	other than the transferor or to a trust company as
	ustee, accompanied by an instrument in substantially
	escribed in subsection (a)(1).
_	t of money or transfer of a security held in the name of
· · ·	a financial institution or its nominee to a broker or
	stitution for credit to an account in the name of:
	ist company;
` ′	dult other than the transferor; or
	ransferor if the beneficiary is other than the transferor;
designated	•
	(name of beneficiary) under the Indiana
uniform cu	stodial trust act".
	ation of ownership of a life or endowment insurance
, , •	nnuity contract with the issuer in the name of:
	ust company;
* *	dult other than the transferor; or



l	(C) the transferor if the beneficiary is other than the transferor;	
2	designated in substance: "as custodial trustee for	
3	(name of beneficiary) under the Indiana	
4	uniform custodial trust act".	
5	(5) Delivery of a written assignment to:	
6	(A) an adult other than the transferor; or	
7	(B) a trust company;	
8	whose name in the assignment is designated in substance by the	
9	words: "as custodial trustee for (name of	
10	beneficiary) under the Indiana uniform custodial trust act".	
11	(6) Irrevocable exercise of a power of appointment, pursuant to its	
12	terms, in favor of:	
13	(A) a trust company;	
14	(B) an adult other than the donee of the power; or	
15	(C) the donee who holds the power if the beneficiary is other	_
16	than the donee;	
17	whose name in the appointment is designated in substance: "as	
18	custodial trustee for (name of beneficiary)	
19	under the Indiana uniform custodial trust act".	
20	(7) Delivery of a written notification or assignment of a right to	
21	future payment under a contract to an obligor that transfers the	
22	right under the contract to:	
23	(A) a trust company;	
24	(B) an adult other than the transferor; or	
25	(C) the transferor if the beneficiary is other than the transferor;	
26	whose name in the notification or assignment is designated in	
27	substance: "as custodial trustee for (name of	
28	beneficiary) under the Indiana uniform custodial trust act".	y
29	(8) Execution, delivery, and recordation of a conveyance of an	
30	interest in real property in the name of:	
31	(A) a trust company;	
32	(B) an adult other than the transferor; or	
33	(C) the transferor if the beneficiary is other than the transferor;	
34	designated in substance: "as custodial trustee for	
35	(name of beneficiary) under the Indiana	
36	uniform custodial trust act".	
37	(9) Issuance of a certificate of title by an agency of a state or of	
38	the United States that evidences title to tangible personal	
39	property:	
40	(A) issued in the name of:	
41	(i) a trust company;	
42	(ii) an adult other than the transferor; or	



1	(iii) the transferor if the beneficiary is other than the	
2	transferor;	
3	designated in substance: "as custodial trustee for	
4	(name of beneficiary) under the Indiana	
5	uniform custodial trust act"; or	
6	(B) delivered to:	
7	(i) a trust company; or	
8	(ii) an adult other than the transferor or endorsed by the	
9	transferor to that person;	
10	designated in substance: "as custodial trustee for	
11	(name of beneficiary) under the Indiana	
12	uniform custodial trust act".	
13	(10) Execution and delivery of an instrument of gift to:	
14	(A) a trust company; or	
15	(B) an adult other than the transferor;	_
16	designated in substance: "as custodial trustee for	
17	(name of beneficiary) under the Indiana	
18	uniform custodial trust act".	
19	SECTION 145. IC 31-9-2-42, AS AMENDED BY P.L.189-2003,	
20	SECTION 9, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2003, SECTION 3, IS	
21	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	14
22	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 42. "Domestic or family	
23	violence" means, except for an act of self defense, the occurrence of	
24	one (1) or more of the following acts committed by a family or	_
25	household member:	
26	(1) Attempting to cause, threatening to cause, or causing physical	
27	harm to another family or household member without legal	
28	justification.	V
29	(2) Placing a family or household member in fear of physical	
30	harm without legal justification.	
31	(3) Causing a family or household member to involuntarily	
32	engage in sexual activity by force, threat of force, or duress.	
33	For purposes of IC 22-4-15-1 and IC 34-26-5, domestic and or family	
34	violence also includes stalking (as defined in IC 35-45-10-1) or a sex	
35	offense under IC 35-42-4, whether or not the stalking or sex offense is	
36	committed by a family or household member.	
37	SECTION 146. IC 31-9-2-44.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.133-2002,	
38	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
39	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 44.5. (a) An individual is a "family or	
40	household member" means: of another person if the individual:	
41	(1) a person who is a current or former spouse of the other	
42	nerson.	



1	(2) a person who is dating or has dated the other person;	
2	(3) a person who is engaged or was engaged in a sexual	
3	relationship with the other person;	
4	(4) a person who is related by blood or adoption to the other	
5	person;	
6	(5) a person who is related or was related by marriage to the	
7	other person;	
8	(6) a person who has or previously had an established legal	
9	relationship: or previously established a legal relationship:	
10	(A) as a guardian of the other person;	4
11	(B) as a ward of the other person;	
12	(C) as a custodian of the other person;	Ì
13	(D) as a foster parent of the other person; or	
14	(E) in a capacity with respect to the other person similar to	
15	those listed in clauses (A) through (D); or	
16	(7) a person who has a child in common and with the other	4
17	person.	•
18	(8) (b) An individual is a "family or household member" of both	
19	persons to whom subsection $(a)(1)$ , $(a)(2)$ , $(a)(3)$ , $(a)(4)$ , $(a)(5)$ ,	
20	(a)(6), or (a)(7) applies if the individual is a minor child of a person	
21	in a relationship described in subdivisions (1) through (7). one (1) of	
22	the persons.	
23	SECTION 147. IC 31-9-2-76.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.152-2003,	
24	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
25	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 76.5. "Long term foster parent", for purposes	
26	of IC 31-34-21-4 and IC 31-34-21-4.6, IC 31-34-21-4.5, has the	
27	meaning set forth in $\frac{1C}{31-34-21-4.6(a)}$ . IC 31-34-21-4.6.	1
28	SECTION 148. IC 31-18-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. "Child" means	
30	an individual who is:	
31	(1) owed or is alleged to be (1) owed a duty of support by the	
32	individual's parent; or	
33	(2) the beneficiary of a support order directed to the parent.	
34	The term includes a child who is over the age of majority.	
35	SECTION 149. IC 31-19-2.5-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.61-2003,	
36	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
37	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 4 of this	
38	chapter, notice must be given to a:	
39	(1) person whose consent to adoption is required under	
40	IC 31-19-9-1; and	
41	(2) putative father who is entitled to notice under IC 31-19-4.	
42	(b) If the parent-child relationship has been terminated under	



1	IC 31-35 (or <del>31-6-5</del> <b>IC 31-6-5</b> before its repeal), notice of the
2	pendency of the adoption proceedings shall be given to the:
3	(1) licensed child placing agency; or
4	(2) county office of family and children;
5	that is the ward of the child.
6	SECTION 150. IC 32-34-1-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.107-2003,
7	SECTION 2, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2003, SECTION 113,
8	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 20. (a) For purposes of this
10	section, an indication of interest in the property by the owner:
11	(1) does not include a communication with an owner by an agent
12	of the holder who has not identified in writing the property to the
13	owner; and
14	(2) includes the following:
15	(A) With respect to an account or underlying shares of stock
16	or other interest in a business association or financial
17	organization:
18	(i) the cashing of a dividend check or other instrument of
19	payment received; or
20	(ii) evidence that the distribution has been received if the
21	distribution was made by electronic or similar means.
22	(B) A deposit to or withdrawal from a bank account.
23	(C) The payment of a premium with respect to a property
24	interest in an insurance policy.
25	(D) The mailing of any correspondence in writing from a
26	financial institution to the owner, including:
27	(i) a statement;
28	(ii) a report of interest paid or credited; or
29	(iii) any other written advice;
30	relating to a demand, savings, or matured time deposit
31	account, including a deposit account that is automatically
32	renewable, or any other account or other property the owner
33	has with the financial institution if the correspondence is not
34	returned to the financial institution for nondelivery.
35	(E) Any activity by the owner that concerns:
36	(i) another demand, savings, or matured time deposit
37	account or other account that the owner has with a financial
38	institution, including any activity by the owner that results
39	in an increase or decrease in the amount of any other
40	account; or
41	(ii) any other relationship with the financial institution,
42	including the payment of any amounts due on a loan;



1	if the mailing address for the owner contained in the financial	
2	institution's books and records is the same for both an inactive	
3	account and for a related account.	
4	(b) The application of an automatic premium loan provision or other	
5	nonforfeiture provision contained in an insurance policy does not	
6	prevent the policy from maturing or terminating if the insured has died	
7	or the insured or the beneficiary of the policy otherwise has become	
8	entitled to the proceeds before the depletion of the cash surrender value	
9	of the policy by the application of those provisions.	
10	(c) Property that is held, issued, or owed in the ordinary course of	
11	a holder's business is presumed abandoned if the owner or apparent	
12	owner has not communicated in writing with the holder concerning the	
13	property or has not otherwise given an indication of interest in the	
14	property during the following times:	
15	(1) For traveler's checks, fifteen (15) years after issuance.	
16	(2) For money orders, seven (7) years after issuance.	
17	(3) For consumer credits, three (3) years after the credit becomes	
18	payable.	
19	(4) For gift certificates, three (3) years after December 31 of the	
20	year in which the gift certificate was sold. If the gift certificate is	
21	redeemable in merchandise only, the amount abandoned is	
22	considered to be sixty percent (60%) of the certificate's face	
23	<del>value.</del>	
24	(5) (4) For amounts owed by an insurer on a life or an endowment	_
25	insurance policy or an annuity contract:	
26	(A) if the policy or contract has matured or terminated, three	
27	(3) years after the obligation to pay arose; or	
28	(B) if the policy or contract is payable upon proof of death,	V
29	three (3) years after the insured has attained, or would have	
30	attained if living, the limiting age under the mortality table on	
31	which the reserve is based.	
32	(6) (5) For property distributable by a business association in a	
33	course of dissolution, one (1) year after the property becomes	
34	distributable.	
35	(7) (6) For property or proceeds held by a court or a court clerk,	
36	other than property or proceeds related to child support, five (5)	
37	years after the property or proceeds become distributable. The	
38	property or proceeds must be treated as unclaimed property under	
39	IC 32-34-3. For property or proceeds related to child support	
40	held by a court or a court clerk, ten (10) years after the property	
41	or proceeds become distributable.	
42	(8) (7) For property held by a state or other government,	



1	governmental subdivision or agency, or public corporation or	
2 3	other public authority, one (1) year after the property becomes	
	distributable.	
4	(9) (8) For compensation for personal services, one (1) year after	
5 6	the compensation becomes payable.	
	(1) year often the deposits on refunds held for subscribers by utilities,	
7 8	one (1) year after the deposits or refunds became payable.	
9	(11) (10) For stock or other interest in a business association, five (5) years after the earlier of:	
10	(A) the date of the last dividend, stock split, or other	4
11	distribution unclaimed by the apparent owner; or	
12	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	(B) the date of the second mailing of a statement of account or other notification or communication that was:	
13 14		
15	(i) returned as undeliverable; or	
	(ii) made after the holder discontinued mailings to the apparent owner.	4
16	11	
17	(12) (11) For property in an individual retirement account or another account or plan that is qualified for tax deferral under the	
18 19	1 1	
	Internal Revenue Code, three (3) years after the earliest of:	
20	(A) the actual date of the distribution or attempted	
21	distribution;	
22	(B) the distribution date as stated in the plan or trust	
23	agreement governing the plan; or	
24	(C) the date specified in the Internal Revenue Code by which	
25	distribution must begin in order to avoid a tax penalty.	
26	(13) (12) For a demand, savings, or matured time deposit,	
27	including a deposit that is automatically renewable, five (5) years	
28	after maturity or five (5) years after the date of the last indication	
29	by the owner of interest in the property, whichever is earlier.	
30	Property that is automatically renewable is considered matured for	
31	purposes of this section upon the expiration of its initial period,	
32	unless the owner has consented to a renewal at or about the time	
33	of the renewal and the consent is in writing or is evidenced by a	
34	memorandum or other record on file with the holder.	
35	(14) (13) For property payable or distributable in the course of	
36	a demutualization, rehabilitation, or related reorganization of a	
37	mutual insurance company, five (5) years after the earlier of:	
38	(A) the date of last contact with the policyholder; or	
39	(B) the date the property became payable or distributable.	
40	(15) (14) For all other property, the earlier of five (5) years after:	
41	(A) the owner's right to demand the property; or	
42	(B) the obligation to pay or distribute the property;	



arose.

(d) Property is payable or distributed for purposes of this chapter notwithstanding the owner's failure to make demand or present an instrument or a document otherwise required to receive payment.

SECTION 151. IC 32-34-1-31, AS AMENDED BY P.L.107-2003, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 31. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), and (f), the attorney general, not later than three (3) years after the receipt of abandoned property, shall sell the property to the highest bidder at a commercially reasonable public sale that, in the judgment of the attorney general, affords the most favorable market for the property. The attorney general may decline the highest bid and reoffer the property for sale if, in the judgment of the attorney general, the bid is insufficient. If, in the judgment of the attorney general, the probable cost of the sale exceeds the value of the property, the attorney general is not required to offer the property for sale. A sale held under this section must be preceded, at least three (3) weeks before the sale, by one (1) publication of notice in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county in which the property is to be sold.

- (b) If the property is of a type that is customarily sold on a recognized market or that is subject to widely distributed standard price quotations, and if, in the opinion of the attorney general, the probable cost of a public sale to the highest bidder would:
  - (1) exceed the value of the property; or
  - (2) result in a net loss;
- the attorney general may sell the property privately, without notice by publication, at or above the prevailing price for the property at the time of the sale.
- (c) Securities shall be sold as soon as reasonably possible following receipt. If a valid claim is made for any securities in the possession of the attorney general, the attorney general may:
  - (1) transfer the securities to the claimant; or
  - (2) pay the claimant the value of the securities as of the date the securities were delivered to the attorney general.

Notice of the sale of securities is not required. Securities listed on an established stock exchange must be sold at prices prevailing at the time of the sale on the stock exchange. Other securities may be sold over the counter at prices prevailing at the time of sale or by any other method the attorney general considers reasonable.

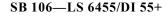
(d) A purchaser of property at a sale conducted by the attorney general under this chapter takes the property free of all claims of the owner or previous holder and of all persons claiming through or under













1	them. The attorney general shall execute all documents necessary to	
2	complete the transfer of ownership.	
3	(e) A person does not have a claim against the attorney general for	
4	any appreciation of property after the property is delivered to the	
5	attorney general, except in a case of intentional misconduct or	
6	malfeasance by the attorney general.	
7	(f) If property is forwarded to the attorney general and the report	
8	concerning the property does not have any all of the information	
9	required under section 26(b)(1) of this chapter or the total value of the	
10	property is ten dollars (\$10) or less, the attorney general may	
11	immediately:	
12	(1) sell the property and transmit the proceeds; or	
13	(2) transfer the property;	
14	to the state general fund.	
15	SECTION 152. IC 33-4-5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.195-2003,	_
16	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
17	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) A person shall be excused from acting	
18	as a juror if the person:	
19	(1) is over sixty-five (65) years of age;	
20	(2) is a member in active service of the armed forces of the United	
21	States;	
22	(3) is an elected or appointed official of the executive, legislative,	0
23	or judicial branches of government of:	
24	(A) the United States;	_
25	(B) Indiana; or	
26	(C) a unit of local government;	
27	who is actively engaged in the performance of the person's official	
28	duties;	y
29	(4) is a member of the general assembly who makes the request	
30	to be excused before being sworn as a juror;	
31	(5) is an honorary military staff officer appointed by the governor	
32	under IC 10-16-2-5;	
33	(6) is an officer or enlisted person of the guard reserve forces	
34	authorized by the governor under IC 10-16-8;	
35	(7) is a veterinarian licensed under IC 15-5-1.1;	
36	(8) is serving as a member of the board of school commissioners	
37	of the city of Indianapolis under IC 20-3-11-2;	
38	(9) is a dentist licensed under IC 25-14-1;	
39	(10) is a member of a police or fire department or company under	
40	IC 36-8-3 or IC 36-8-12; or	
41	(11) would serve as a juror during a criminal trial and the person	
12	10:	



1	(A) an employee of the department of correction whose duties
2	require contact with inmates confined in a department of
3	correction facility; or
4	(B) the spouse or child of a person described in clause (A);
5	and desires to be excused for that reason.
6	(b) A prospective juror is disqualified to serve on a jury if any of the
7	following conditions exist:
8	(1) The person is not a citizen of the United States, at least
9	eighteen (18) years of age, and a resident of the county.
10	(2) The person is unable to read, speak, and understand the
11	English language with a degree of proficiency sufficient to fill out
12	satisfactorily a juror qualification form.
13	(3) The person is incapable of rendering satisfactory jury service
14	due to physical or mental disability. However, a person claiming
15	this disqualification may be required to submit a physician's or
16	authorized Christian Science practitioner's certificate confirming
17	the disability, and the certifying physician or practitioner is then
18	subject to inquiry by the court at the court's discretion.
19	(4) The person is under a sentence imposed for an offense.
20	(5) A guardian has been appointed for the person under IC 29-3
21	because the person has a mental incapacity.
22	(6) The person has had rights revoked by reason of a felony
23	conviction and the rights have not been restored.
24	(c) A person may not serve as a petit juror in any county if the
25	person served as a petit juror in the same county within the previous
26	three hundred sixty-five (365) days. The fact that a person's selection
27	as a juror would violate this subsection is sufficient cause for
28	challenge.
29	(d) A grand jury, a petit jury, or an individual juror drawn for
30	service in one (1) court may serve in another court of the county, in
31	accordance with orders entered on the record in each of the courts.
32	(e) The same petit jurors may be used in civil cases and in criminal
33	cases.
34	(f) A person may not be excluded from jury service on account of
35	race, color, religion, sex, national origin, or economic status.
36	(g) Notwithstanding IC 35-47-2, IC 35-47-2.5, or the restoration of
37	the right to serve on a jury under this section and except as provided in
38	subsections (c), (d), and (l), a person who has been convicted of a
39	crime of domestic violence (as defined in IC 35-41-1-6.3) may not
40	possess a firearm:

(1) after the person is no longer under a sentence imposed for an



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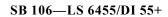
offense; or

1	(2) after the person has had the person's rights restored following
2	a conviction.
3 4	(h) Not earlier than five (5) years after the date of conviction, a person who has been convicted of a crime of domestic violence (as
5	defined in IC 35-41-1-6.3) may petition the court for restoration of the
6	person's right to possess a firearm. In determining whether to restore
7	the person's right to possess a firearm, the court shall consider the
8	following factors:
9	(1) Whether the person has been subject to:
10	(A) a protective order;
11	(B) a no contact order;
12	(C) a workplace violence restraining order; or
13	(D) any other court order that prohibits the person from
14	possessing a firearm.
15	(2) Whether the person has successfully completed a substance
16	abuse program, if applicable.
17	(3) Whether the person has successfully completed a parenting
18	class, if applicable.
19	(4) Whether the person still presents a threat to the victim of the
20	crime.
21	(5) Whether there is any other reason why the person should not
22	possess a firearm, including whether the person failed to complete
23	a specified condition specified under subsection (d) (i) or whether
24	the person has committed a subsequent offense.
25	(i) The court may condition the restoration of a person's right to
26	possess a firearm upon the person's completion of specified conditions.
27	(j) If the court denies a petition for restoration of the right to possess
28	a firearm, the person may not file a second or subsequent petition until
29	one (1) year has elapsed.
30	(k) A person has not been convicted of a crime of domestic violence
31	for purposes of subsection (h) if the conviction has been expunged or
32	if the person has been pardoned.
33	(l) The right to possess a firearm shall be restored to a person whose
34	conviction is reversed on appeal or on post-conviction review at the
35	earlier of the following:
36	(1) At the time the prosecuting attorney states on the record that
37	the charges that gave rise to the conviction will not be refiled.
38	(2) Ninety (90) days after the final disposition of the appeal or the
39	post-conviction proceeding.
40	SECTION 153. IC 33-4-8-3 AS AMENDED BY P.L.94-2003,
41	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. A senior judge:



1	(1) exercises the jurisdiction granted to the court served by the
2	senior judge;
3	(2) may serve as a domestic relations mediator, subject to the
4	code of judicial conduct;
5	(3) serves at the pleasure of the supreme court; and
6	(4) serves in accordance with rules adopted by the supreme court
7	under IC 33-2-1-8.
8	A senior judge serving as a domestic relations mediator is not entitled
9	to reimbursement or a per diem under IC 33-4-8-5. section 5 of this
10	<b>chapter.</b> A senior judge serving as a domestic relations mediator may
11	receive compensation from the alternative dispute resolution fund
12	under IC 33-4-13, in accordance with the county domestic relations
13	alternative dispute resolution plan.
14	SECTION 154. IC 34-6-2-44.8, AS ADDED BY P.L.133-2002,
15	SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 44.8. (a) An individual is a "family or
17	household member" means: of another person if the individual:
18	(1) a person who is a current or former spouse of the other
19	person;
20	(2) a person who is dating or has dated the other person;
21	(3) a person who is engaged or was engaged in a sexual
22	relationship with the other person;
23	(4) a person who is related by blood or adoption to the other
24	person;
25	(5) a person who is related or was related by marriage to the
26	other person;
27	(6) a person who has or previously had an established legal
28	relationship: or previously established a legal relationship:
29	(A) as a guardian of the other person;
30	(B) as a ward of the other person;
31	(C) as a custodian of the other person;
32	(D) as a foster parent of the other person; or
33	(E) in a capacity with respect to the other person similar to
34	those listed in clauses (A) through (D); or
35	(7) a person who has a child in common and with the other
36	person.
37	(8) (b) An individual is a "family or household member" of both
38	persons to whom subsection $(a)(1)$ , $(a)(2)$ , $(a)(3)$ , $(a)(4)$ , $(a)(5)$ ,
39	(a)(6), or (a)(7) applies if the individual is a minor child of a person
40	in a relationship described in subdivisions (1) through (7). one (1) of
41	the persons.
42	SECTION 155. IC 34-13-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.108-2003,

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1	SECTION 2, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.161-2003, SECTION 6, IS
2	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) The combined aggregate
4	liability of all governmental entities and of all public employees, acting
5	within the scope of their employment and not excluded from liability
6	under section 3 of this chapter, does not exceed:
7	(1) three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) for injury to or
8	death of one (1) person in any one (1) occurrence:
9	(A) three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) for a cause of
10	action that accrues before January 1, 2006;
11	(B) five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for a cause of
12	action that accrues on or after January 1, 2006, and before
13	January 1, 2008; or
14	(C) seven hundred thousand dollars (\$700,000) for a cause of
15	action that accrues on or after January 1, 2008; and
16	and (2) does not exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000) for
17	injury to or death of all persons in that occurrence, five million
18	dollars (\$5,000,000).
19	(b) A governmental entity or an employee of a governmental entity
20	acting within the scope of employment is not liable for punitive
21	damages.
22	SECTION 156. IC 34-24-1-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.174-1999,
23	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 9. (a) Upon motion of a prosecuting attorney
25	under <del>IC</del> <del>35-33-5-5(i),</del> <b>IC 35-33-5-5(j)</b> , property seized under this
26	chapter must be transferred, subject to the perfected liens or other
27	security interests of any person in the property, to the appropriate
28	federal authority for disposition under 18 U.S.C. 981(e), 19 U.S.C.
29	1616a, or 21 U.S.C. 881(e) and any related regulations adopted by the
30	United States Department of Justice.
31	(b) Money received by a law enforcement agency as a result of a
32	forfeiture under 18 U.S.C. 981(e), 19 U.S.C. 1616a, or 21 U.S.C.
33	881(e) and any related regulations adopted by the United States
34	Department of Justice must be deposited into a nonreverting fund and
35	may be expended only with the approval of:
36	(1) the executive (as defined in IC 36-1-2-5), if the money is
37	received by a local law enforcement agency; or
38	(2) the governor, if the money is received by a law enforcement
39	agency in the executive branch.
40	The money received under this subsection must be used solely for the
41	benefit of any agency directly participating in the seizure or forfeiture



for purposes consistent with federal laws and regulations.

SECTION 157. IC 34-30-2-45.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.120-2002, SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 45.5. IC 12-16-4.5-6 and after June 30, 2004, IC 12-16.1-4-6 (Concerning persons who aid a patient in completing an application for assistance under the hospital care for the indigent program).

SECTION 158. IC 34-30-2-45.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.120-2002, SECTION 48, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 45.7. IC 12-16-5.5-2 and after June 30, 2004, IC 12-16.1-5-2 (Concerning hospitals for providing information verifying indigency of patient).

SECTION 159. IC 34-30-2-45.8, AS ADDED BY P.L.181-2003, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 45.8. IC 12-18-8-7 and IC 12-18-8-12 IC 12-18-8-8 (Concerning an entity or a person who in good faith provides a record or report to information that is included in a fatality review performed by a local domestic violence fatality review team). or members of a local domestic violence fatality review team and persons who attend a meeting of a local child fatality review team as invitees of the chairperson).

SECTION 160. IC 34-30-2-45.9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.120-2002, SECTION 49, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 45.9. IC 12-16-13.5-1 and after June 30, 2004, IC 12-16.1-12-1 (Concerning hospitals or persons providing services under the hospital care for the indigent program).

SECTION 161. IC 34-30-2-54 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 54. IC 14-16-1-28 (Concerning landowners or tenants of property used by persons operating off-road recreational vehicles): vehicles for recreational purposes).

SECTION 162. IC 34-30-2-129.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 129.2. IC 30-2-8.6-32 (Concerning the custodial trustee and beneficiary of a custodial trust).

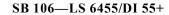
SECTION 163. IC 34-30-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2003, SECTION 90, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. If a person or entity, other than a person or entity listed in subdivisions (1) through (10), enters into a written agreement to use space in an armory for a function, the following persons and entities are not liable for civil damages for any property damage or bodily injury resulting from the serving of food or beverages

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1 2

1	at the function held at the armory:
2	(1) The state.
3	(2) The Indiana army national guard.
4	(3) The Indiana air national guard.
5	(4) The army national guard of the United States.
6	(5) The air national guard of the United States.
7	(6) The adjutant general appointed under IC 10-16-2-6.
8	(7) The assistant adjutants general appointed under IC 10-16-2-7.
9	(8) The officers and enlisted members of the Indiana army
10	national guard and the Indiana air national guard.
11	(9) The state armory board appointed under IC 10-10-16-3-1
12	IC 10-16-3-1 and the members of that board.
13	(10) The local armory board appointed under IC 10-16-4-1 for the
14	armory and the members of that board.
15	SECTION 164. IC 34-30-15-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-1999,
16	SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. The immunities granted by sections 15
18	through 20 of this chapter shall not extend to any person who violates
19	the confidentiality requirements of sections 1 through 14 13 of this
20	chapter.
21	SECTION 165. IC 35-41-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2002,
22	SECTION 149, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as otherwise
24	provided in this section, a prosecution for an offense is barred unless
25	it is commenced:
26	(1) within five (5) years after the commission of the offense, in
27	the case of a Class B, Class C, or Class D felony; or
28	(2) within two (2) years after the commission of the offense, in
29	the case of a misdemeanor.
30	(b) A prosecution for a Class B or Class C felony that would
31	otherwise be barred under this section may be commenced within one
32	(1) year after the earlier of the date on which the state:
33	(1) first discovers the identity of the offender with DNA
34	(deoxyribonucleic acid) evidence; or
35	(2) could have discovered the identity of the offender with DNA
36	(deoxyribonucleic acid) evidence by the exercise of due diligence.
37	However, for a Class B or Class C felony in which the state first
38	discovered the identity of an offender with DNA (deoxyribonucleic
39	acid) evidence after the time otherwise allowed for prosecution and
40	before July 1, 2001, the one (1) year period provided in this subsection
41	is extended to July 1, 2002.
42	(c) A prosecution for a Class A felony may be commenced at any



1	time.	
2	(d) A prosecution for murder may be commenced:	
3	(1) at any time; and	
4	(2) regardless of the amount of time that passes between:	
5	(A) the date a person allegedly commits the elements of	
6	murder; and	
7	(B) the date the alleged victim of the murder dies.	
8	(e) A prosecution for the following offenses is barred unless	
9	commenced before the date that the alleged victim of the offense	_
10	reaches thirty-one (31) years of age:	4
11	(1) IC 35-42-4-3(a) (Child molesting).	
12	(2) IC 35-42-4-5 (Vicarious sexual gratification).	
13	(3) IC 35-42-4-6 (Child solicitation).	
14	(4) IC 35-42-4-7 (Child seduction).	
15	(5) IC 35-46-1-3 (Incest).	
16	(f) Notwithstanding subsection (e)(1), a prosecution for child	
17	molesting under IC 35-42-4-3(c) or IC 35-42-4-3(d) where a person	
18	who is at least sixteen (16) years of age allegedly commits the offense	
19	against a child who is not more than two (2) years younger than the	
20	older person, is barred unless commenced within five (5) years after the	
21	commission of the offense.	
22	(g) (f) A prosecution for forgery of an instrument for payment of	
23	money, or for the uttering of a forged instrument, under IC 35-43-5-2,	
24	is barred unless it is commenced within five (5) years after the maturity	
25	of the instrument.	
26	(h) (g) If a complaint, indictment, or information is dismissed	
27	because of an error, defect, insufficiency, or irregularity, a new	
28	prosecution may be commenced within ninety (90) days after the	
29	dismissal even if the period of limitation has expired at the time of	
30	dismissal, or will expire within ninety (90) days after the dismissal.	
31	(i) (h) The period within which a prosecution must be commenced	
32	does not include any period in which:	
33	(1) the accused person is not usually and publicly resident in	
34	Indiana or so conceals himself that process cannot be served on	
35	him;	
36	(2) the accused person conceals evidence of the offense, and	
37	evidence sufficient to charge him with that offense is unknown to	
38	the prosecuting authority and could not have been discovered by	
39	that authority by exercise of due diligence; or	
40	(3) the accused person is a person elected or appointed to office	
41	under statute or constitution, if the offense charged is theft or	
42	conversion of public funds or bribery while in public office.	



1 2	(j) (i) For purposes of tolling the period of limitation only, a prosecution is considered commenced on the earliest of these dates:	
3	(1) The date of filing of an indictment, information, or complaint	
4	before a court having jurisdiction.	
5	(2) The date of issuance of a valid arrest warrant.	
6	(3) The date of arrest of the accused person by a law enforcement	
7	officer without a warrant, if the officer has authority to make the	
8	arrest.	
9	(k) (j) A prosecution is considered timely commenced for any	
10	offense to which the defendant enters a plea of guilty, notwithstanding	
11	that the period of limitation has expired.	
12	SECTION 166. IC 35-42-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2003,	
13	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
14	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) A person who knowingly or	
15	intentionally touches another person in a rude, insolent, or angry	
16	manner commits battery, a Class B misdemeanor. However, the offense	
17	is:	
18	(1) a Class A misdemeanor if:	
19	(A) it results in bodily injury to any other person;	
20	(B) it is committed against a law enforcement officer or	
21	against a person summoned and directed by the officer while	
22	the officer is engaged in the execution of his official duty;	
23	(C) it is committed against an employee of a penal facility or	
24	a juvenile detention facility (as defined in IC 31-9-2-71) while	
25	the employee is engaged in the execution of the employee's	
26	official duty;	,
27	(D) it is committed against a firefighter (as defined in	
28	IC 9-18-34-1) while the firefighter is engaged in the execution	
29	of the firefighter's official duty; or	
30	(E) it is committed against a community policing volunteer:	
31	(i) while the volunteer is performing the duties described in	
32	IC 35-41-1-4.7; or	
33	(ii) because the person is a community policing volunteer;	
34	(2) a Class D felony if it results in bodily injury to:	
35	(A) a law enforcement officer or a person summoned and	
36	directed by a law enforcement officer while the officer is	
37	engaged in the execution of his official duty;	
38	(B) a person less than fourteen (14) years of age and is	
39	committed by a person at least eighteen (18) years of age;	
40	(C) a person of any age who is mentally or physically disabled	
41	and is committed by a person having the care of the mentally	
42	or physically disabled person, whether the care is assumed	



1	voluntarily or because of a legal obligation;	
2	(D) the other person and the person who commits the battery	
3	was previously convicted of a battery in which the victim was	
4	the other person;	
5	(E) an endangered adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2);	
6	(F) an employee of the department of correction while the	
7	employee is engaged in the execution of the employee's	
8	official duty;	
9	(G) an employee of a school corporation while the employee	
10	is engaged in the execution of the employee's official duty;	
11	(H) a correctional professional while the correctional	
12	professional is engaged in the execution of the correctional	
13	professional's official duty;	
14	(I) a person who is a health care provider (as defined in	
15	IC 16-18-2-163) while the health care provider is engaged in	_
16	the execution of the health care provider's official duty;	
17	(J) an employee of a penal facility or a juvenile detention	
18	facility (as defined in IC 31-9-2-71) while the employee is	
19	engaged in the execution of the employee's official duty;	
20	(K) a firefighter (as defined in IC 9-18-34-1) while the	
21	firefighter is engaged in the execution of the firefighter's	
22	official duty; or	
23	(L) a community policing volunteer:	
24	(i) while the volunteer is performing the duties described in	_
25	IC 35-41-1-4.7; or	
26	(ii) because the person is a community policing volunteer;	
27	(3) a Class C felony if it results in serious bodily injury to any	
28	other person or if it is committed by means of a deadly weapon;	V
29	(4) a Class B felony if it results in serious bodily injury to a	
30	person less than fourteen (14) years of age and is committed by a	
31	person at least eighteen (18) years of age; and	
32	(5) a Class A felony if it results in the death of a person less than	
33	fourteen (14) years of age and is committed by a person at least	
34	eighteen (18) years of age.	
35	(6) a Class C felony if it results in serious bodily injury to an	
36	endangered adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2); and	
37	(7) a Class B felony if it results in the death of an endangered	
38	adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2).	
39	(b) For purposes of this section:	
40	(1) "law enforcement officer" includes an alcoholic beverage	
41	enforcement officer; and	
42	(2) "correctional professional" means a:	



1	(A) probation officer;
2	(B) parole officer;
3	(C) community corrections worker; or
4	(D) home detention officer.
5	SECTION 167. IC 35-47-2.5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) The state
7	police department shall provide its response to a requesting dealer
8	under section 6 of this chapter during the dealer's call, or by return call
9	without delay.
10	(b) If a criminal history check indicates that a prospective purchaser
11	or transferee has a disqualifying criminal record or has been acquitted
12	by reason of insanity and committed to the custody of the division of
13	mental health, the state police department has until the end of the next
14	business day of the state police department to advise the dealer that the
15	records indicate the buyer or transferee is prohibited from possessing
16	or transporting a firearm by state or federal law.
17	(c) If a dealer:
18	(1) is not advised of a prohibition before the end of the next
19	business day of the state police department; and
20	(2) has fulfilled the requirements of section 4 of this chapter;
21	the dealer may immediately complete the sale or transfer and may not
22	be considered in violation of this chapter with respect to the sale or
23	transfer.
24	(d) In case of electronic failure or other circumstances beyond the
25	control of the state police department, the dealer shall be advised
26	immediately of the reason for the delay and be given an estimate of the
27	length of the delay. However, after a notification under this subsection,
28	the state police department shall inform the requesting dealer whether
29	state police department records indicate the buyer or transferee is
30	prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal
31	law: not later than:
32	(1) by the end of the next business day of the state police
33	department following correction of the problem that caused the
34	delay; or
35	(2) within three (3) business days of the state police department;
36	whichever is time limit occurs earlier.
37	(e) A dealer that fulfills the requirements of section 4 of this chapter
38	and is told by the state police department that a response will not be
39	available under subsection (d) may immediately complete the sale or
40	transfer and may not be considered in violation of this chapter with
41	respect to the sale or transfer.

SECTION 168. IC 36-4-3-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2003,



1 2	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) Except as provided in subsections (e)
3	and (g), at the hearing under section 12 of this chapter, the court shall
4	order a proposed annexation to take place if the following requirements
5	are met:
6	(1) The requirements of either subsection (b) or (c).
7	(2) The requirements of subsection (d).
8	(b) The requirements of this subsection are met if the evidence
9	establishes the following:
10	(1) That the territory sought to be annexed is contiguous to the
11	municipality.
12	(2) One (1) of the following:
13	(A) The resident population density of the territory sought to
14	be annexed is at least three (3) persons per acre.
15	(B) Sixty percent (60%) of the territory is subdivided.
16	(C) The territory is zoned for commercial, business, or
17	industrial uses.
18	(c) The requirements of this subsection are met if the evidence
19	establishes the following:
20	(1) That the territory sought to be annexed is contiguous to the
21	municipality as required by section 1.5 of this chapter, except that
22	at least one-fourth (1/4), instead of one-eighth (1/8), of the
23	aggregate external boundaries of the territory sought to be
24	annexed must coincide with the boundaries of the municipality.
25	(2) That the territory sought to be annexed is needed and can be
26	used by the municipality for its development in the reasonably
27	near future.
28	(d) The requirements of this subsection are met if the evidence
29	establishes that the municipality has developed and adopted a written
30	fiscal plan and has established a definite policy, by resolution of the
31	legislative body as set forth in section 3.1 of this chapter. The fiscal
32	plan must show the following:
33	(1) The cost estimates of planned services to be furnished to the
34	territory to be annexed. The plan must present itemized estimated
35	costs for each municipal department or agency.
36	(2) The method or methods of financing the planned services. The
37	plan must explain how specific and detailed expenses will be
38	funded and must indicate the taxes, grants, and other funding to
39	be used.
40	(3) The plan for the organization and extension of services. The
41	plan must detail the specific services that will be provided and the



dates the services will begin.

1	(4) That planned services of a noncapital nature, including police
2	protection, fire protection, street and road maintenance, and other
3	noncapital services normally provided within the corporate
4	boundaries, will be provided to the annexed territory within one
5	(1) year after the effective date of annexation and that they will be
6	provided in a manner equivalent in standard and scope to those
7	noncapital services provided to areas within the corporate
8	boundaries regardless of similar topography, patterns of land use,
9	and population density.
10	(5) That services of a capital improvement nature, including street
11	construction, street lighting, sewer facilities, water facilities, and
12	stormwater drainage facilities, will be provided to the annexed
13	territory within three (3) years after the effective date of the
14	annexation in the same manner as those services are provided to
15	areas within the corporate boundaries, regardless of similar
16	topography, patterns of land use, and population density, and in
17	a manner consistent with federal, state, and local laws,
18	procedures, and planning criteria.
19	(e) a At the hearing under section 12 of this chapter, the court shall
20	do the following:
21	(1) Consider evidence on the conditions listed in subdivision (2).
22	(2) Order a proposed annexation not to take place if the court
23	finds that all of the following conditions exist in the territory
24	proposed to be annexed:
25	(A) The following services are adequately furnished by a
26	provider other than the municipality seeking the annexation:
27	(i) Police and fire protection.
28	(ii) Street and road maintenance.
29	(B) The annexation will have a significant financial impact on
30	the residents or owners of land.
31	(C) The annexation is not in the best interests of the owners of
32	land in the territory proposed to be annexed as set forth in
33	subsection (f).
34	(D) One (1) of the following opposes the annexation:
35	(i) At least sixty-five percent (65%) of the owners of land in
36	the territory proposed to be annexed.
37	(ii) The owners of more than seventy-five percent (75%) in
38	assessed valuation of the land in the territory proposed to be
39	annexed.
40	Evidence of opposition may be expressed by any owner of land
41	in the territory proposed to be annexed.
42	(f) The municipality under subsection (e)(2)(C) bears the burden of



1	proving that the annexation is in the best interests of the owners of land
2	in the territory proposed to be annexed. In determining this issue, the
3	court may consider whether the municipality has extended sewer or
4	water services to the entire territory to be annexed:
5	(1) within the three (3) years preceding the date of the
6	introduction of the annexation ordinance; or
7	(2) under a contract in lieu of annexation entered into under
8	IC 36-4-3-21.
9	The court may not consider the provision of water services as a result
0	of an order by the Indiana utility regulatory commission to constitute
1	the provision of water services to the territory to be annexed.
2	(g) This subsection applies only to cities located in a county having
3	a population of more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less
4	than three hundred thousand (300,000). However, this subsection does
5	not apply if on April 1, 1993, the entire boundary of the territory that
6	is proposed to be annexed was contiguous to territory that was within
7	the boundaries of one (1) or more municipalities. At the hearing under
8	section 12 of this chapter, the court shall do the following:
9	(1) Consider evidence on the conditions listed in subdivision (2).
20	(2) Order a proposed annexation not to take place if the court
21	finds that all of the following conditions exist in the territory
22	proposed to be annexed:
23	(A) The following services are adequately furnished by a
24	provider other than the municipality seeking the annexation:
2.5	(i) Police and fire protection.
26	(ii) Street and road maintenance.
27	(B) The annexation will have a significant financial impact on
28	the residents or owners of land.
29	(C) One (1) of the following opposes the annexation:
0	(i) A majority of the owners of land in the territory proposed
31	to be annexed.
32	(ii) The owners of more than seventy-five percent (75%) in
33	assessed valuation of the land in the territory proposed to be
34	annexed.
35	Evidence of opposition may be expressed by any owner of land
66	in the territory proposed to be annexed.
37	(h) The most recent:
8	(1) federal decennial census;
19	(2) federal special census;
10	(3) special tabulation; or
1	(4) corrected population count;
-2	shall be used as evidence of resident population density for purposes



1	of subsection (b)(2)(A), but this evidence may be rebutted by other
2	evidence of population density.
3	SECTION 169. IC 36-7-11.5-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2003,
4	SECTION 62, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) Except as otherwise specified in this
6	chapter, the commission has all of the powers and responsibilities of a
7	historic preservation commission established under IC 36-7-11.
8	(b) The commission shall do the following:
9	(1) Designate a fiscal agent who must be the fiscal officer of one
10	(1) of the towns to which this chapter applies.
11	(2) Employ professional staff to necessary to assist the
12	commission in carrying out its duties.
13	(3) Engage consultants, attorneys, accountants, and other
14	professionals necessary to carry out the commission's duties.
15	(4) Jointly approve, with the Indiana gaming commission, the
16	location and exterior design of a riverboat to be operated in the
17	historic hotel district.
18	(5) Make recommendations to the Indiana gaming commission
19	concerning the selection of an operating agent (as defined in
20	IC 4-33-2-14.5) that the commission believes will:
21	(A) promote the most economic development in the area
22	surrounding the historic hotel district; and
23	(B) best serve the interests of the residents of the county in
24	which the historic hotel district is located and all other citizens
25	of Indiana.
26	(6) Make recommendations to the Indiana gaming commission
27	concerning the operation and management of the riverboat to be
28	operated in the county.
29	(c) This section does not limit the powers of the Indiana gaming
30	commission with respect to the administration and regulation of
31	riverboat gaming under IC 4-33.
32	SECTION 170. IC 36-7-11.5-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2003,
33	SECTION 62, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) As used in this section, "fund" refers
35	to the West Baden Springs historic hotel preservation and maintenance
36	fund established by subsection (b).
37	(b) The West Baden Springs historic hotel preservation and
38	maintenance fund is established. The fund consists of the following:
39	(1) Amounts deposited in the fund under IC 4-33-12-6(c) and
40	IC 4-33-13-5(b).
41	(2) Grants and gifts that the department of natural resources

receives for the fund under terms, obligations, and liabilities that



1	the department considers appropriate.
2	(3) The one million dollar (\$1,000,000) initial fee paid to the
3	gaming commission under IC 4-33-6.5.
4	The fund shall be administered by the department of natural resources.
5	The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from money in
6	the fund.
7	(c) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund that is
8	not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same
9	manner as other public funds may be invested. The treasurer of state
10	shall deposit in the fund the interest that accrues from the investment
11	of the fund.
12	(d) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert
13	to the state general fund.
14	(e) No money may be appropriated from the fund except as provided
15	in this subsection. The general assembly may appropriate interest
16	accruing to the fund to the department of natural resources only for the
17	following purposes:
18	(1) To maintain the parts of a qualified historic hotel that were
19	restored before July 1, 2003.
20	(2) To maintain the grounds surrounding a qualified historic hotel.
21	No money may be appropriated from the fund for restoration purposes
22	if the restoration is to occur after July 1, 2003.
23	SECTION 171. IC 36-8-7.5-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19. All pensions,
25	annuities, and benefits payable out of the 1953 fund are exempt from
26	seizure or levy upon attachment, garnishment, execution, and all other
27	process. Except as provided in section 23 of this chapter, pensions,
28	annuities, and benefits are not subject to sale, assignment, or transfer
29	by a beneficiary.
30	SECTION 172. IC 36-8-10-16.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2003,
31	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16.5. (a) As used in this section, "dies in the
33	line of duty" has the meaning set forth in IC 5-10-10-2.
34	(b) This section applies to the survivors of an eligible employee who
35	dies in the line of duty.
36	(c) After December 31, 2003, the department that employed the
37	eligible employee who died in the line of duty shall offer to provide and
38	pay for health insurance coverage for the eligible employee's surviving
39	spouse and for each natural child, stepchild, or adopted child of the
40	eligible employee:

(1) until the child becomes eighteen (18) years of age;

(2) until the child becomes twenty-three (23) years of age, if the



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1	child is enrolled in and regularly attending a secondary school or	
2	is a full-time student at an accredited college or university; or	
3	(3) during the entire period of the child's physical or mental	
4	disability;	
5	whichever period is longest. If health insurance coverage is offered by	
6	the unit to an eligible employee, the health insurance provided to a	
7	surviving spouse or child under this subsection must be equal in	
8	coverage to that offered to an eligible employee. The offer to provide	
9	and pay for health insurance cover coverage shall remain open for as	4
10	long as there is a surviving spouse or as long as a natural child,	
11	stepchild, or adopted child of the eligible employee is eligible for	
12	coverage under subdivision (1), (2), or (3).	
13	SECTION 173. IC 36-8-13-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.95-2003,	
14	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
15	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The executive of a township, with the	
16	approval of the legislative body, may do the following:	
17	(1) Purchase firefighting and emergency services apparatus and	
18	equipment for the township, provide for the housing, care,	
19	maintenance, operation, and use of the apparatus and equipment	
20	to provide services within the township but outside the corporate	
21	boundaries of municipalities, and employ full-time or part-time	
22 23	personnel to operate the apparatus and equipment and to provide	
23 24	services in that area. Preference in employment under this section	
24 25	shall be given according to the following priority:  (A) A war veteran who has been honorably discharged from	
25 26	the United States armed forces.	
20 27	(B) A person whose mother or father was a:	
28	(i) firefighter of a unit;	
29	(ii) municipal police officer; or	
30	(iii) county police officer;	
31	who died in the line of duty (as defined in IC 5-10-10-2).	
32	A person described in this subdivision many may not receive a	
33	preference for employment unless the person applies for	
34	employment and meets all employment requirements prescribed	
35	by law, including physical and age requirements, and all	
36	employment requirements prescribed by the fire department.	
37	(2) Contract with a municipality in the township or in a	
38	contiguous township that maintains adequate firefighting or	
39	emergency services apparatus and equipment to provide fire	
40	protection or emergency services for the township in accordance	
41	with IC 36-1-7.	

(3) Cooperate with a municipality in the township or in a



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1	contiguous township in the purchase, maintenance, and upkeep of
2	firefighting or emergency services apparatus and equipment for
3	use in the municipality and township in accordance with
4	IC 36-1-7.
5	(4) Contract with a volunteer fire department that has been
6	organized to fight fires in the township for the use and operation
7	of firefighting apparatus and equipment that has been purchased
8	by the township in order to save the private and public property
9	of the township from destruction by fire, including use of the
10	apparatus and equipment in an adjoining township by the
11	department if the department has made a contract with the
12	executive of the adjoining township for the furnishing of
13	firefighting service within the township.
14	(5) Contract with a volunteer fire department that maintains
15	adequate firefighting service in accordance with IC 36-8-12.
16	(b) This subsection applies only to townships that provide fire
17	protection or emergency services or both under subsection (a)(1) and
18	to municipalities that have all municipal territory completely within a
19	township and do not have a full-time paid fire department. A township
20	may provide fire protection or emergency services or both without
21	contracts inside the corporate boundaries of the municipalities if before
22	July 1 of a year the following occur:
23	(1) The legislative body of the municipality adopts an ordinance
24	to have the township provide the services without a contract.
25	(2) The township legislative body passes a resolution approving
26	the township's provision of the services without contracts to the
27	municipality.
28	In a township providing services to a municipality under this section,
29	the legislative body of either the township or a municipality in the
30	township may opt out of participation under this subsection by adopting
31	an ordinance or a resolution, respectively, before July 1 of a year.
32	(c) This subsection applies only to a township that:
33	(1) is located in a county containing a consolidated city;
34	(2) has at least three (3) included towns (as defined in
35	IC 36-3-1-7) that have all municipal territory completely within
36	the township on January 1, 1996; and
37	(3) provides fire protection or emergency services, or both, under
38	subsection (a)(1);
39	and to included towns (as defined in IC 36-3-1-7) that have all the
40	included town's municipal territory completely within the township. A
41	township may provide fire protection or emergency services, or both,

without contracts inside the corporate boundaries of the municipalities



if before August 1 of the year preceding the first calendar year to which this subsection applies the township legislative body passes a resolution approving the township's provision of the services without contracts to the municipality. The resolution must identify the included towns to which the resolution applies. In a township providing services to a municipality under this section, the legislative body of the township may opt out of participation under this subsection by adopting a resolution before July 1 of a year. A copy of a resolution adopted under this subsection shall be submitted to the executive of each included town covered by the resolution, the county auditor, and the department of local government finance.

SECTION 174. IC 36-9-27-26.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26.5. (a) A county executive may change a regulated drain that is subject to this chapter into a drain that is subject to the jurisdiction of a drainage maintenance and repair district under IC 14-27-8.

- (b) When a drain that is subject to assessments for periodic maintenance and repair under this chapter becomes subject to the jurisdiction of a drainage maintenance and repair district under IC 14-27-8, the county treasurer shall transfer all money in the drain's maintenance fund established under IC 36-9-27-44 section 44 of this chapter to the drain's drainage maintenance fund established under IC 14-27-8-19.
- (c) The county executive shall establish procedures for the transition of a drain from administration under this chapter to administration under IC 14-27-8.

SECTION 175. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: IC 3-11-6.5-0.5; IC 3-11-15-13.5; IC 4-22-2-37.1; IC 6-2.5-6-14; IC 12-7-2-143; IC 13-11-2-85.5; IC 13-11-2-117; IC 13-11-2-265.5; IC 27-13-1-3; IC 34-30-2-55; IC 34-30-2-116.8; IC 36-9-37-2.

SECTION 176. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) IC 4-22-2.1, as added by this act, is a recodification of IC 4-22-2-37.1. The purpose of this act in adding IC 4-22-2.1 and repealing IC 4-22-2-37.1 is to redistribute the text of the former IC 4-22-2-37.1 into multiple sections within a new chapter, thereby making the text easier to read and preventing future technical conflicts of the sort that have arisen during a legislative session when multiple acts of the general assembly amended the law set forth in a single section, IC 4-22-2-37.1.

(b) A reference in a statute or rule to IC 4-22-2-37.1 shall be treated, after the effective date of the repeal of IC 4-22-2-37.1 and

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1	the addition of IC 4-22-2.1 by this act, as a reference to IC 4-22-2.1.	
2	(c) The validity of a rule adopted under IC 4-22-2-37.1 before its	
3	repeal by this act is not affected by the repeal of IC 4-22-2-37.1 by	
4	this act.	
5	(d) A rule adopted under IC 4-22-2-37.1 before its repeal by this	
6	act may be extended for one (1) extension period through the	
7	adoption of another rule under IC 4-22-2.1, as added by this act, if	
8	the rule could have been extended for one (1) extension period	
9	through the adoption of another rule under IC 4-22-2-37.1 if	
10	IC 4-22-2-37.1 had not been repealed by this act.	
11	(e) Except to the extent that:	
12	(1) this act is amended to reflect the changes made in another	
13	act that adds to, amends, or repeals a provision of	
14	IC 4-22-2-37.1 or IC 4-22-2.1; or	
15	(2) the minutes of the 2003 meetings of the code revision	
16	commission indicate a different purpose;	
17	the substantive operation and effect of the text of IC 4-22-2-37.1	
18	continue uninterrupted as if IC 4-22-2-37.1 had not repealed by	
19	this act.	
20	(f) This act, in repealing IC 4-22-2-37.1 and adding IC 4-22-2.1,	
21	does not affect:	
22	(1) any rights or liabilities accrued;	
23	(2) any penalties incurred;	
24	(3) any violations committed;	
25	(4) any proceedings begun;	
26	(5) any bonds, notes, loans, or other forms of indebtedness	
27	issued, incurred, or made;	
28	(6) any tax levies made or authorized;	V
29	(7) any funds established;	
30	(8) any patents issued;	
31	(9) the validity, continuation, or termination of any contracts,	
32	easements, or leases executed;	
33	(10) the validity, continuation, scope, termination, suspension,	
34	or revocation of:	
35	(A) permits;	
36	(B) licenses;	
37	(C) certificates of registration;	
38	(D) grants of authority; or	
39	(E) limitations of authority; or	
40	(11) the validity of court decisions entered regarding the	
41	constitutionality of any provision of the prior law;	
12	before the effective date of the reneal of IC 4-22-2-37.1 and the	



1	addition of IC 4-22-2.1. Those rights, liabilities, penalties,
2	violations, proceedings, bonds, notes, loans, other forms of
3	indebtedness, tax levies, funds, patents, contracts, easements,
4	leases, permits, licenses, certificates of registration, grants of
5	authority, and limitations of authority continue and shall be
6	imposed and enforced as under prior law as if this act had not
7	repealed IC 4-22-2-37.1 and added IC 4-22-2.1.
8	(g) This act, in repealing IC 4-22-2-37.1 and adding IC 4-22-2.1,
9	does not:
10	(1) extend or cause to expire a permit, license, certificate of
11	registration, or other grant or limitation of authority; or
12	(2) in any way affect the validity, scope, or status of a license,
13	permit, certificate of registration, or other grant or limitation
14	of authority;
15	issued under the prior law.
16	(h) This act, in repealing IC 4-22-2-37.1 and adding IC 4-22-2.1,
17	does not affect the revocation, limitation, or suspension of a permit,
18	license, certificate of registration, or other grant or limitation of
19	authority based in whole or in part on violations of the rules
20	adopted under IC 4-22-2-37.1.
21	(i) Except as provided in subsection (e)(1) and (e)(2), if the
22	literal meaning of IC 4-22-2.1 as added by this act (including a
23	literal application of an erroneous change in an internal reference)
24	would result in a substantive change in the prior law under
25	IC 4-22-2-37.1, the difference shall be construed as a
26	typographical, spelling, or other clerical error that must be
27	corrected by:
28	(1) inserting, deleting, or substituting words, punctuation, or
29	other matters of style in this act; or
30	(2) using any other rule of statutory construction;
31	as necessary or appropriate to apply IC 4-22-2.1 in a manner that
32	does not result in a substantive change in the law. The principle of
33	statutory construction that a court must apply the literal meaning
34	of an act if the literal meaning of the act is unambiguous does not
35	apply to this act in repealing IC 4-22-2-37.1 and adding
36	IC 4-22-2.1, to the extent that this act is not substantively identical
37	to the prior law.
38	(j) The inclusion in or omission from this act of a reference to
39	IC 4-22-2-37.1 before its repeal does not affect:
40	(1) any rights or liabilities accrued;
41	(2) any penalties incurred;



(3) any violations committed;

1	(4) any proceedings begun;	
2	(5) any bonds, notes, loans, or other forms of indebtedness	
3	issued, incurred, or made;	
4	(6) any tax levies made;	
5	(7) any funds established;	
6	(8) any patents issued;	
7	(9) the validity, continuation, or termination of contracts,	
8	easements, or leases executed;	
9	(10) the validity, continuation, scope, termination, suspension,	
10	or revocation of:	
11	(A) permits;	
12	(B) licenses;	
13	(C) certificates of registration;	
14	(D) grants of authority; or	
15	(E) limitations of authority; or	
16	(11) the validity of court decisions entered regarding the	
17	constitutionality of any provision of the prior law;	
18	before the effective date of the repeal of IC 4-22-2-37.1 and the	
19	addition of IC 4-22-2.1 by this act. Those rights, liabilities,	
20	penalties, violations, proceedings, bonds, notes, loans, other forms	
21	of indebtedness, tax levies, funds, patents, contracts, easements,	
22	leases, permits, licenses, certificates of registration, grants of	
23	authority, and limitations of authority continue and shall be	
24	imposed and enforced as under prior law as if IC 4-22-2-37.1 had	
25	not repealed by this act.	
26	(k) The inclusion in or omission from this act of a reference to	
27	IC 4-22-2-37.1 before its repeal does not affect the use of a violation	
28	of or noncompliance with a rule adopted under IC 4-22-2-37.1 as	V
29	the basis for the suspension or revocation of a license, permit,	
30	certificate of registration, or other grant of authority, as necessary	
31	or appropriate to apply this act in a manner that does not result in	
32	a substantive change in the law.	
33	SECTION 177. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] The amendment	
34	of IC 35-41-4-2(f) by this act does not apply to offenses committed	
35	under IC 35-42-4-3(c) and IC 35-42-4-3(d) as those provisions	
36	existed before the amendment of IC 35-42-4-3 by P.L.79-1994,	
37	SECTION 12.	
38	SECTION 178. P.L.112-2003, SECTION 2 IS AMENDED TO	
39	READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: SECTION	
40	2. (a) As used in this SECTION, "commission" refers to the fire	
41	prevention and building safety commission.	
42	(b) The commission shall consider the following criteria in adopting	



1	standards under IC 22-13-4-7, as added by this act:	
2	(1) Standards for an entrance to the dwelling unit that has the	
3	following features:	
4	(A) The entrance is designed to:	
5	(i) provide access to; and	
6	(ii) be usable by;	
7	people with physical disabilities.	
8	(B) The entrance is designed:	
9	(i) without any steps; or	
10	(ii) with a rise that is not more than one-half $(1/2)$ inch.	
11	(C) The entrance is located on a continuous unobstructed path	
12	from the entrance of the building that contains or consists of	
13	the dwelling unit to the street. The commission shall consider	
14	standards that make the path:	
15	(i) usable by a person who uses a wheelchair; and	_
16	(ii) safe for and usable by people with other physical	
17	disabilities and people without physical disabilities.	
18	The commission's standards may include curb ramps, parking	
19	access aisles, walks, ramps, or lifts.	
20	(2) Standards for doors within the dwelling that are designed to	
21	allow passage for a person described in subdivision $(1)(C)(i)$ and	
22	or (1)(C)(ii). The commission shall consider standards that	
23	require a door to have an unobstructed opening of at least	
24	thirty-six (36) inches.	_
25	(3) Standards for the location of environmental controls including	
26	the following:	
27	(A) Except as provided in clause (B), environmental controls	
28	that are located:	V
29	(i) not higher than forty-eight (48) inches; and	
30	(ii) not lower than eighteen (18) inches;	
31	on a wall.	
32	(B) If environmental controls are located directly above a	
33	counter, a sink, or an appliance, the controls shall be located	
34	not higher than three (3) inches above the counter, sink, or	
35	appliance.	
36	(4) Standards for indoor rooms that:	
37	(A) have an area of not less than seventy (70) square feet; and	
38	(B) contain no side or dimension narrower than seven (7) feet.	
39	(5) Standards for a bathroom located on the first floor of the	
40	dwelling that contains at least a toilet, a sink, and walls that may	
41	be reinforced later to allow for the installation of grab bars.	
12	(6) Standards for interior hallways that are level and at least	



1	thirty-six (36) inches wide.	
2	(c) The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 as required	
3	under IC 22-13-4-7, as added by this act, not later than January 1, 2005.	
4	(d) This SECTION expires January 1, 2006.	
5	SECTION 179. P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 199, AS AMENDED	
6	BY P.L.269-2003, SECTION 14, AND AS AMENDED BY	
7	P.L.269-2003, SECTION 15, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO	
8	READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: SECTION	
9	199. (a) This SECTION applies to a taxpayer that:	
10	(1) was subject to the gross income tax under IC 6-2.1 before	
11	January 1, 2003; and	
12	(2) has a taxable year that begins before January 1, 2003, and	
13	ends after December 31, 2002; and	
14	(3) is not subject to the adjusted gross income tax under IC 6-3	
15	in the taxpayer's taxable year.	
16	(b) A taxpayer shall file the taxpayer's estimated gross income tax	
17	return and pay the taxpayer's estimated gross income tax liability to the	
18	department of state revenue as provided in IC 6-2.1-5-1.1 <i>for due dates</i>	
19	that occur before January 1, 2003. (before its repeal).	
20	(c) Not later than April 15, 2003, a taxpayer shall file a Except as	
21	otherwise provided in 45 IAC 1.1-5-3, the final gross income tax return	
22	with the department of state revenue of a taxpayer is due on the	
23	fifteenth day of the fourth month following the end of the taxpayer's	
24	regular taxable year determined as if IC 6-2.1 had not been repealed	
25	by P.L.192-2002(ss). The taxpayer shall file the final gross income tax	
26	return on a form and in the manner prescribed by the department of	
27	state revenue. At the time of filing the final gross income tax return, a	,
28	taxpayer shall pay to the department of state revenue an amount equal	
29	to the remainder of:	
30	(1) the total gross income tax liability incurred by the taxpayer for	
31	the part of the taxpayer's taxable year that occurred in calendar	
32	year 2002; minus	
33	(2) the sum of:	
34	(A) the total amount of gross income taxes that was previously	
35	paid by the taxpayer to the department of state revenue for any	
36	quarter of that same part of the taxpayer's taxable year; plus	
37	(B) any gross income taxes that were withheld from the	
38	taxpayer for that same part of the taxpayer's taxable year under	
39	IC 6-2.1-6.	
40	(d) The department of state revenue may prescribe forms and	
41	procedures for reconciling the returns and tax due under	
42	P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 199 before the enactment of this	



amendment and the returns and tax due under P.L.192-2002(ss
SECTION 199, as amended by this SECTION. The procedures ma
include procedures for granting an automatic extension for the filin
of some or all returns due before April 16, 2003, unde
P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 199 before the enactment of th
amendment.
SECTION 190 DI 224 2003 SECTION 261 IS AMENDED TO

SECTION 180. P.L.224-2003, SECTION 261, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: SECTION 261. (a) The duties conferred on the department of commerce relating to energy policy are transferred to the office of energy policy on July 1, 2005.

- (b) The rules adopted by the department of commerce concerning energy policy before July 1, 2005, are considered, after June 30, 2005, rules of the office of energy policy until the office of energy policy adopts replacement rules.
- (c) On July 1, 2005, the office of energy policy becomes the owner of all property relating to energy policy of the department of commerce.
- (d) Any appropriations to the department of commerce relating to energy policy and any funds relating to energy policy under the control or supervision of the department of commerce on June 30, 2005, are be transferred to the control or supervision of the office of energy policy on July 1, 2005.
- (e) The legislative services agency shall prepare legislation for introduction in the 2004 regular session of the general assembly to organize and correct statutes affected by the transfer of responsibilities to the office of energy policy by this act.
  - (f) This SECTION expires January 1, 2006.

SECTION 181. P.L.264-2003, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] SECTION 15. (a) IC 6-1.1-10-16 (subject to SECTION 13 14 of this act), IC 6-1.1-10-21, and IC 14-33-7-4, all as amended by this act, apply only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2002.

SECTION 182. P.L.272-2003, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: SECTION 10. (a) This SECTION applies to certified applications for an enterprise zone inventory credit under IC 6-1.1-20.8 that were filed for property taxes due and payable in 2002.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law, the county auditor may determine that a person who filed a certified application no not later than thirty (30) days after the time established in IC 6-1.1-20.8-2.5 is eligible to receive the credit. In order to approve the application, the county auditor shall make the findings set forth in subsection (d).

C











1	(c) To apply for a determination of eligibility under this SECTION,
2	a person must file with the auditor of the county in which the person's
3	facility is located, by no not later than July 1, 2003, an application for
4	an enterprise zone inventory credit for its inventory as of March 1,
5	2001, on a form EZ-1 prescribed by the department of local
6	government finance.
7	(d) If an application for an enterprise zone inventory credit is filed
8	by a person under subsection (c), the county auditor shall, within thirty
9	(30) days after such the filing, determine whether the application
10	should be approved. The county auditor shall make the following
11	findings:
12	(1) The person applied for the credit <del>no not</del> later than thirty (30)
13	days after the time established in IC 6-1.1-20.8-2.5 and the
14	application was denied as being not timely filed.
15	(2) The application would have been approved if it had been
16	timely filed.
17	(3) Local officials support the approval of the application.
18	(4) Approval of the application will result in a significant
19	assistance payment to the applicable local zone urban enterprise
20	association.
21	(5) The approval of the application will promote economic
22	development activities in the enterprise zone.
23	(e) If the auditor approves the application, the auditor shall
24	determine the amount of the credit by calculating the person's property
25	tax liability on inventory located within an enterprise zone as of March
26	1, 2001, payable in 2002.
27	(f) Without any appropriation being required, the county auditor
28	shall issue warrants payable from the county general fund to a person
29	eligible for credit under subsection (e) in the following amounts and on
30	the following dates:
31	(1) On July 15, 2004, for an amount equal to one-half (1/2) of the
32	liability calculated under subsection (e)(1).
33	(2) On January 15, 2005, for an amount equal to one-half (1/2) of
34	the liability calculated under subsection (e)(1).
35	(g) In addition to issuing a warrant, the county auditor may choose
36	to grant the person a credit against the person's property tax liability
37	payable in 2004 and 2005 for all or a portion of the amount of the
38	credit determined in subsection (e).
39	(h) Within thirty (30) days after receiving either the credit against

property tax liability under subsection (g) or each of the warrants

issued under subsection (f), the person shall pay an amount equal to the

pro rata amount of any additional registration fee under



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1	IC 4-4-6.1-2(a)(4) and the pro rata amount of any assistance payment
2	under IC 4-4-6.1-2(b).
3	(i) This SECTION expires December 31, 2005.
4	SECTION 183. P.L.276-2003, SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO
5	READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: SECTION
6	36. (a) An advance to a charter school from the department of
7	education that is financed by a transfer by the state board of finance
8	from the abandoned property fund established in by IC 32-34-1-33 is
9	forgiven.
10	(b) This SECTION expires June 30, 2005.
11	SECTION 184. P.L.277-2003, SECTION 16 IS AMENDED TO
12	READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: SECTION
13	16. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the administrative fee fees
14	deposited into:
15	(1) the county supplemental juvenile probation services fund
16	under IC 31-40-2-1;
17	(2) the county supplemental adult probation services fund under
18	IC 35-38-2-1(f); and
19	(3) the local supplemental adult probation services fund under
20	IC 35-38-2-1(g);
21	as amended by this act shall be used to pay for salary increases required
22	under the salary schedule adopted under IC 36-2-16.5 and IC 11-13-8
23	that became effective January 1, 2004.
24	(b) Administrative fees collected that exceed the amount required
25	to pay for salary increases required under the salary schedule adopted
26	under IC 36-2-16.5 and IC 11-13-1-8 may be used in any manner
27	permitted under IC 31-40-2-2, IC 35-38-2-1(f), or IC 35-38-2-1(i).
28	SECTION 185. An emergency is declared for this act.



## COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 106, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 181, between lines 21 and 22, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 156. IC 34-24-1-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.174-1999, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 9. (a) Upon motion of a prosecuting attorney under IC 35-33-5-5(i), IC 35-33-5-5(j), property seized under this chapter must be transferred, subject to the perfected liens or other security interests of any person in the property, to the appropriate federal authority for disposition under 18 U.S.C. 981(e), 19 U.S.C. 1616a, or 21 U.S.C. 881(e) and any related regulations adopted by the United States Department of Justice.

- (b) Money received by a law enforcement agency as a result of a forfeiture under 18 U.S.C. 981(e), 19 U.S.C. 1616a, or 21 U.S.C. 881(e) and any related regulations adopted by the United States Department of Justice must be deposited into a nonreverting fund and may be expended only with the approval of:
  - (1) the executive (as defined in IC 36-1-2-5), if the money is received by a local law enforcement agency; or
  - (2) the governor, if the money is received by a law enforcement agency in the executive branch.

The money received under this subsection must be used solely for the benefit of any agency directly participating in the seizure or forfeiture for purposes consistent with federal laws and regulations.".

Page 182, between lines 41 and 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 164. IC 35-41-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2002, SECTION 149, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a prosecution for an offense is barred unless it is commenced:

- (1) within five (5) years after the commission of the offense, in the case of a Class B, Class C, or Class D felony; or
- (2) within two (2) years after the commission of the offense, in the case of a misdemeanor.
- (b) A prosecution for a Class B or Class C felony that would otherwise be barred under this section may be commenced within one (1) year after the earlier of the date on which the state:

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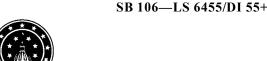








- (1) first discovers the identity of the offender with DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) evidence; or
- (2) could have discovered the identity of the offender with DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) evidence by the exercise of due diligence. However, for a Class B or Class C felony in which the state first discovered the identity of an offender with DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) evidence after the time otherwise allowed for prosecution and before July 1, 2001, the one (1) year period provided in this subsection is extended to July 1, 2002.
- (c) A prosecution for a Class A felony may be commenced at any time.
  - (d) A prosecution for murder may be commenced:
    - (1) at any time; and
    - (2) regardless of the amount of time that passes between:
      - (A) the date a person allegedly commits the elements of murder; and
      - (B) the date the alleged victim of the murder dies.
- (e) A prosecution for the following offenses is barred unless commenced before the date that the alleged victim of the offense reaches thirty-one (31) years of age:
  - (1) IC 35-42-4-3(a) (Child molesting).
  - (2) IC 35-42-4-5 (Vicarious sexual gratification).
  - (3) IC 35-42-4-6 (Child solicitation).
  - (4) IC 35-42-4-7 (Child seduction).
  - (5) IC 35-46-1-3 (Incest).
- (f) Notwithstanding subsection (e)(1), a prosecution for child molesting under IC 35-42-4-3(c) or IC 35-42-4-3(d) where a person who is at least sixteen (16) years of age allegedly commits the offense against a child who is not more than two (2) years younger than the older person, is barred unless commenced within five (5) years after the commission of the offense.
- (g) (f) A prosecution for forgery of an instrument for payment of money, or for the uttering of a forged instrument, under IC 35-43-5-2, is barred unless it is commenced within five (5) years after the maturity of the instrument.
- (h) (g) If a complaint, indictment, or information is dismissed because of an error, defect, insufficiency, or irregularity, a new prosecution may be commenced within ninety (90) days after the dismissal even if the period of limitation has expired at the time of dismissal, or will expire within ninety (90) days after the dismissal.
- (i) (h) The period within which a prosecution must be commenced does not include any period in which:











- (1) the accused person is not usually and publicly resident in Indiana or so conceals himself that process cannot be served on him;
- (2) the accused person conceals evidence of the offense, and evidence sufficient to charge him with that offense is unknown to the prosecuting authority and could not have been discovered by that authority by exercise of due diligence; or
- (3) the accused person is a person elected or appointed to office under statute or constitution, if the offense charged is theft or conversion of public funds or bribery while in public office.
- (j) (i) For purposes of tolling the period of limitation only, a prosecution is considered commenced on the earliest of these dates:
  - (1) The date of filing of an indictment, information, or complaint before a court having jurisdiction.
  - (2) The date of issuance of a valid arrest warrant.
  - (3) The date of arrest of the accused person by a law enforcement officer without a warrant, if the officer has authority to make the arrest.
- (k) (j) A prosecution is considered timely commenced for any offense to which the defendant enters a plea of guilty, notwithstanding that the period of limitation has expired.".

Page 196, between lines 20 and 21, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 176. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] The amendment of IC 35-41-4-2(f) by this act does not apply to offenses committed under IC 35-42-4-3(c) and IC 35-42-4-3(d) as those provisions existed before the amendment of IC 35-42-4-3 by P.L.79-1994, SECTION 12.".

Page 199, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 178. P.L.264-2003, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] SECTION 15. (a) IC 6-1.1-10-16 (subject to SECTION 13 14 of this act), IC 6-1.1-10-21, and IC 14-33-7-4, all as amended by this act, apply only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2002.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 106 as introduced.)

BRAY, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0.

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